

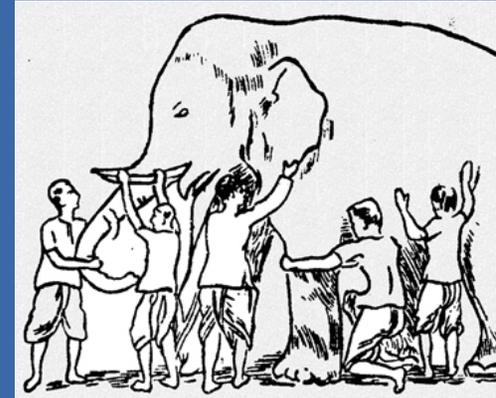
Broadband Spectroscopy of SGR J1550-5418 Bursts

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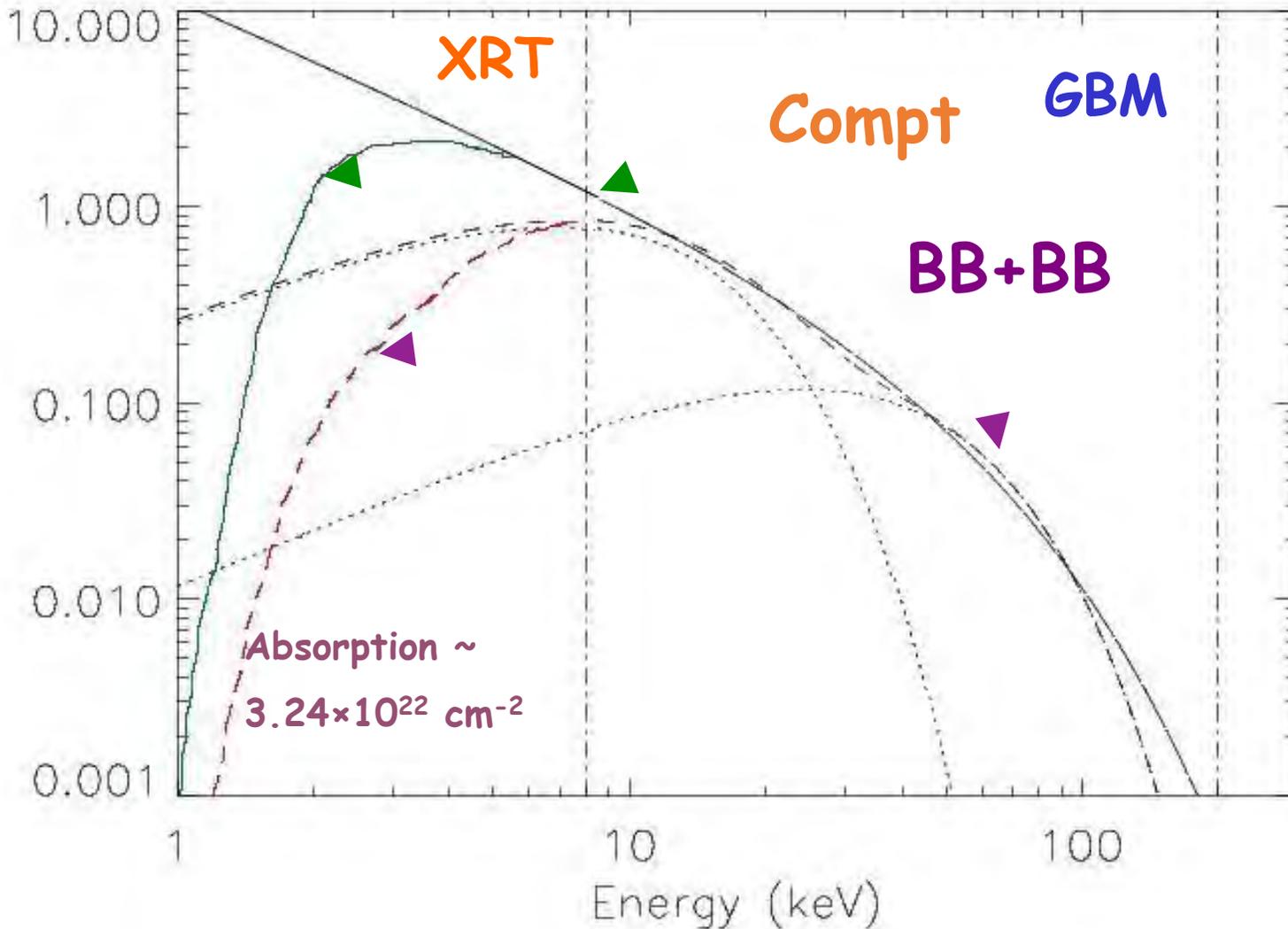
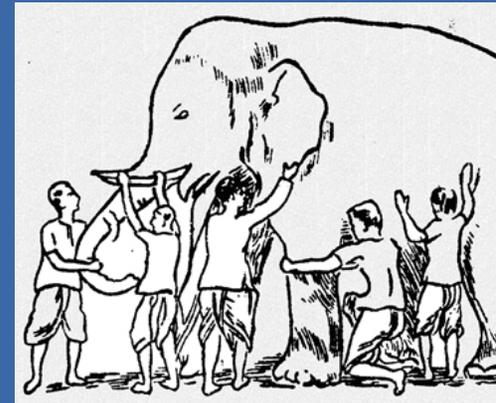
Why Broadband ?



Comptonized model (COMPT): a single power law with a high E exponential cutoff

Lin et al. 2011
Van der Horst et al. 2012

Why Broadband ?



COMPT and BB+BB
can be distinguished
the lower energy
photons are included

SGR J1550-5418

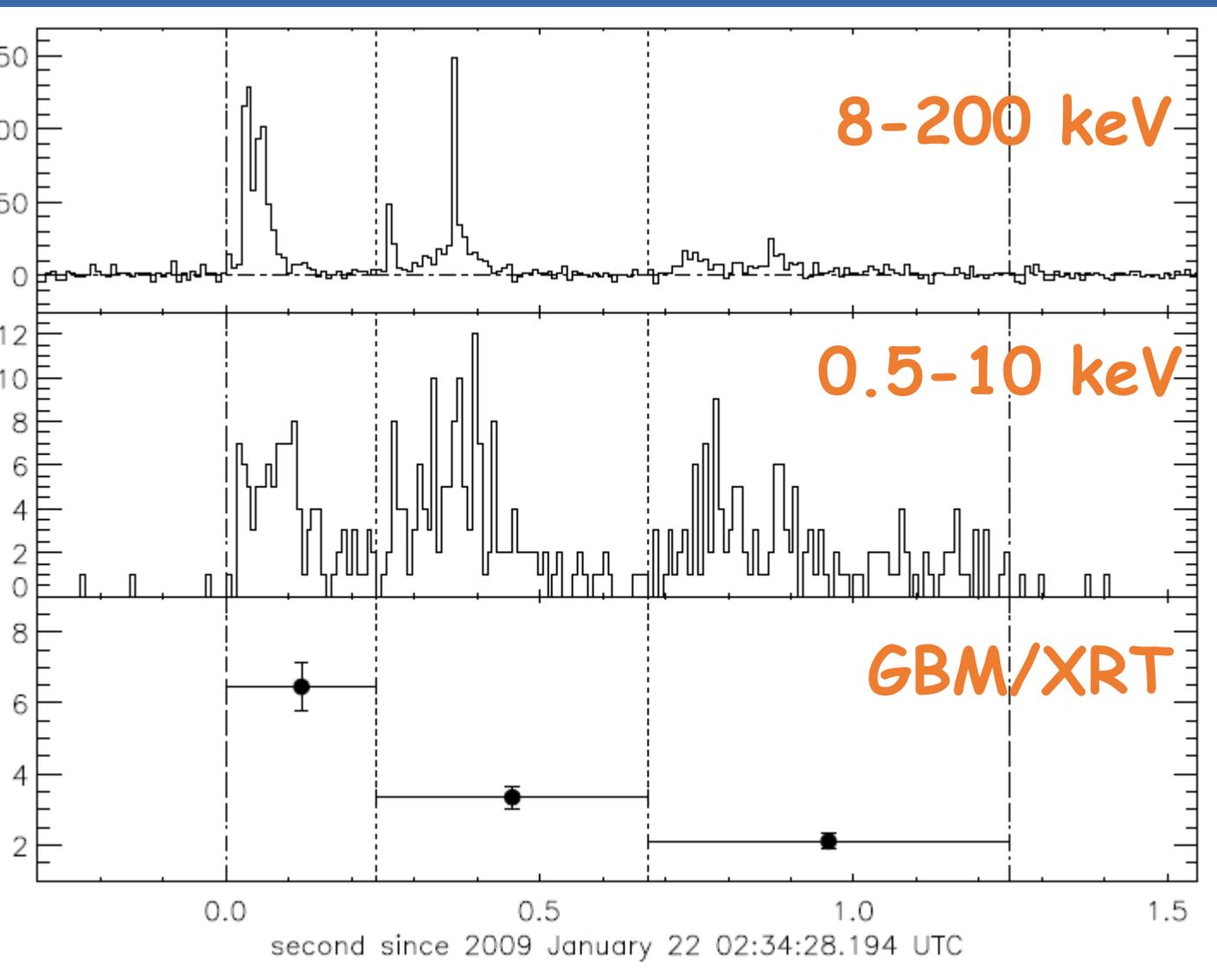
Early discovered (1981) X-ray source associate with a young supernova remnant

Observations in both radio and X-ray (2007, 2008)

- > $P = 2.096 \text{ s}$
- > $\dot{P} = 2.318 \times 10^{-11}$
- > $B = 2.2 \times 10^{14} \text{ G}$

- Detected burst emission from SGR J1550-5418 in 2008 October for the first time
- **GBM** was triggered by its burst:
 - 7 times in 2008/10/3-2008/10/2
 - 117 times in 2009/1/22-2009/2/
 - 14 times in 2009/3/22-2009/4/1
 - 128** times in total, more than 3x burst triggers from other magnetars
- During burst active episode several high energy instruments also recorded hundreds of its bursts.

XRT-GBM Simultaneous Event



42 simultaneous
burst spectra
total from
SGR J1550-541
2009 January

B+BB fits better than COMPT !

Better residuals and smaller average reduced χ^2

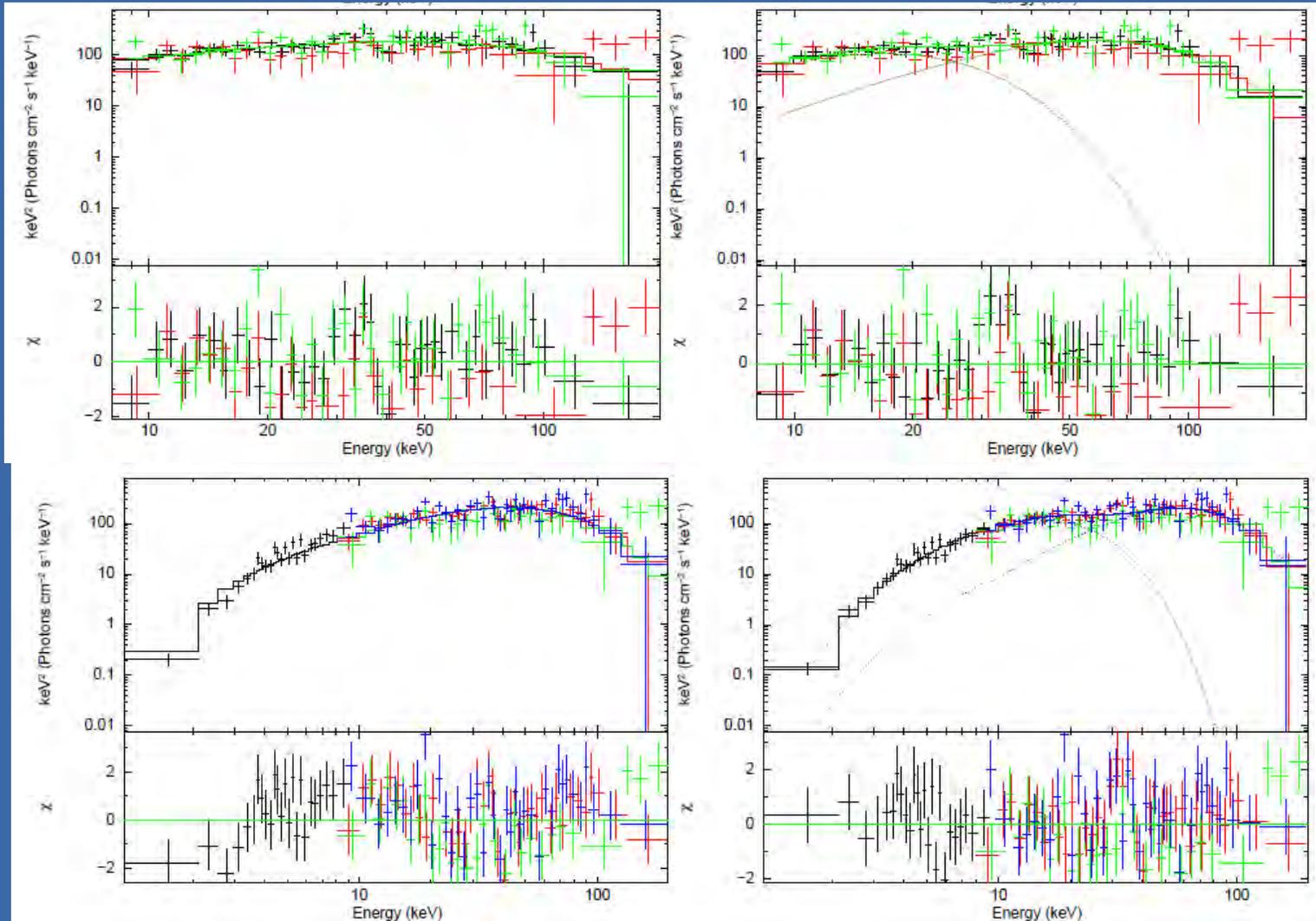
COMPT

BB+BB

χ^2 is reduced
>32 with B
model

GBM Fit

Joint Fit

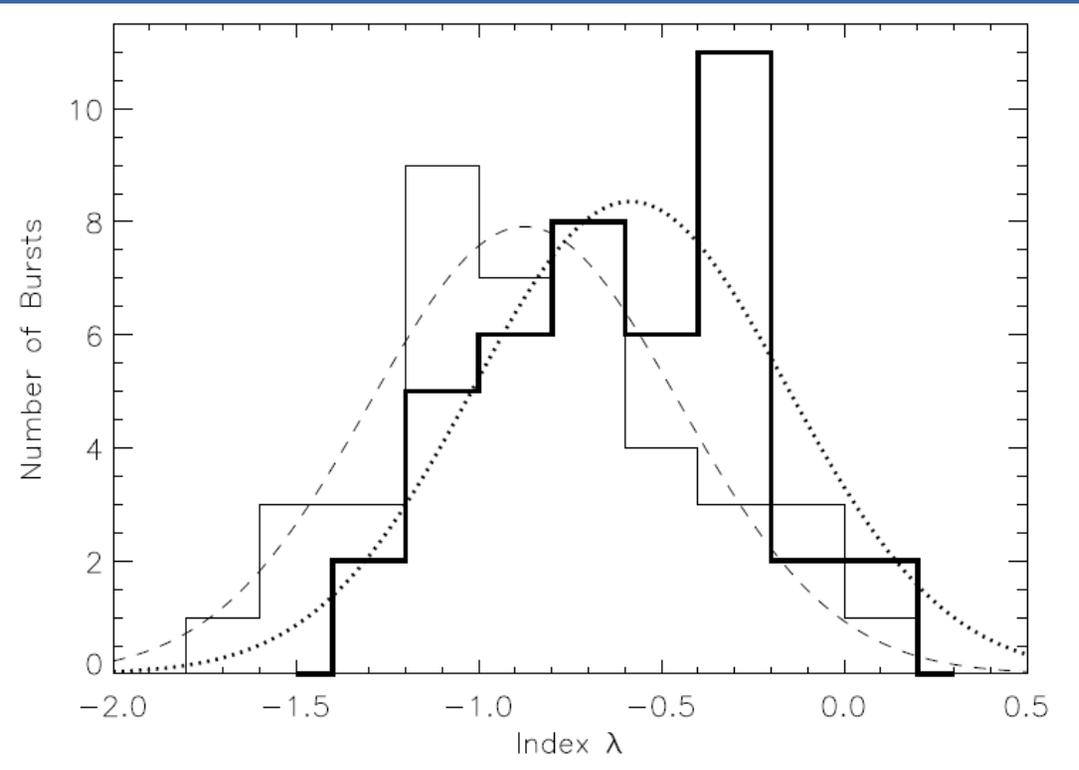


+BB fits better than COMPT !

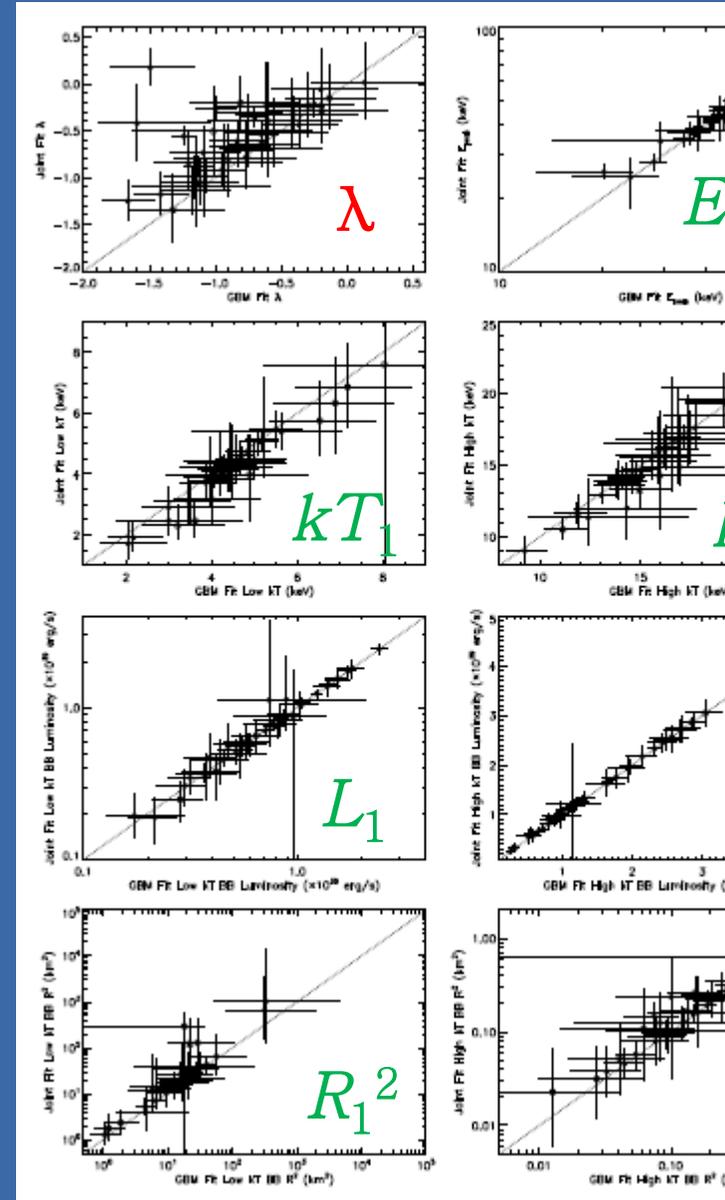
BM data only fits may over estimate low energy emission

GBM only: $\langle \lambda \rangle = -0.87 \pm 0.05$

Joint fit : $\langle \lambda \rangle = -0.58 \pm 0.09$



Joint Fit



GBM Fit

BB+BB fits better than COMPT !

Simulation

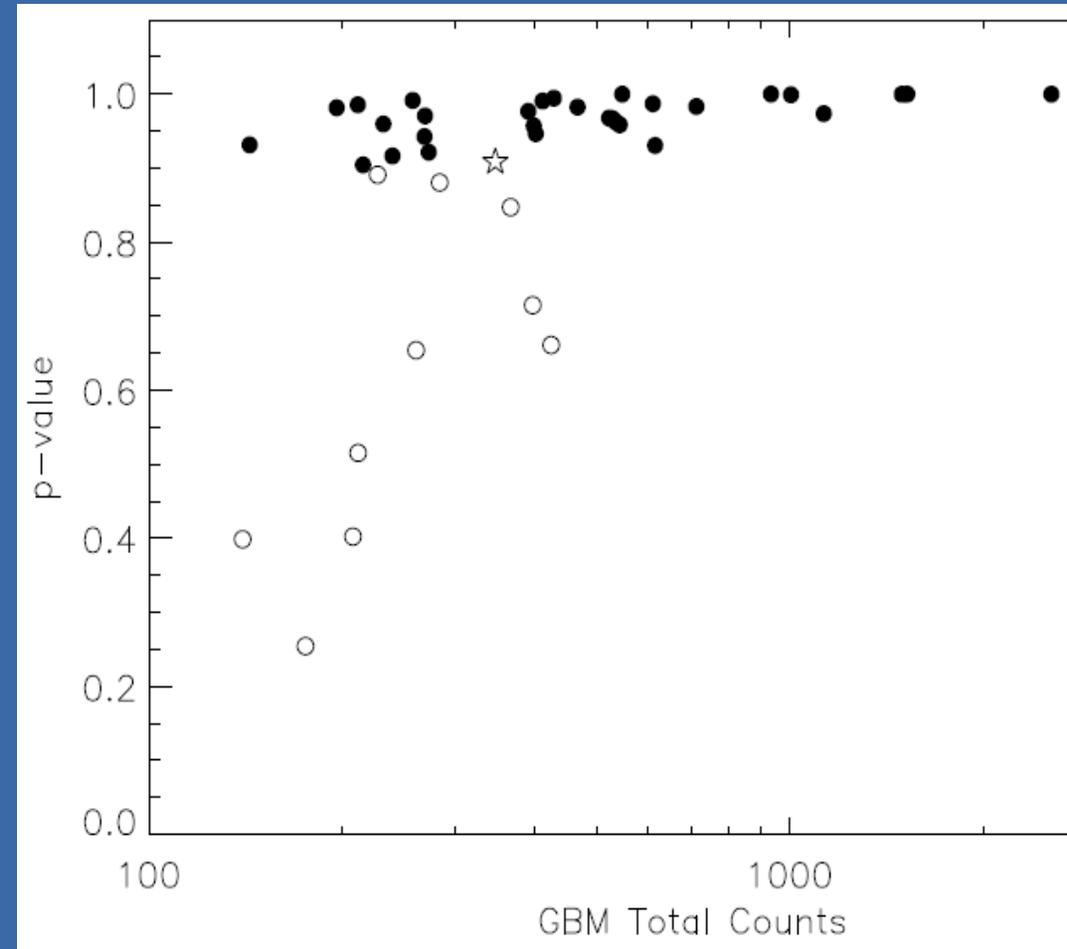
Model with smaller χ^2

The probability of the simulated spectra have a smaller χ^2 fit with the seed model

90% \rightarrow seed model significantly better than the other one

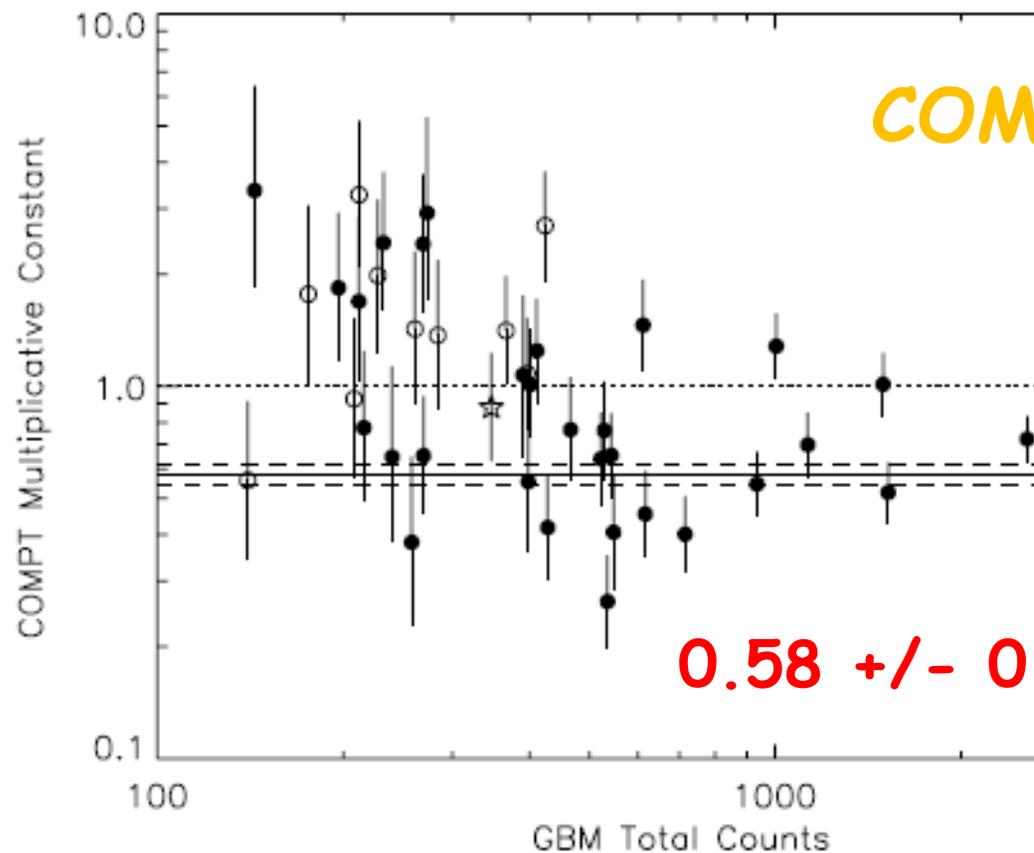
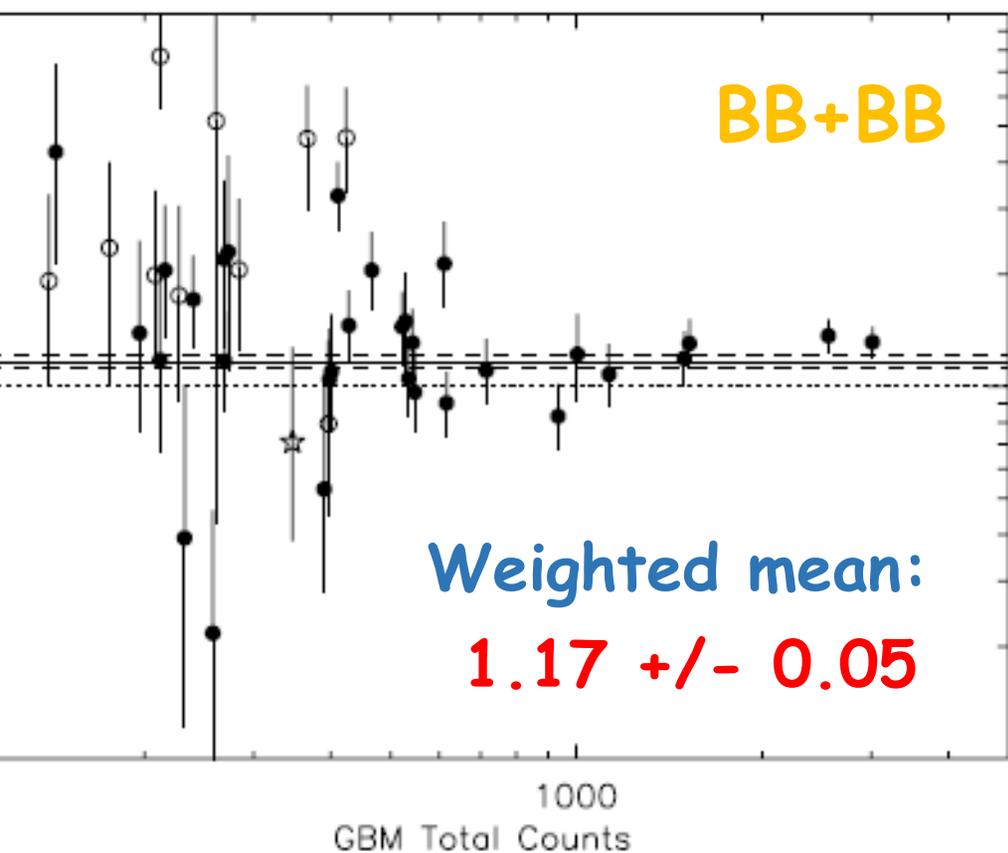
P

- BB+BB bursts : **31/42**
- Intermediate group : **10/42**
- ☆ COMPT burst : **1/42**



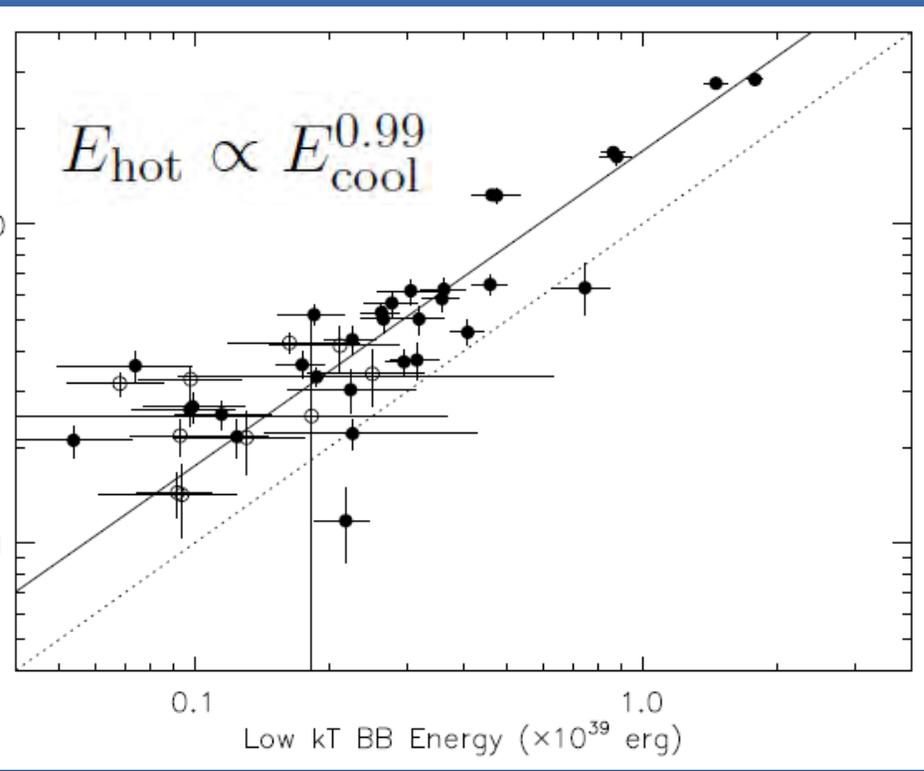
GBM Total Counts

Cross-calibration of XRT and GBM



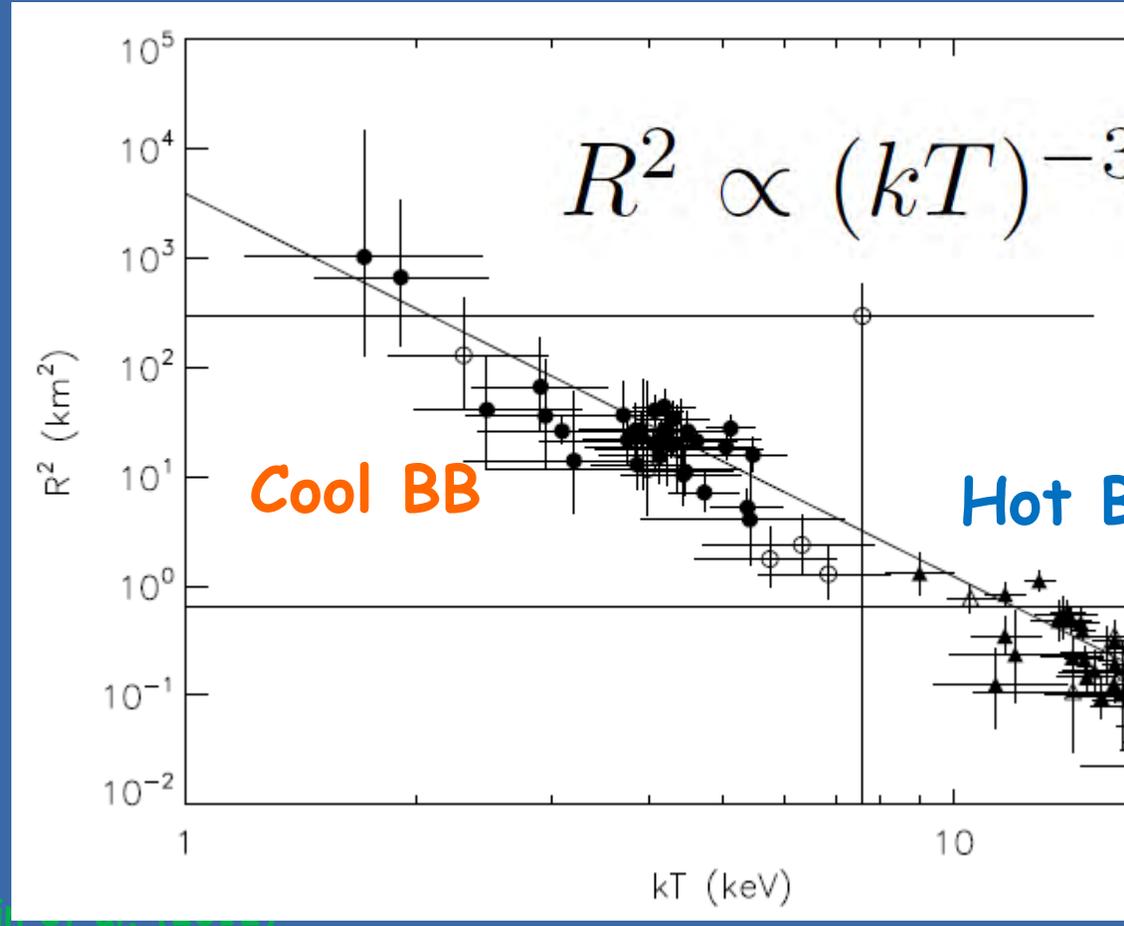
cross-calibration of XRT and GBM instruments works reasonably well within the fluence and energy range of the bursts in our sample.

BB+BB Parameters



$E_{\text{hot}} \sim 2 \times E_{\text{cool}}$

- $\langle kT_{\text{cool}} \rangle = 4.4 \pm 0.2$ keV,
- $\sigma = 0.8 \pm 0.1$ keV
- $\langle kT_{\text{hot}} \rangle = 16.0 \pm 0.4$ keV,
- $\sigma = 2.2 \pm 0.4$ keV

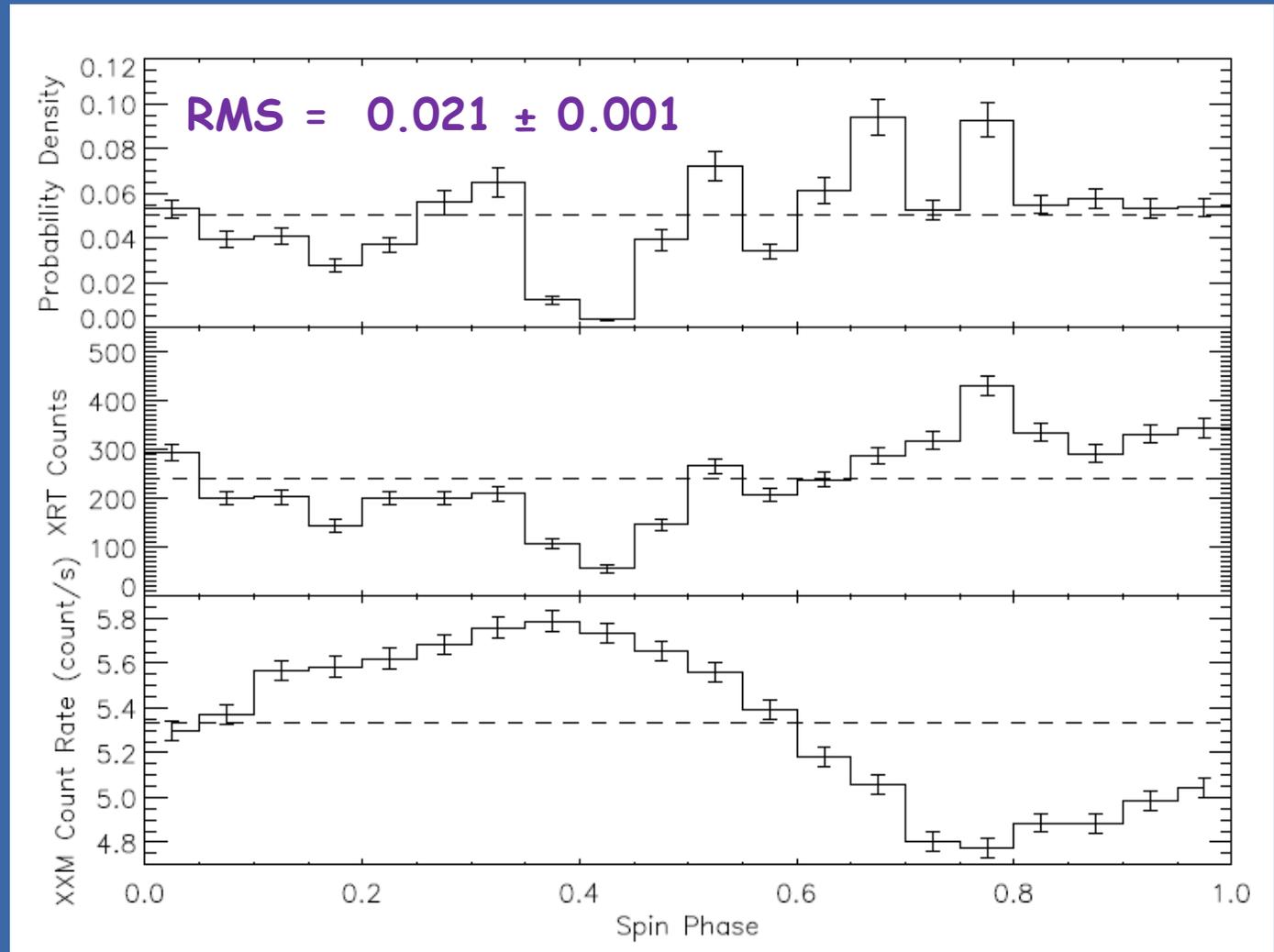


Are bursts spin phase dependent?

Probability
Density

XRT counts from
B+BB bursts

Persistent Pulse
Profile observed
with XMM-
Newton



Bursts emission region on the magnetar surface is not necessarily associated with the site persistently emitting in X-ray, and not uniform

Summary

We studied 0.5-200 keV broadband time-integrated spectra of 42 bursts observed simultaneously with Swift/XRT and Fermi/GBM from SGR J1550-5418.

BB+BB fits better than COMPT model.

XRT and GBM are well cross-calibrated from a rough study

Bursts emission region is not necessarily associated with the site persistently emitting in X-ray, and not uniform.