

Towards a new synergy between X and γ -ray astronomies

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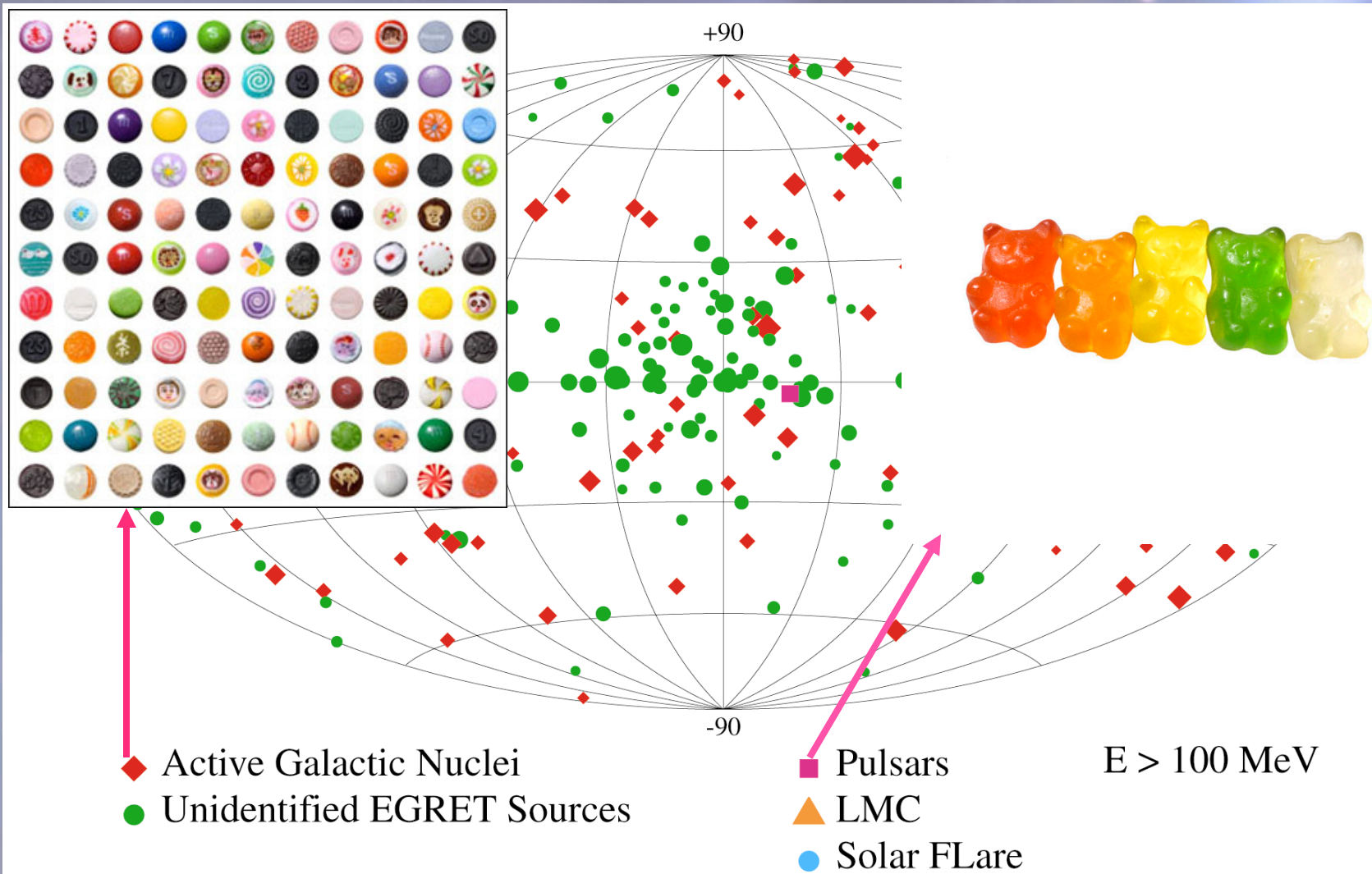
In collab. with A. DeLuca, M.Marelli, G.Bignami



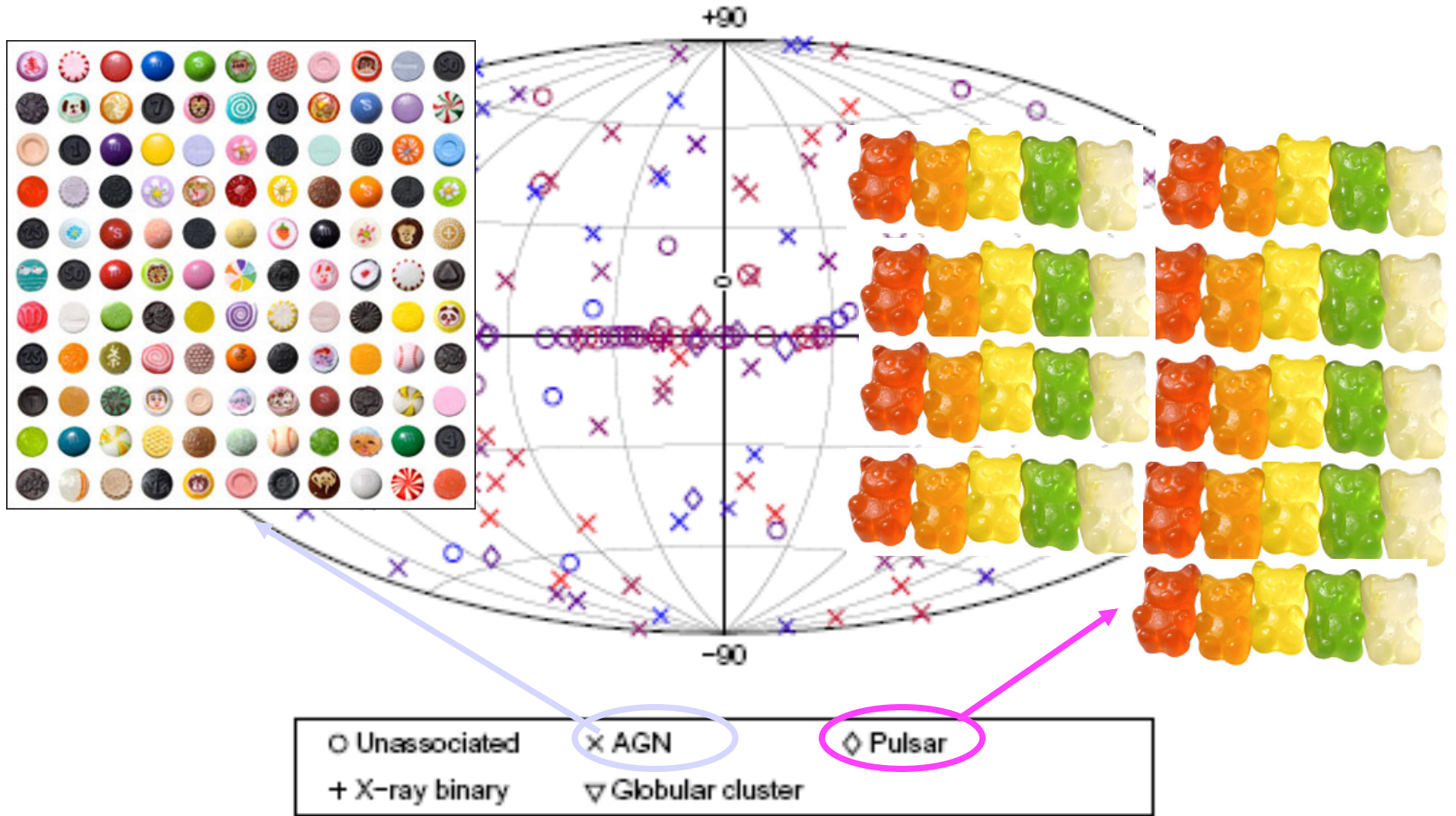
γ -ray astronomy: last century view

•271 sources

172 UGO



The current γ -ray view



A lot of new NS detections

- Many radio pulsars- (expected)
- Many msec radio pulsars- (less expected)
- Many Geminga-like NSs (expected?)

**When it comes to discover
pulsations,
can LAT do all by itself?**

Are X-ray observations useless?

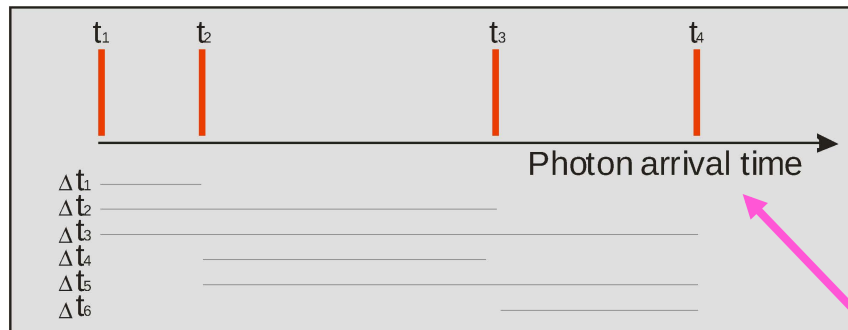
YES and NO

Time Differencing Technique

A Periodic signal will also show up in the differences of the arrival times => Calculate FT based on the time differences

Atwood et. al., *ApJ Lett.*, **652**, 49 (2006)

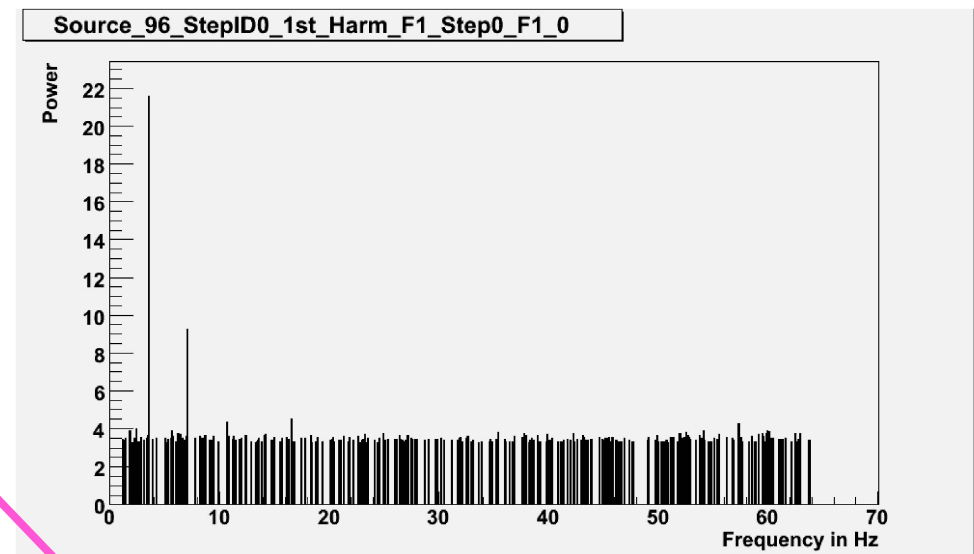
Ziegler et. al., *ApJ* **680**, 620 (2008)



Credit: M. Ziegler

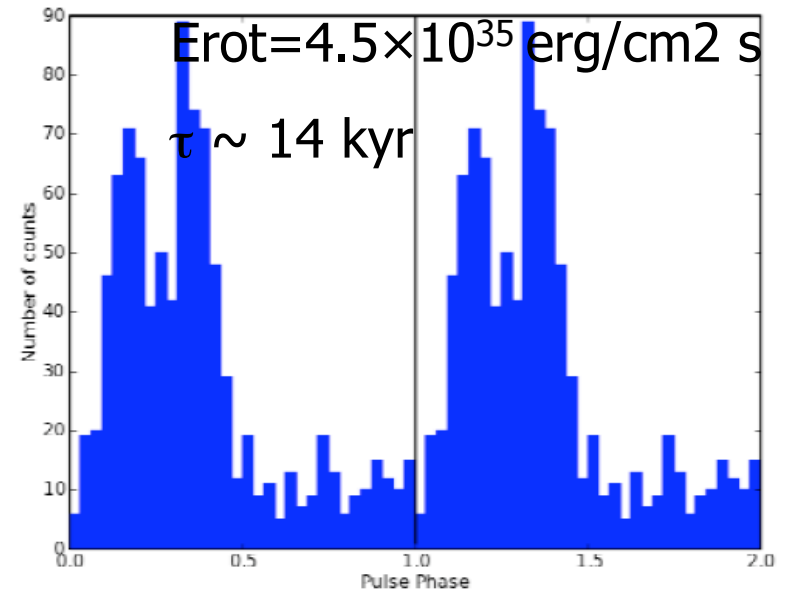
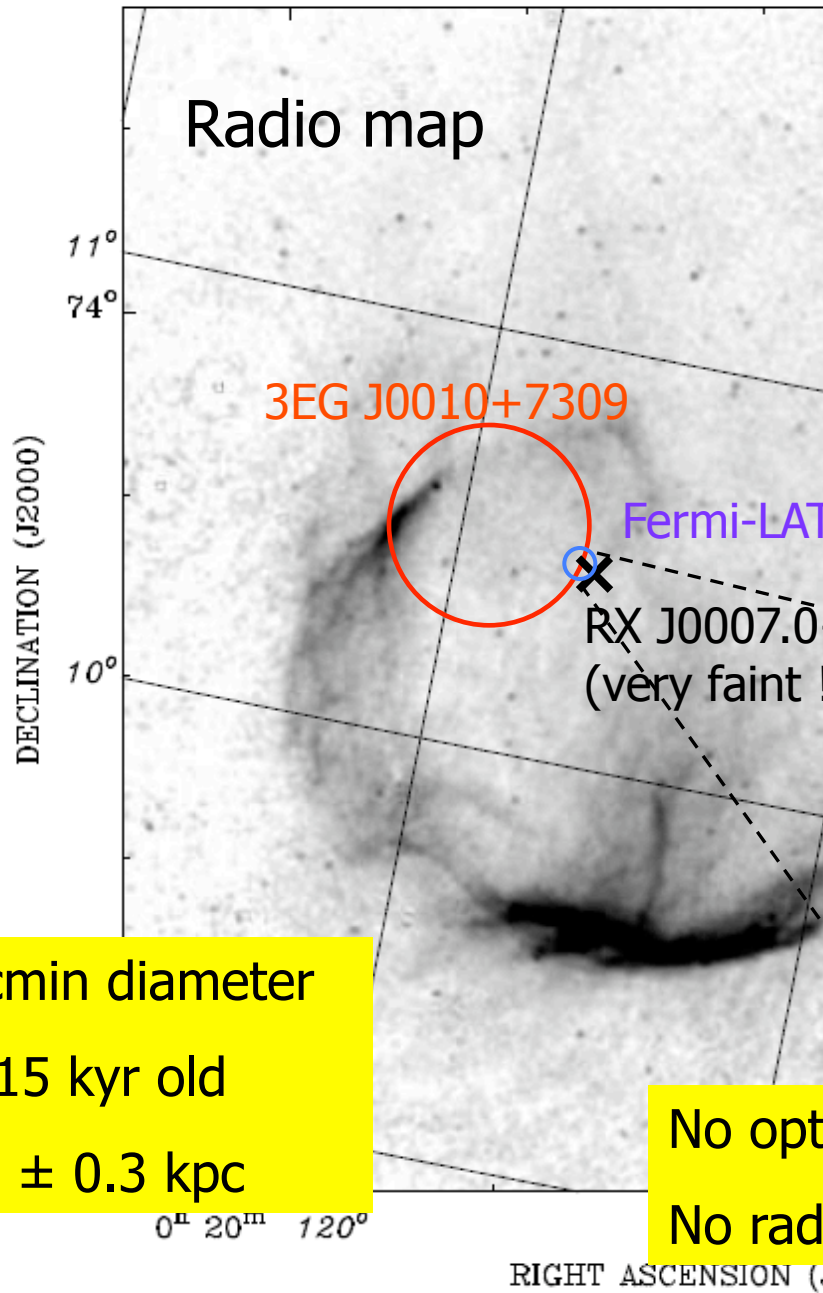
of FFT bins = $f * t_{\text{max_diff}} * 2$

PC with 2GB can handle 33×10^6 bin FFT



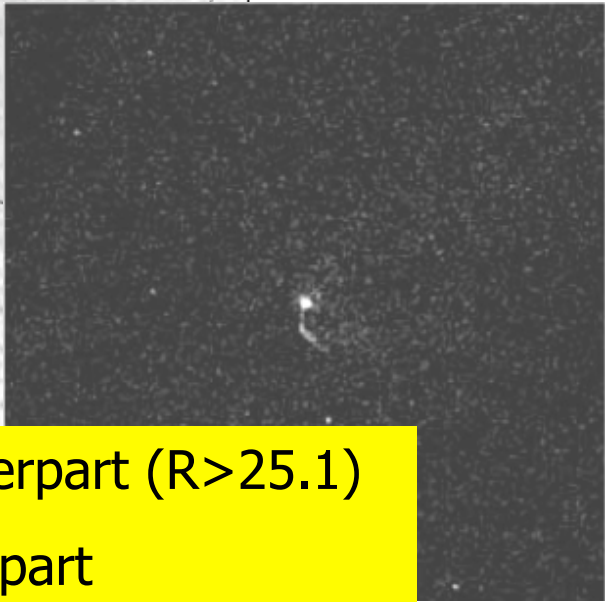
Source position

The CTA-1 supernova remnant



90 arcmin diameter
5-15 kyr old
 $1.4 \pm 0.3 \text{ kpc}$

No optical counterpart ($R > 25.1$)
No radio counterpart



The role of X-ray astronomy

Source position

Swift/XRT observations of all unexplored fields

11 PSR observed

4 possible counterparts

Source physics

XMM-Newton / Chandra follow-up of most interesting PSRs

CTA1 PSR

"Next Geminga"



XRT image of J0633

0633+0642R

98.4233 6.5708

.29739 77.7

0.0623

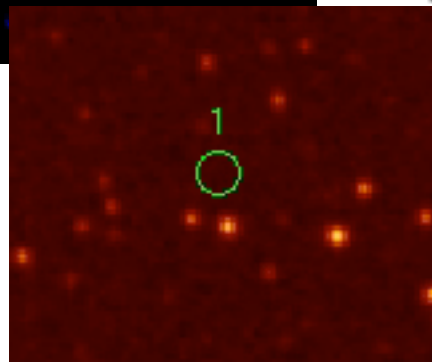
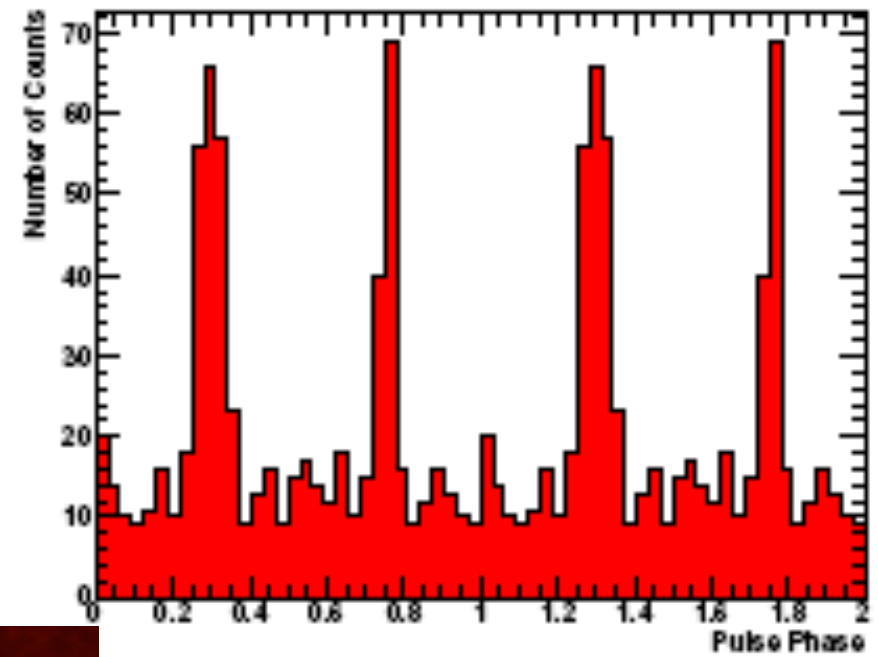
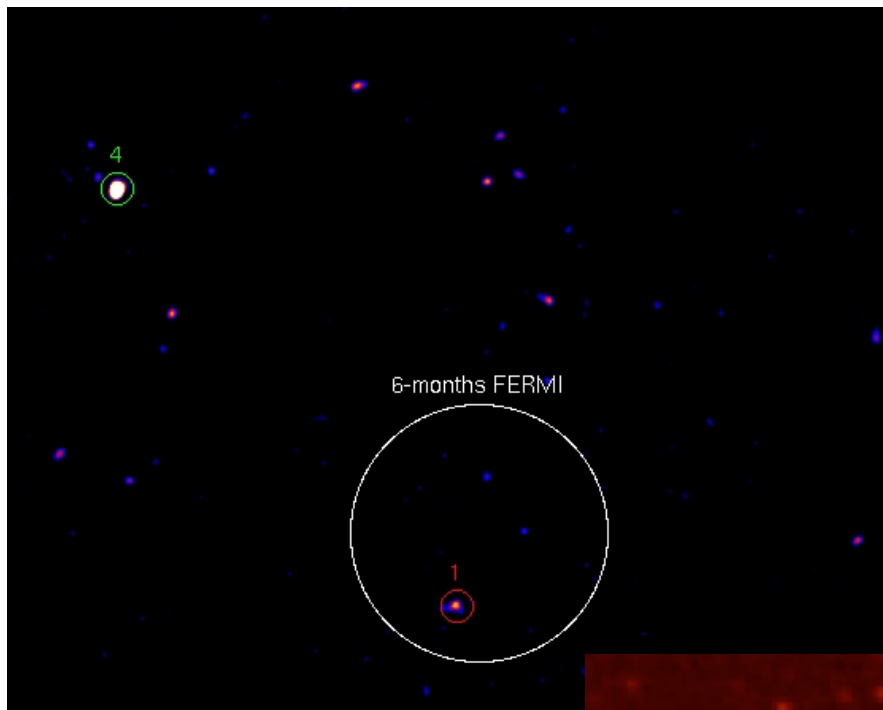
1.81

5.2E21

5.00E12

0.0531

3E-7 1.17



The role of X-ray astronomy

Source position

Swift/XRT observations of all unexplored fields

11 PSR observed

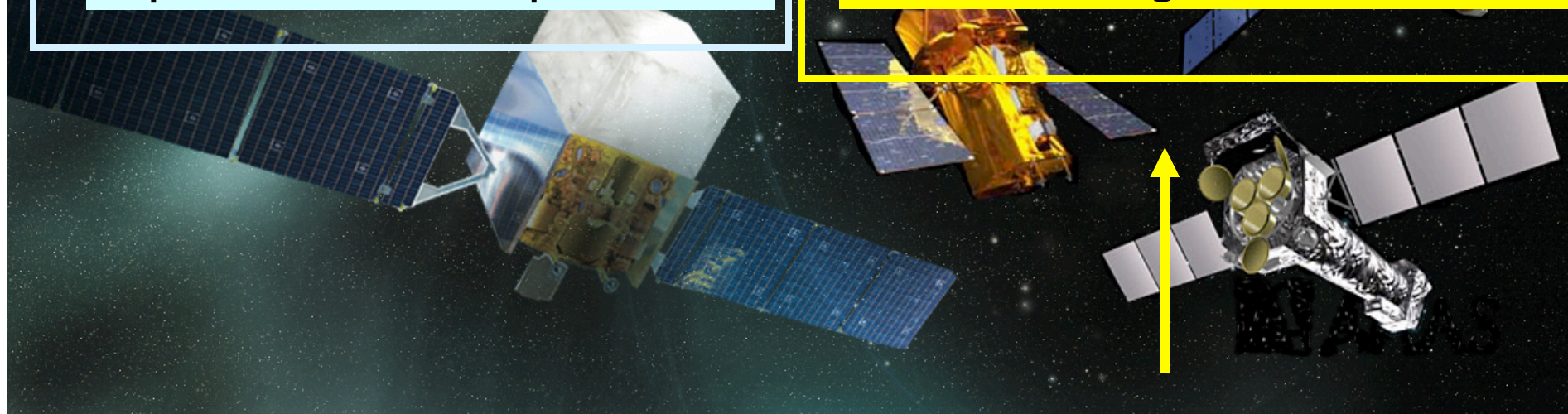
4 possible counterparts

Source physics

XMM-Newton / Chandra follow-up of most interesting PSRs

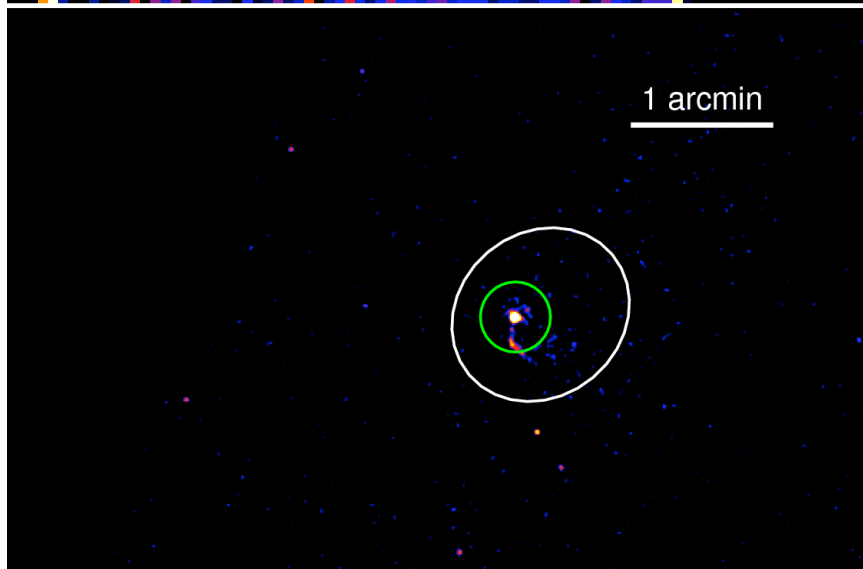
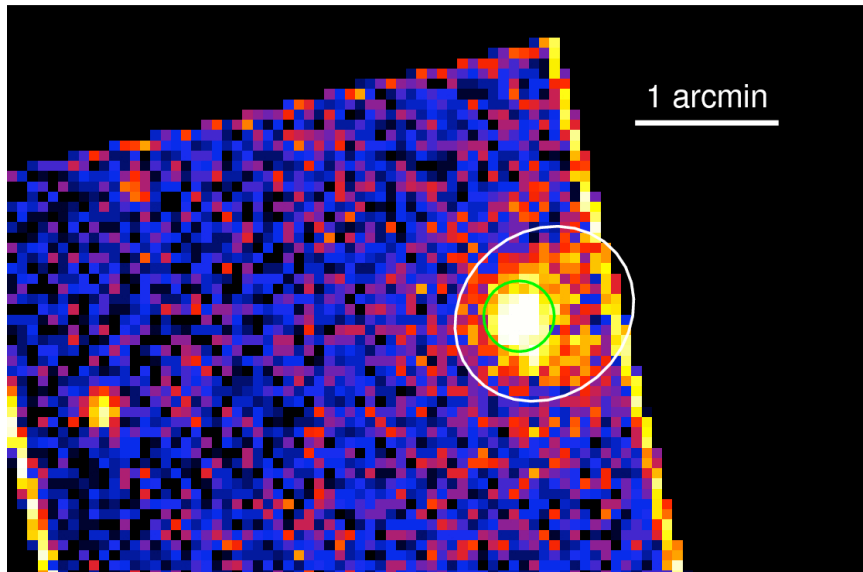
CTA1 PSR

"Next Geminga"



130 ks XMM-Newton observation

1) The PSR and the compact PWN



Discriminating PSR from PWN

Spatial-spectral deconvolution

Simultaneous spectral fit using different
EEF coefficients for PSR and PWN

PSR (point-like) \sim EPIC PSF

PWN (diffuse) \sim Chandra map

PSR: BB+PL(?)

$kT \sim 0.1$ keV,
 $r \sim 650$ m

$\Gamma \sim 1.3$

Inner PWN: PL

$\Gamma \sim 1.5$

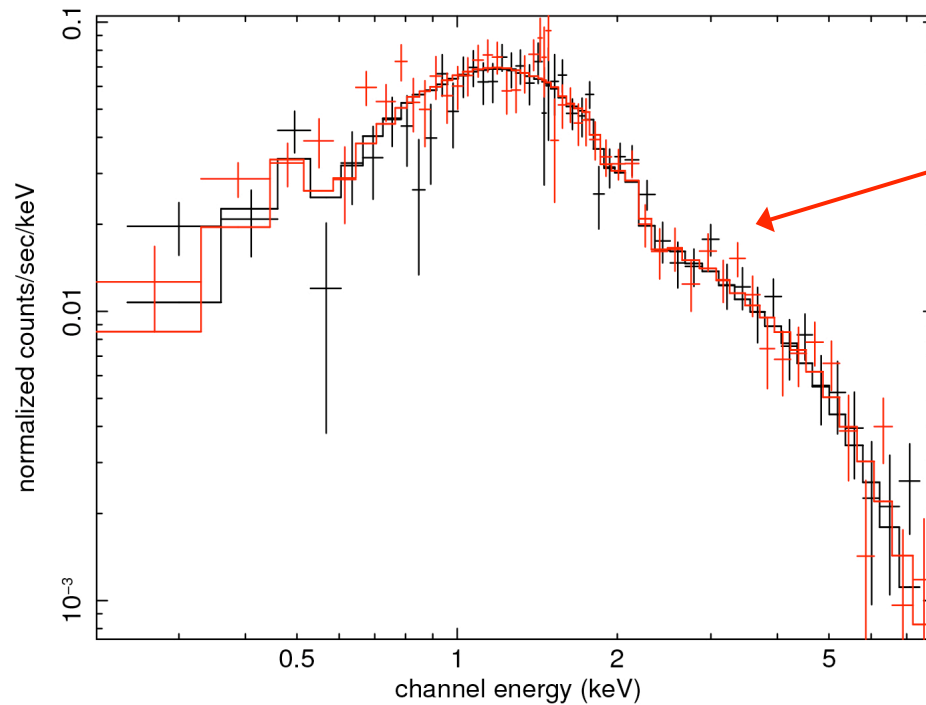
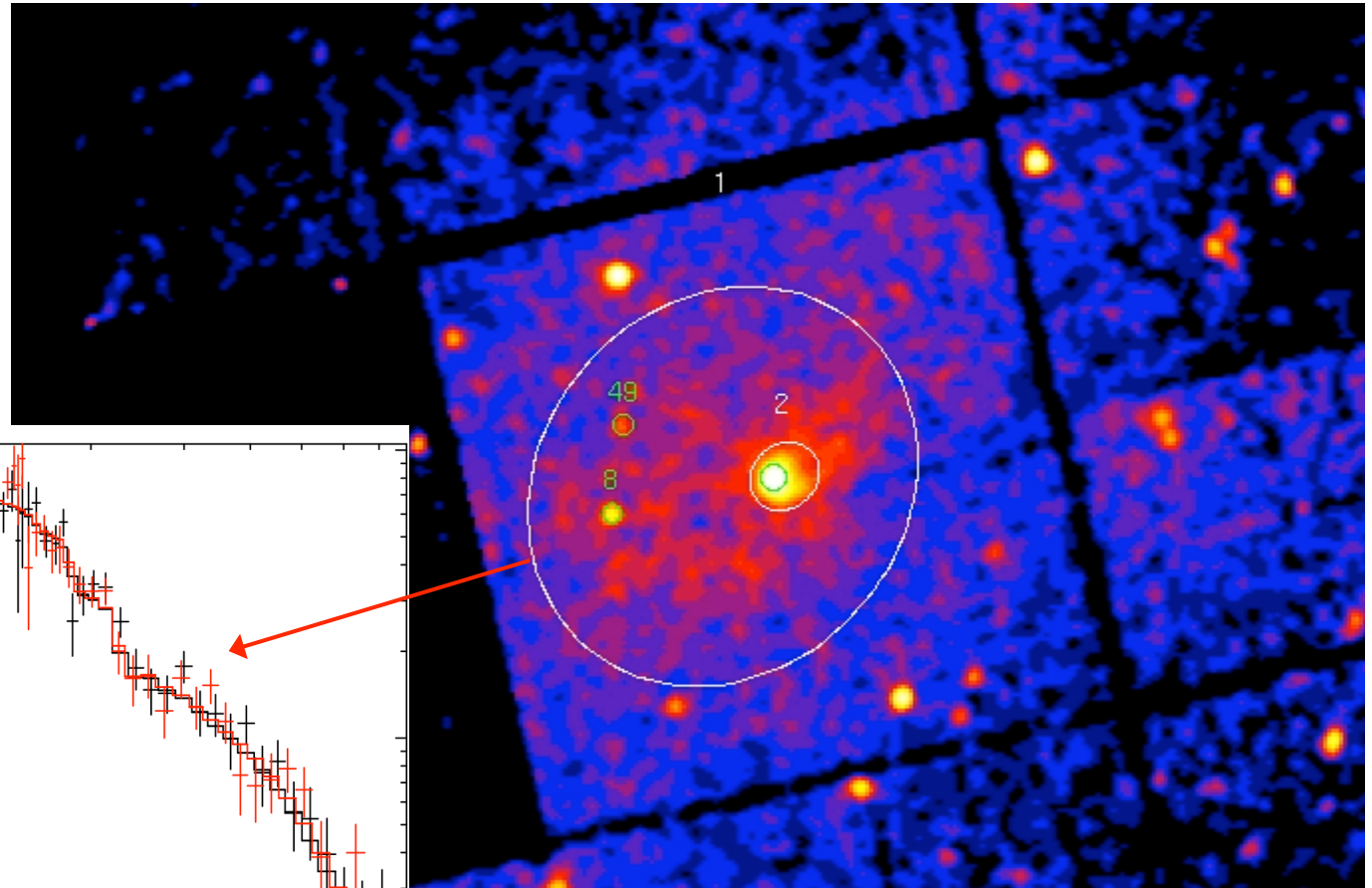
Obs.flux $1.3 \cdot 10^{-13}$ erg cm $^{-2}$ s $^{-1}$
(0.3-10 keV) 60% PSR, 40% PWN

PSR: 20% th, 80% non-th

2) The extended plerion

Already seen by
ROSAT & ASCA

(Seward et al.1995,
Slane et al.1997)



No significant thermal component
within EPIC FOV

Spectrum steepens with radius

3) Pulsations in X-rays

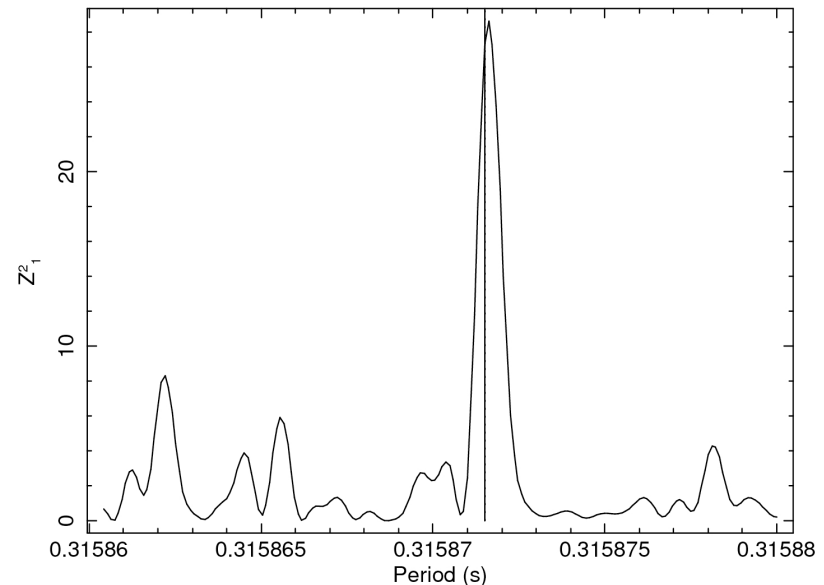
Search at LAT period
yields significant
detection

130 ks XMM not enough to
detect pulsation in blind search!

Folding with LAT
ephemeris

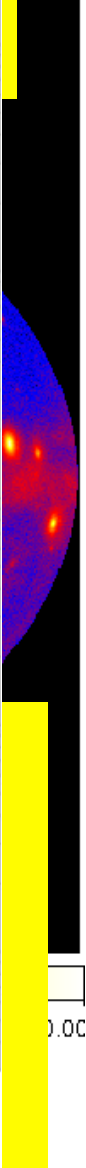
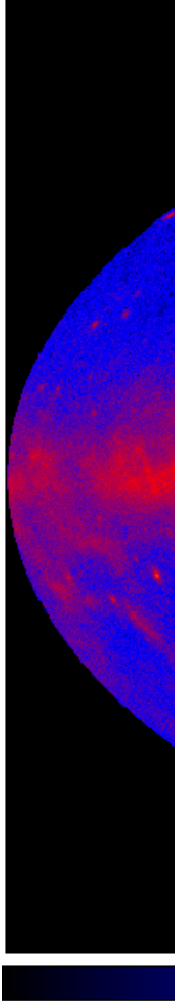
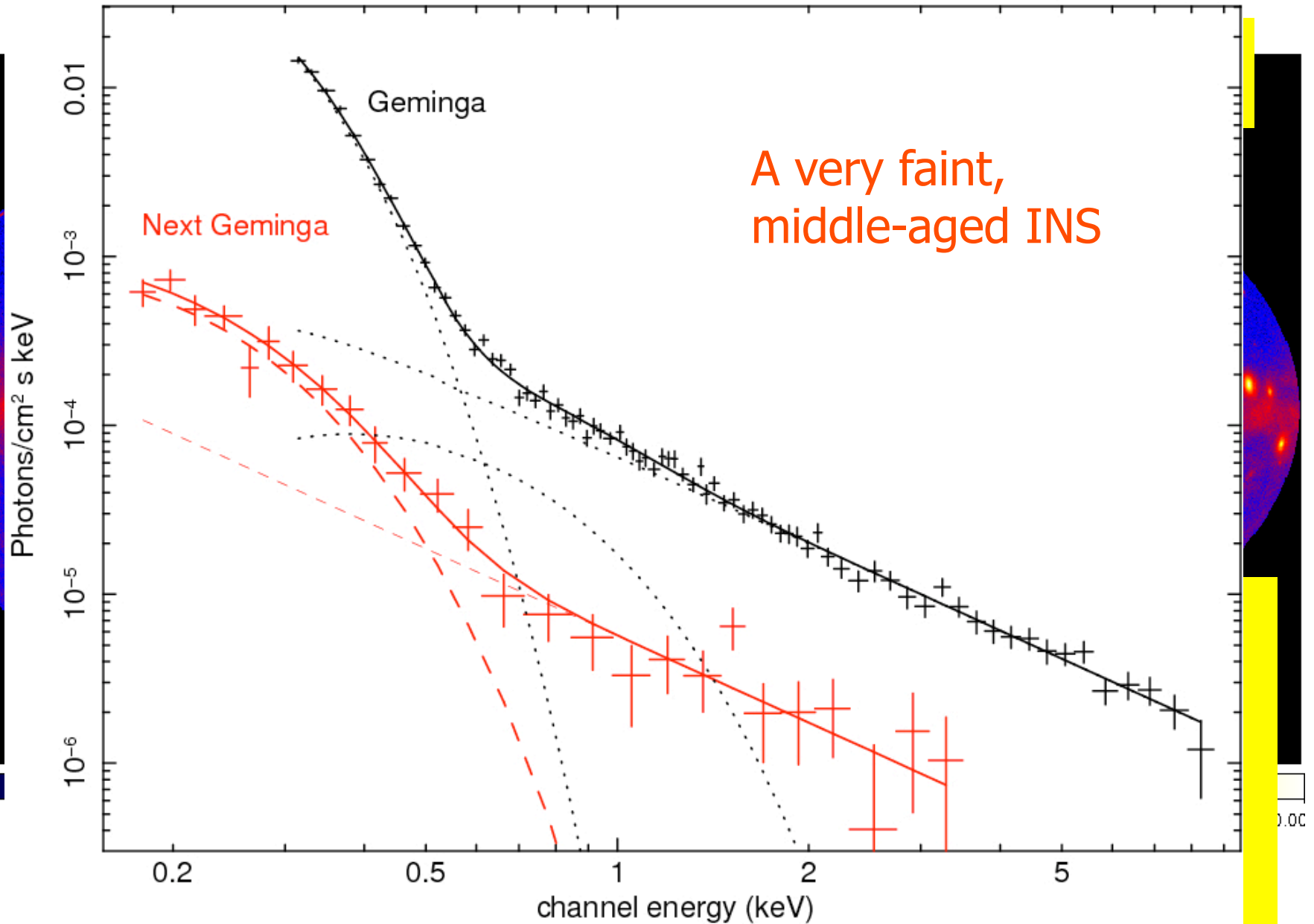
~80% pulsation
below 0.7 keV

No evidence for modulation
at $E > 2$ keV



3EG J1835+5918 a.k.a. "Next Geminga"

unfolded spectrum



The new role of gamma-ray astronomy

- **Single out interesting NSs**

The NEW role of X-ray Astronomy

- Position, position, position
→ to secure detection
- Deeper observations
→ to probe the emission mechanisms