

Recent MAGIC Observations of Active Galactic Nuclei: Studies in the $E > 50$ GeV Region



**Robert Wagner on behalf of the MAGIC Collaboration
Max-Planck-Institut für Physik & Excellence Cluster "Universe"
Munich, Germany**

The MAGIC Telescopes

MAGIC Coll, Astropart. Phys. subm. arXiv:1108.1477
Carmona+ (MAGIC Coll), Proc ICRC 2011, arXiv:1110.0947

- **Two-dish stereoscopic** Cherenkov telescope, 17 m diameter each
- Located at the **European Northern Observatory, Instituto Astrofísica de Canarias** on the Canary Island of La Palma, Spain
- Currently upgrade of readout, of MAGIC-1 camera in 2012

- 150 physicists
- 23 institutes



Roque de los Muchachos observatory,
2200 m a.s.l.



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- Substantially lower **energy threshold** than other installations:
 - **50-60 GeV** nominal
 - **25 GeV** pulsar (“sum”) trigger
- **Sensitivity**: 0.75% Crab in 50 h
- **Angular resolution**: $<0.07^\circ$
- **Energy resolution**: 15-20%
- **Enhanced duty cycle** (by 20%) thanks to moonlight & twilight observations Britzger, RMW+09

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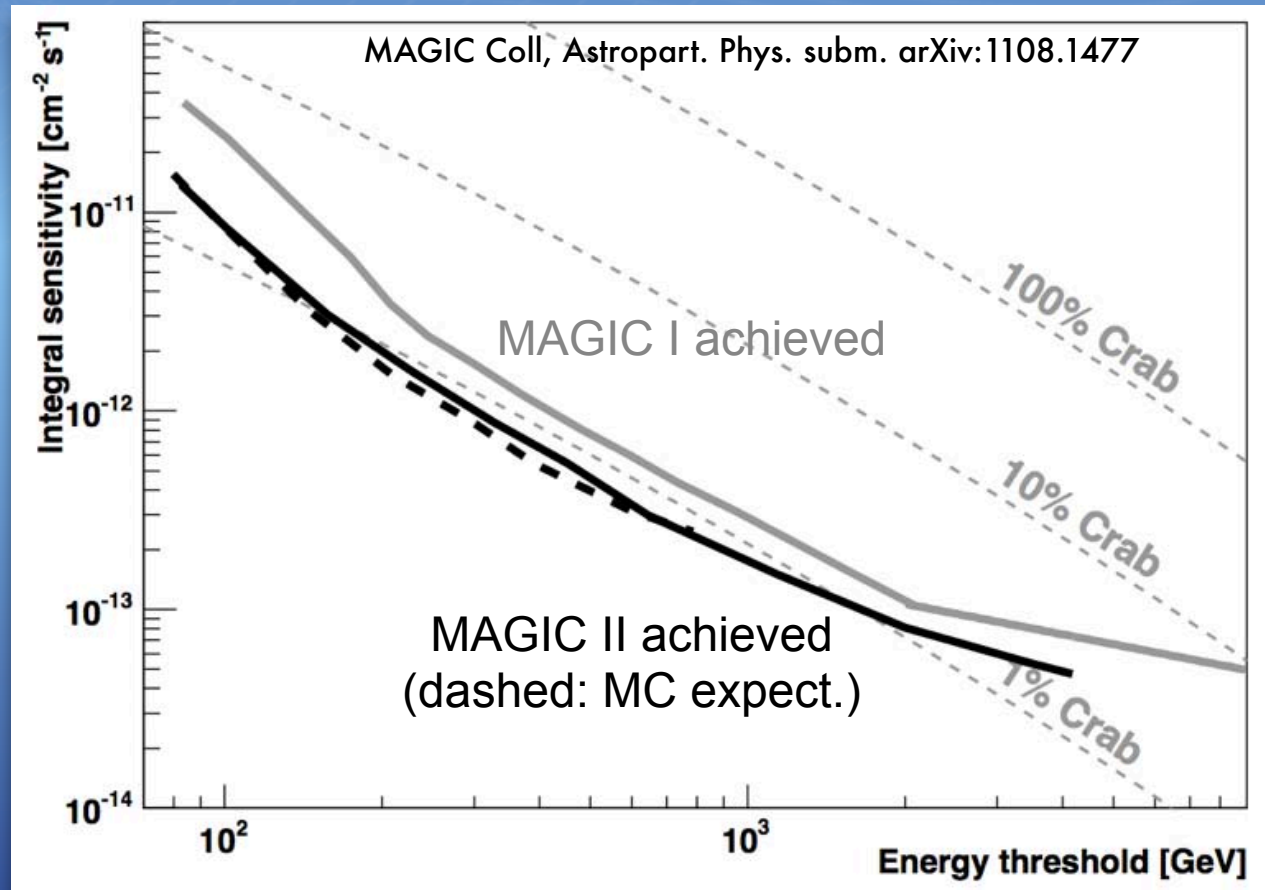


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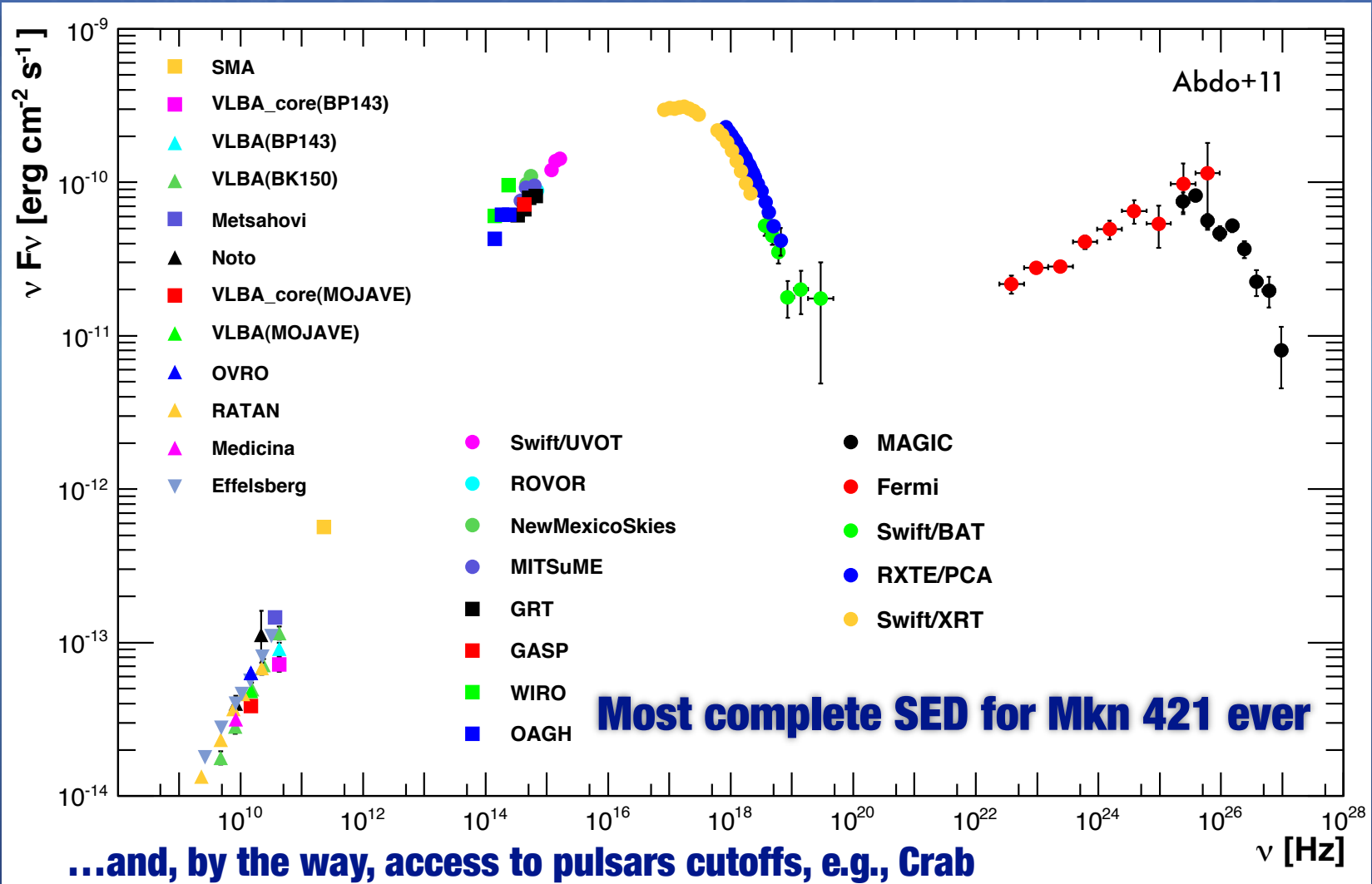
Some Key Features

- ★ Fast repositioning (below 1 minute) → sensitivity to transients: GRB
- ★ Low energy threshold (50-60 GeV, 25 GeV in sum-trigger mode)
 - Overlap with Fermi-LAT
 - Deep universe



Low Threshold: Overlap with Fermi-LAT

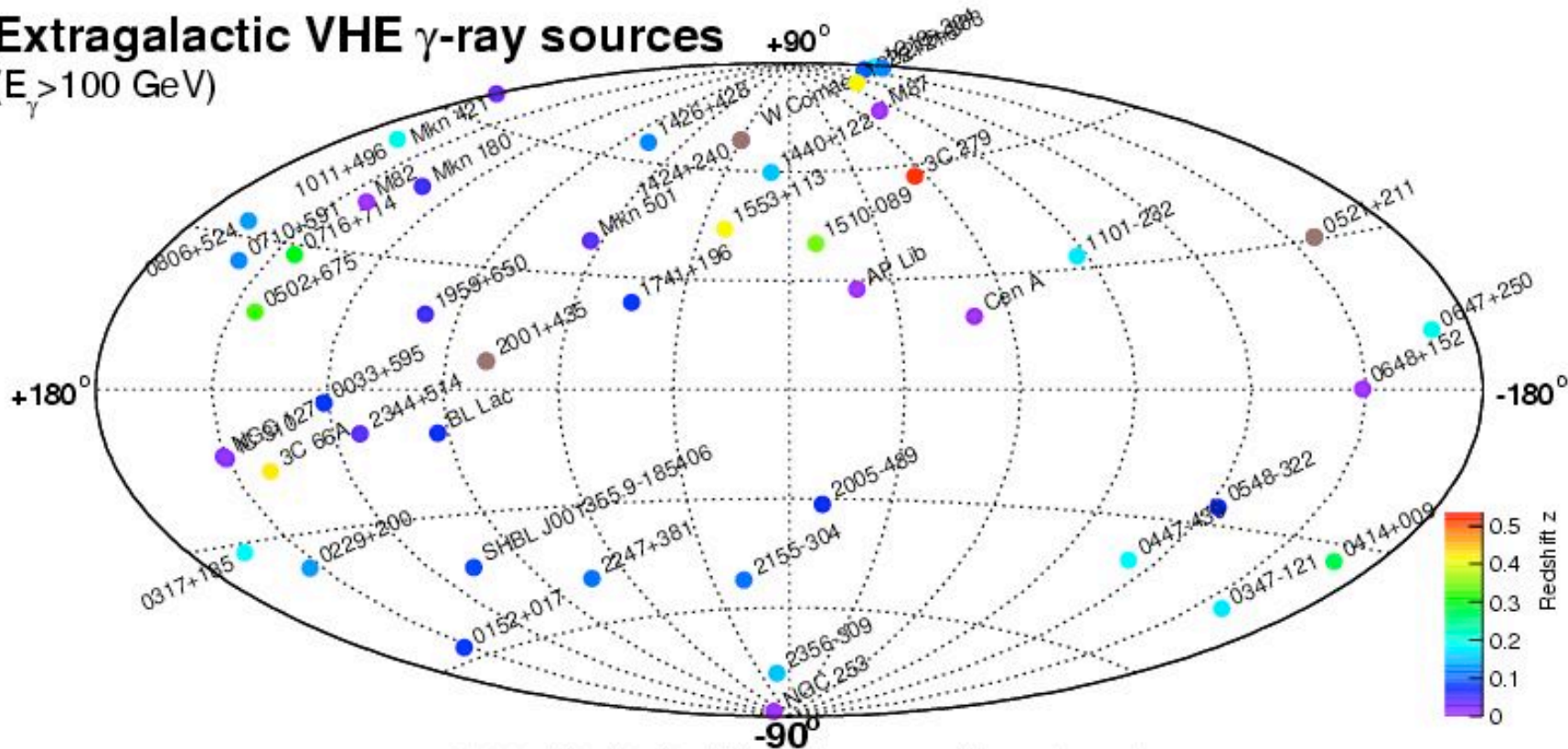
(IC peak, cross-calibration)



The Extragalactic TeV Sky

Extragalactic VHE γ -ray sources

($E_{\gamma} > 100$ GeV)

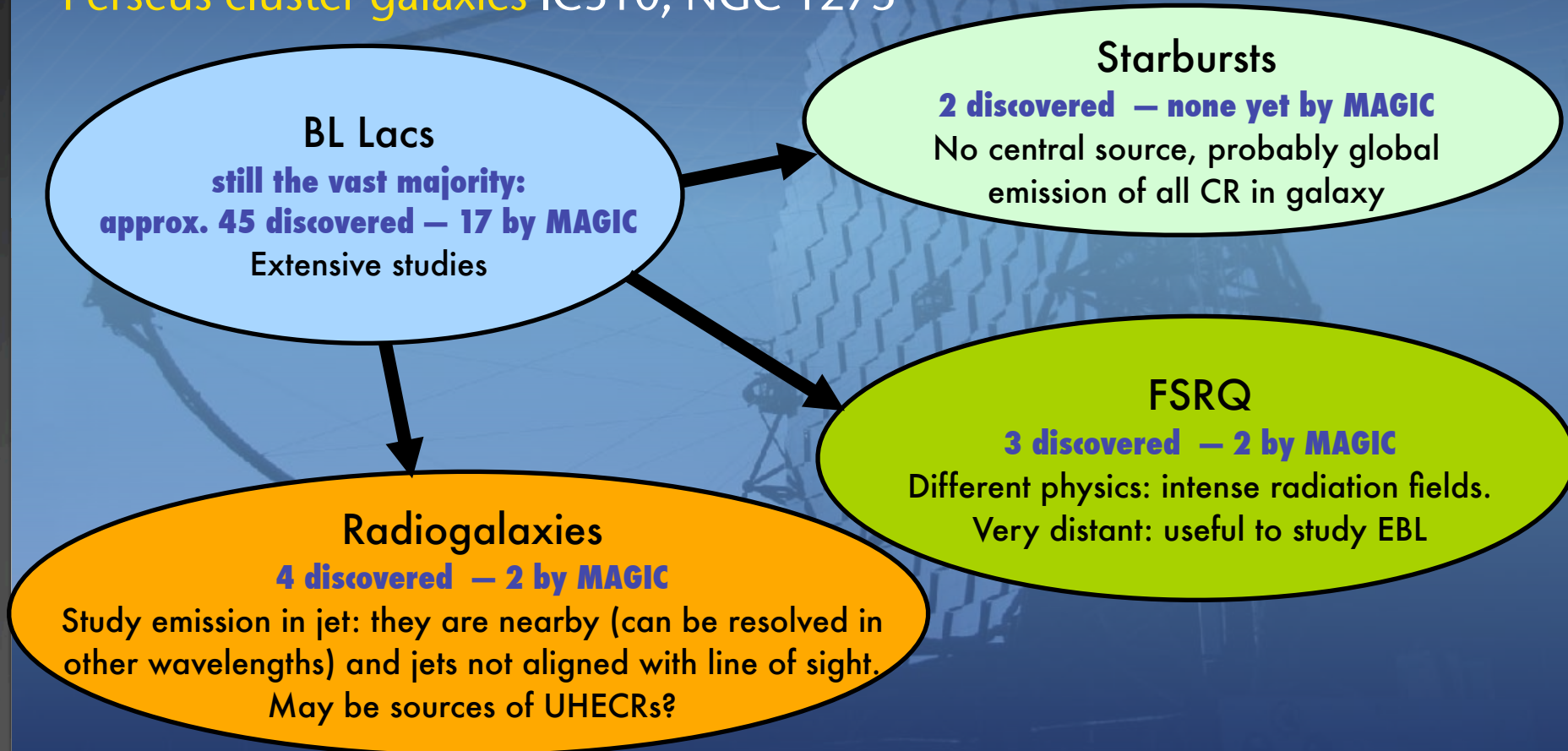


<http://www.mpp.mpg.de/~rwagner/sources/>

- approx. 50 VHE γ -ray sources, mostly blazars
- Relativistically beamed gamma-ray emission

Beyond blazars...

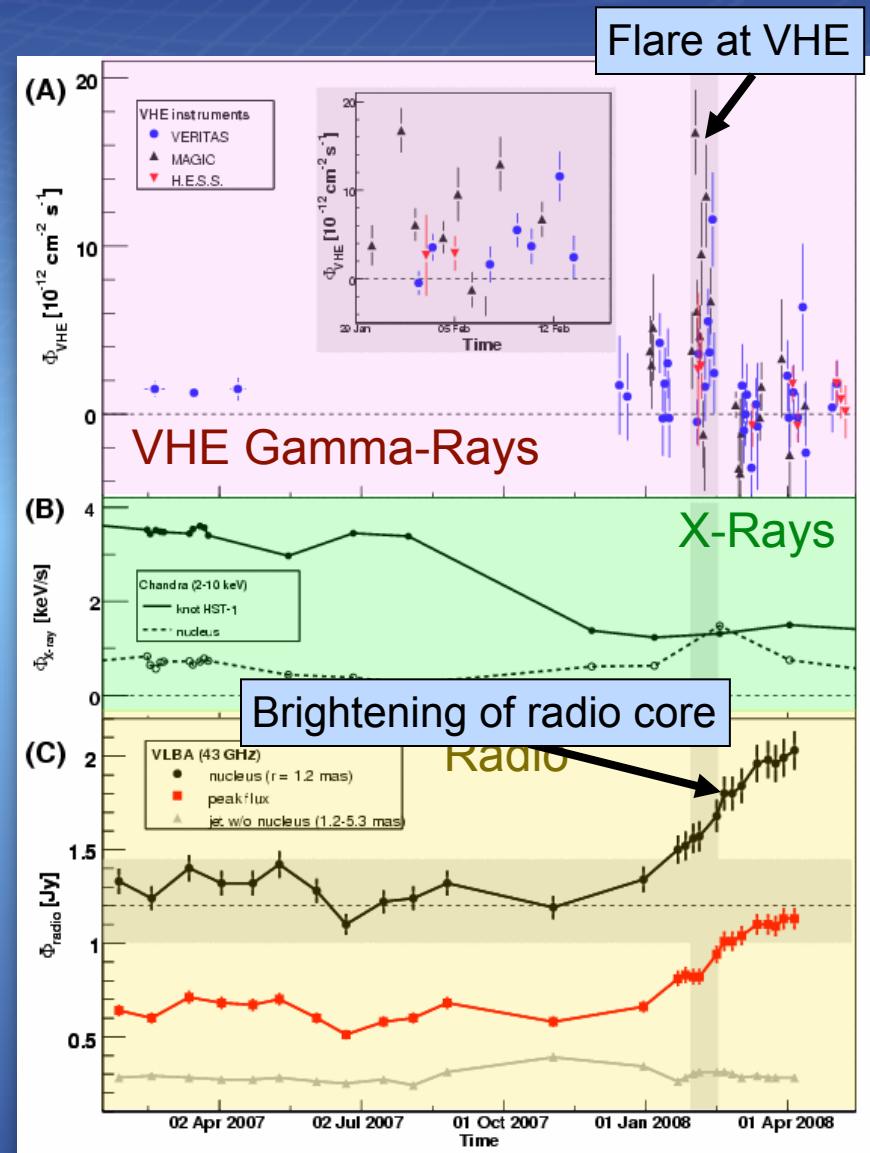
- New generation IACTs have established new classes of VHE active galaxies different than BL Lacs...
- **Radio galaxies** M87, Cen A, **starburst galaxies** M82, NGC 253, **Perseus cluster galaxies** IC310, NGC 1275



Radiogalaxies: M87

Science 325 (2009) 444

- ▶ Very close (17 Mpc)
- ▶ Very well characterized in other frequencies.
- ▶ M87 was the first radiogalaxy discovered a VHE (HEGRA/HESS) and has been extensively studied by HESS, VERITAS & MAGIC.
- ▶ In 2008, using all 3 experiments and simultaneous radio VLBI: VHE emission came from very close to the central BH (a few Schwarzschild radii, $R_s \sim 100$ A.U.). *Science* 325 (2009) 444



Radiogalaxies: M87

VERITAS/MAGIC/H.E.S.S./
Walker+/Harris+ ApJ subm.
Harris+ ApJ subm.

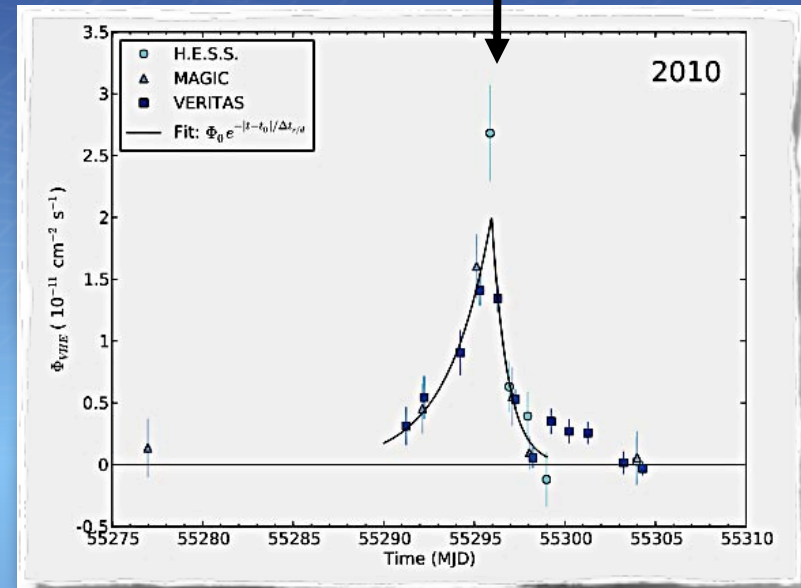
Very dense sampling:
21 observations in
15 days. Rise in 1.7 days,
decay in 0.6 days

Further cooperation of the 3 experiments
and multiwavelength add essential
information...

but may be complicating the picture!

Results submitted to ApJ:

- In total, 3 flares at VHE: 2005, 2008 and 2010.
- Flare in 2010 showed exponential rise and decay. Not so clear for the others.
- 2nd flare was followed by a radio brightening of the core *Science* 325 (2009) 444. The others not.
- In 2008 and 2010, VHE simultaneous to increase in X-rays. Unclear in 2005.
- Do all flares come from the same emission site?
How are they produced?



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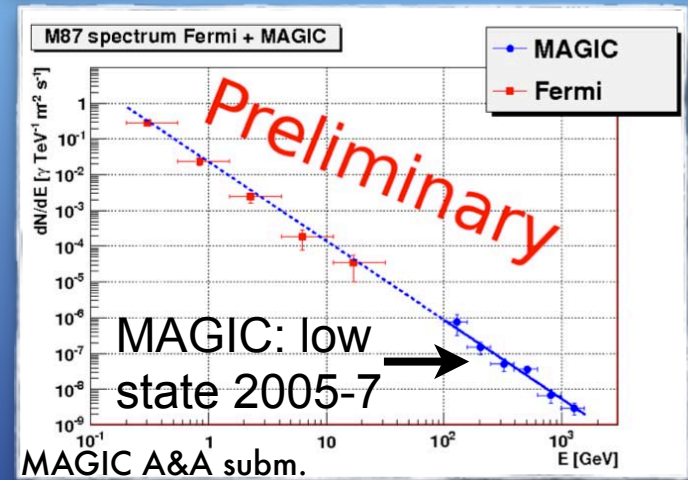
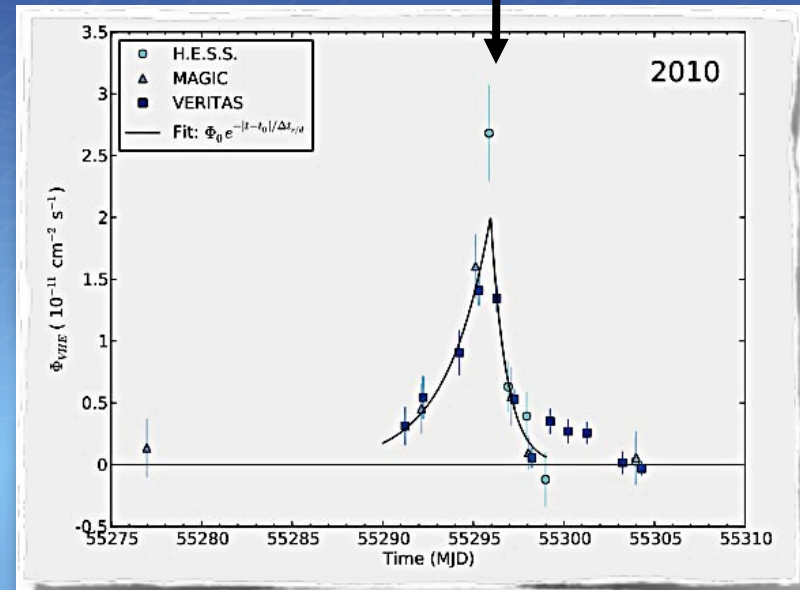
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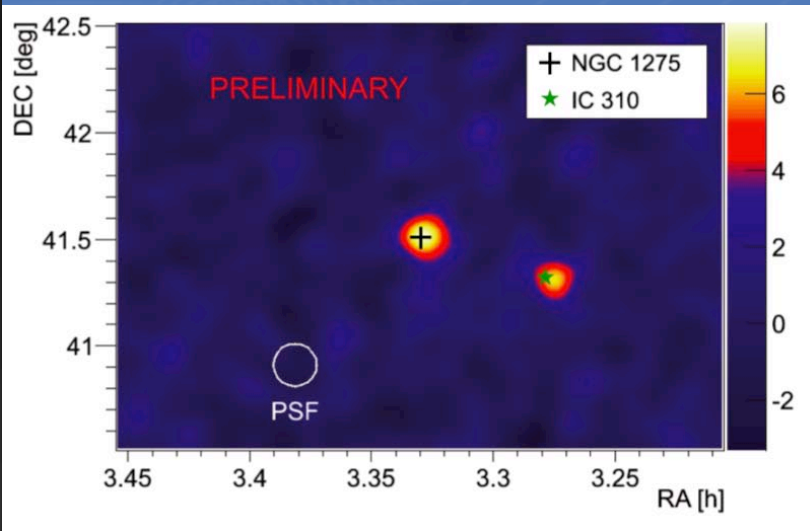
Recently, MAGIC studied only low state:
spectral index consistent with high state
emission, pointing to the same emission
mechanism.



Radiogalaxies: IC 310, NGC 1275

MAGIC Coll., ApJL 723 (2010) L207
Hildebrand+ ICRC 2011
MAGIC Coll.

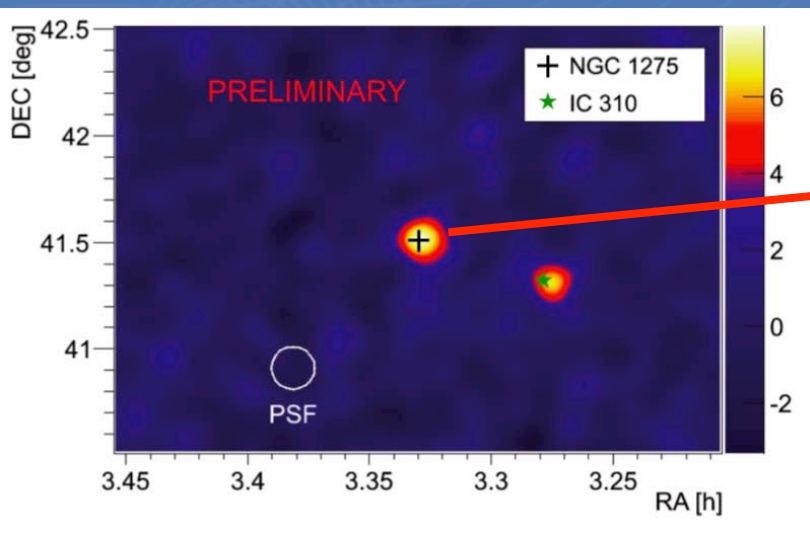
MAGIC has discovered 2 radiogalaxies: IC 310 and NGC 1275,
both in the Perseus cluster



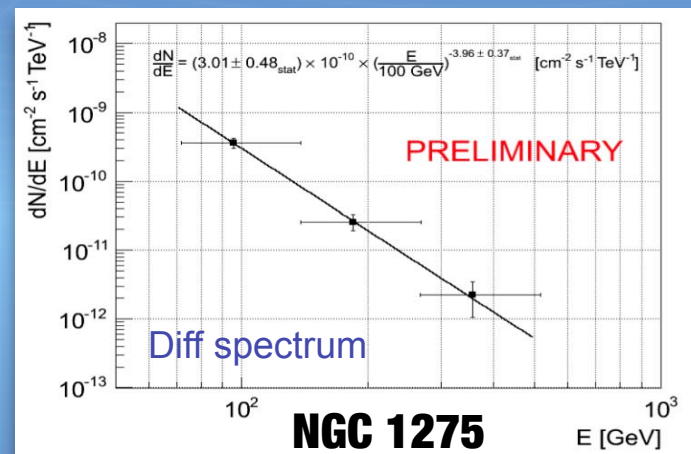
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**Detected during enhanced activity seen in Fermi-LAT.
Very steep spectrum $\Gamma = -4.0 \pm 0.4$. Detection only possible thanks to stereo threshold and sensitivity**

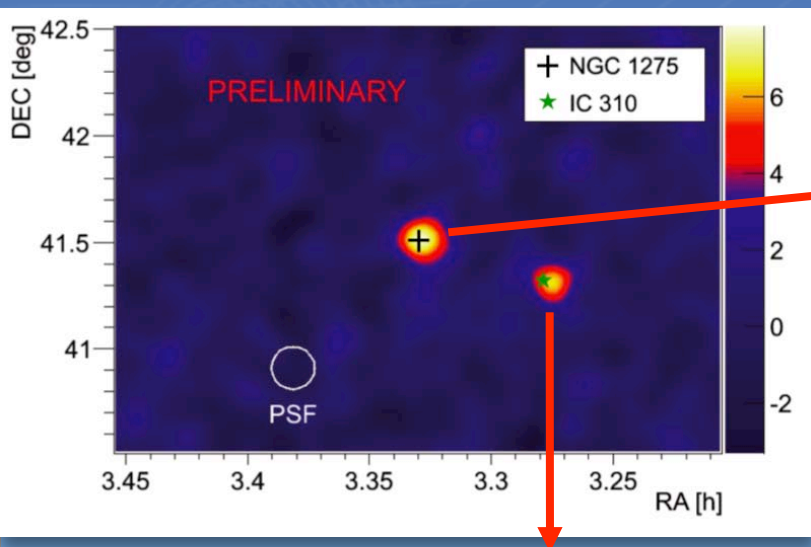


Hildebrand+ (MAGIC) ICRC 2011
from August 2010 to Feb 2011
46 h of observations
3% Crab nebula ($E > 100$ GeV)
5.2 standard deviations

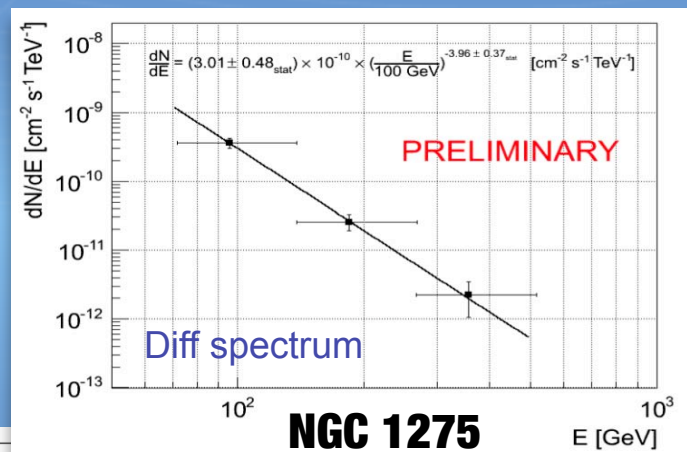
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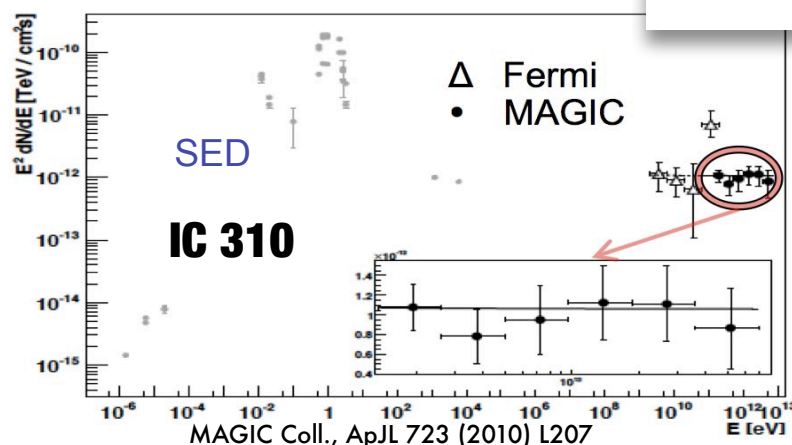
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“Head-tail” radiogalaxy.
Very hard spectrum:
 $\Gamma = 2.00 \pm 0.14$



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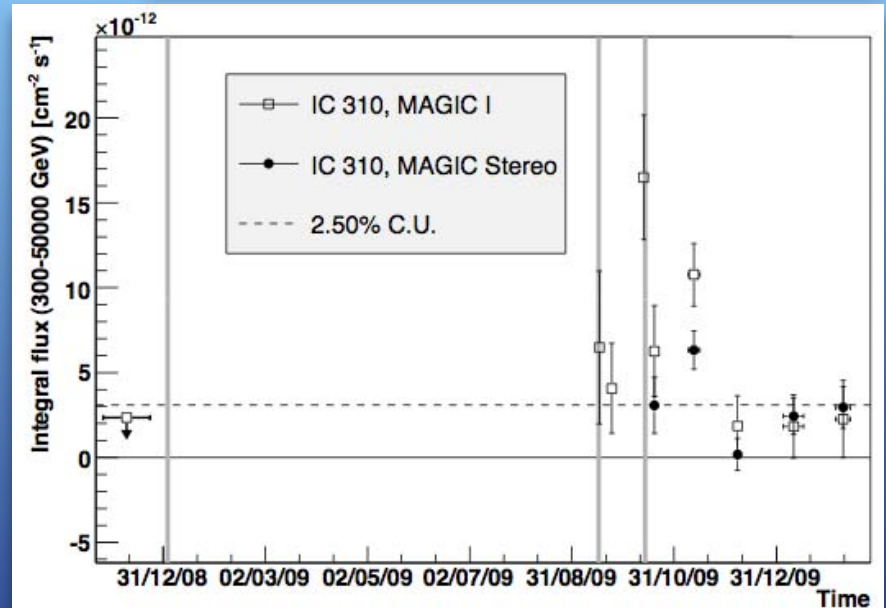
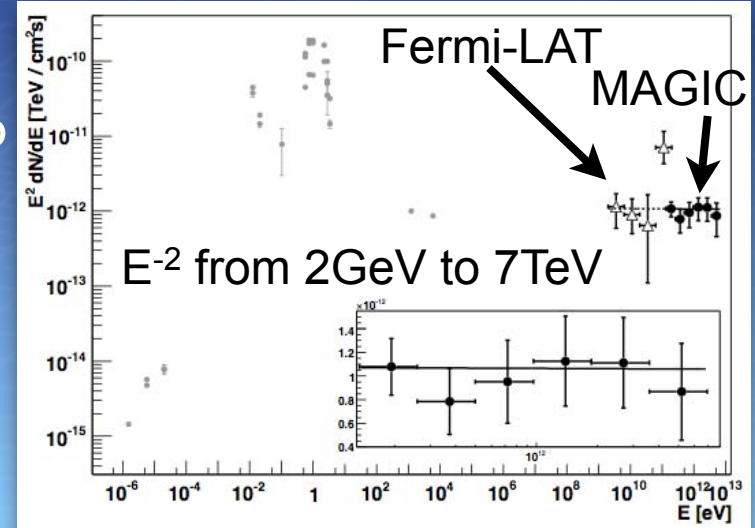
Radio Galaxy IC 310

MAGIC Coll., ApJL 723 (2010) L207

- ▶ Belongs to Perseus cluster
- ▶ 7.6 sigma significance from 20.6 hrs stereo
- ▶ 2.5% Crab nebula flux
- ▶ **Radio galaxy** at $z=0.019$
- ▶ 22x/5x further away than Cen A, M87
- ▶ must be **intrinsically much more luminous**
- ▶ (could also be weakly beamed blazar)

Mechanism?

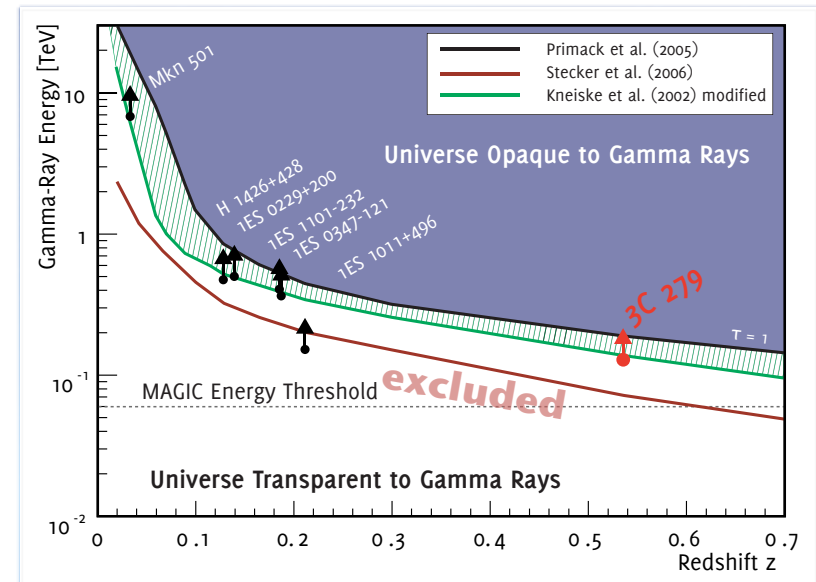
- ▶ Close to black hole
- ▶ at shocks with cluster medium?
- ▶ **Variability excludes CR/medium interaction**
- ▶ very hard spectrum: probably IC scattering off IR photons, difficult in SSC



Quasars: 3C 279 & PKS 1222+21

MAGIC Collab.
A&A 530 (2011) A4
ApJL 730 (2011) L8

- 3C 279 ($z=0.536$) is the farthest VHE source, discovered by MAGIC in 2006.
- Spectrum for such a far source allowed to place strong constraints on Extragalactic Background Light.

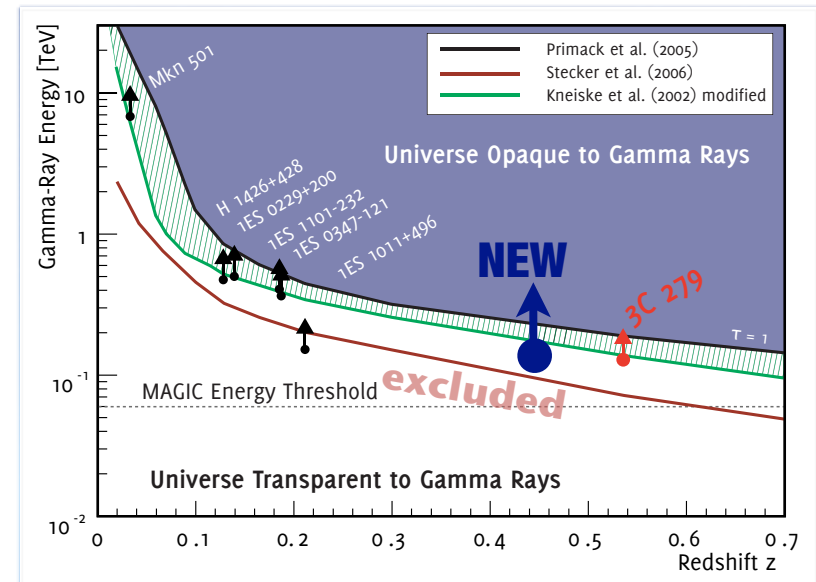
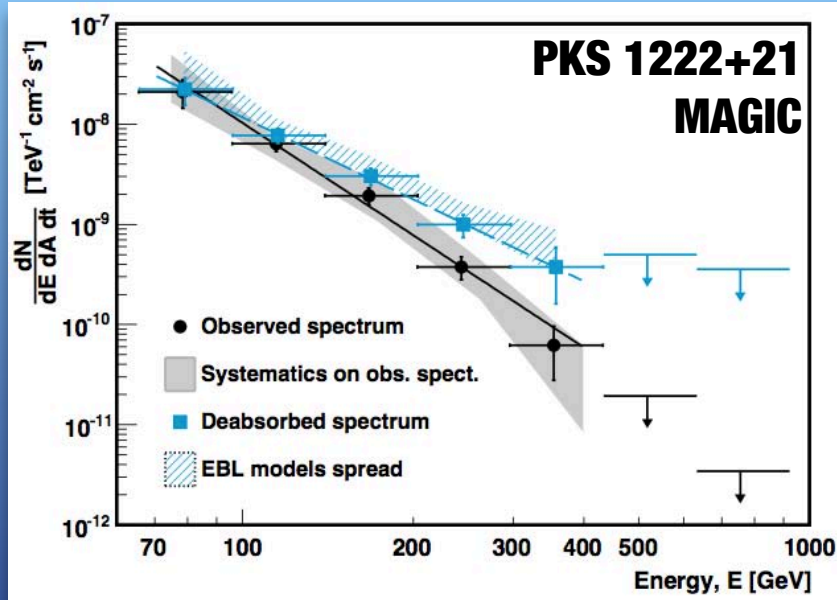


Science 320 (2008) 1752

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- 3C 279 ($z=0.536$) is the farthest VHE source, discovered by MAGIC in 2006.
- Spectrum for such a far source allowed to place strong constraints on Extragalactic Background Light.
- ♦ PKS 1222+21 ($z=0.432$) discovered by MAGIC in 2010. Spectrum confirms past claims on EBL!



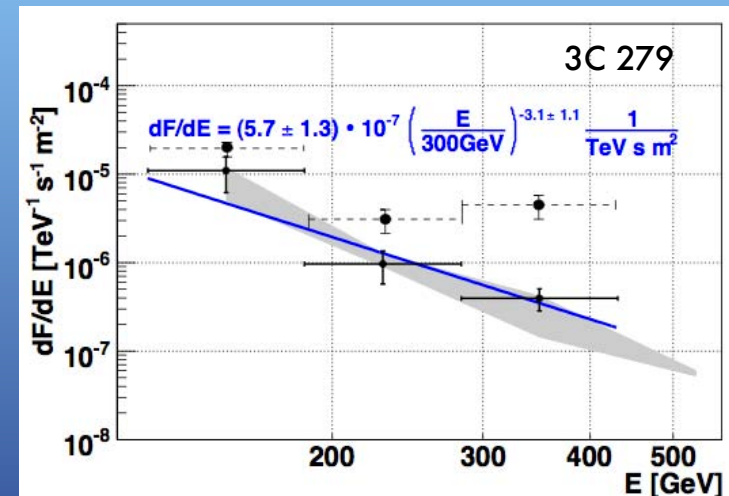
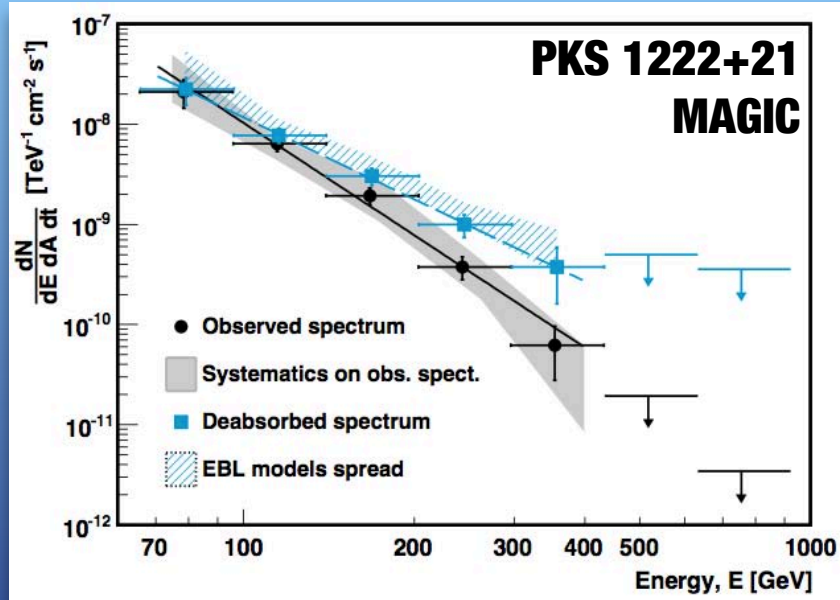
Science 320 (2008) 1752

- ♦ 2010 June 17, flare state
- ♦ PKS 1222+21 (4C +21.35) is a high redshift FSRQ (only 3C279, PKS1510-089 so far)
- ♦ Observations triggered by a high state reported by Fermi-LAT

Quasars: 3C 279 & PKS 1222+21

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A&A 530 (2011) A4
ApJL 730 (2011) L8

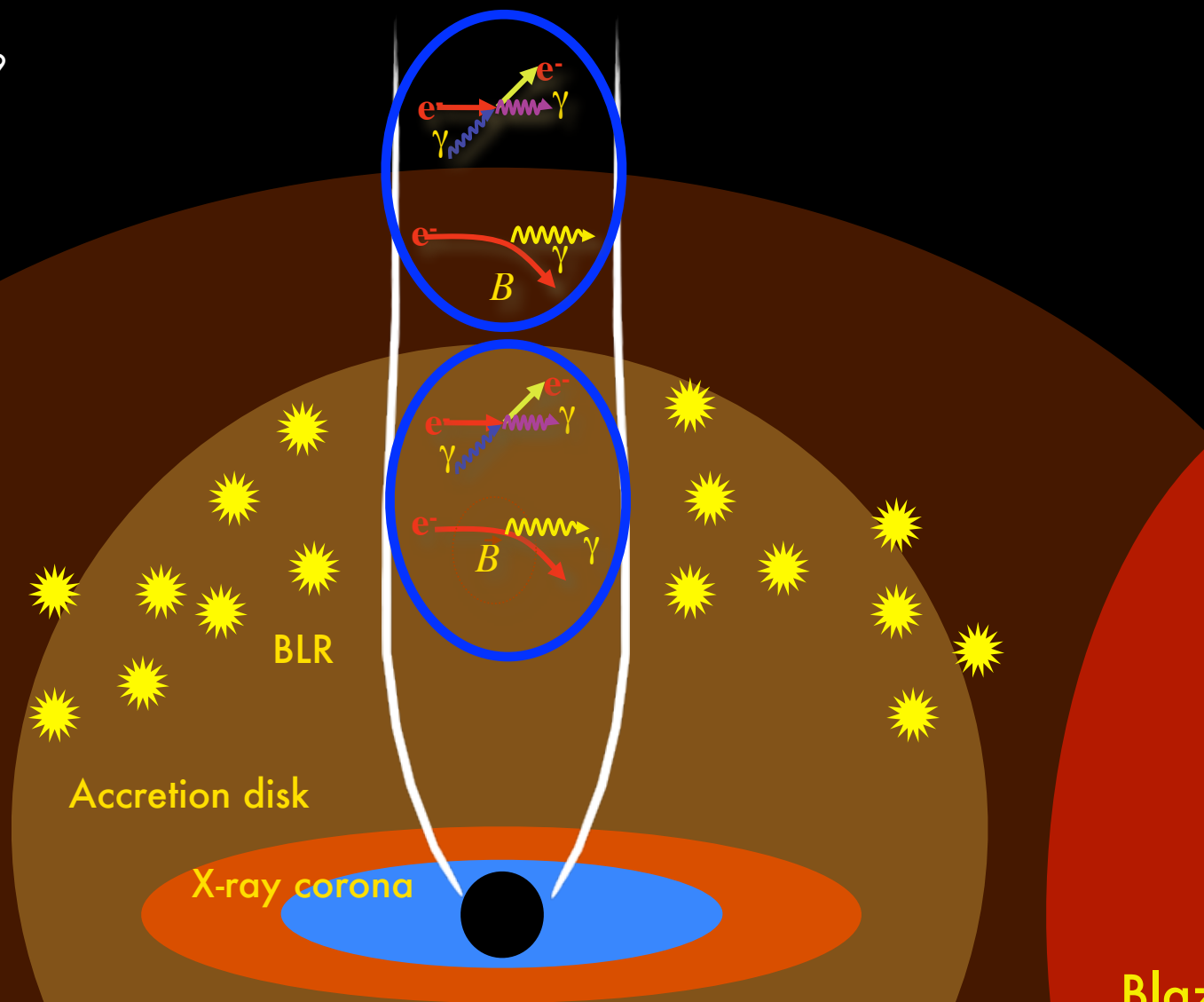
- PKS 1222+21 and recent observations of 3C279 show the same problem A&A 530 (2011) A4
 - Emission up to hundreds of GeV
 - Fast variability (9 min doubling time in PKS 1222+21)
- Why is this a problem?



FSRQs: the “canonical” scenario

Dermer+09
Ghisellini+Tavecchio09
Sikora+09

DUSTY TORUS



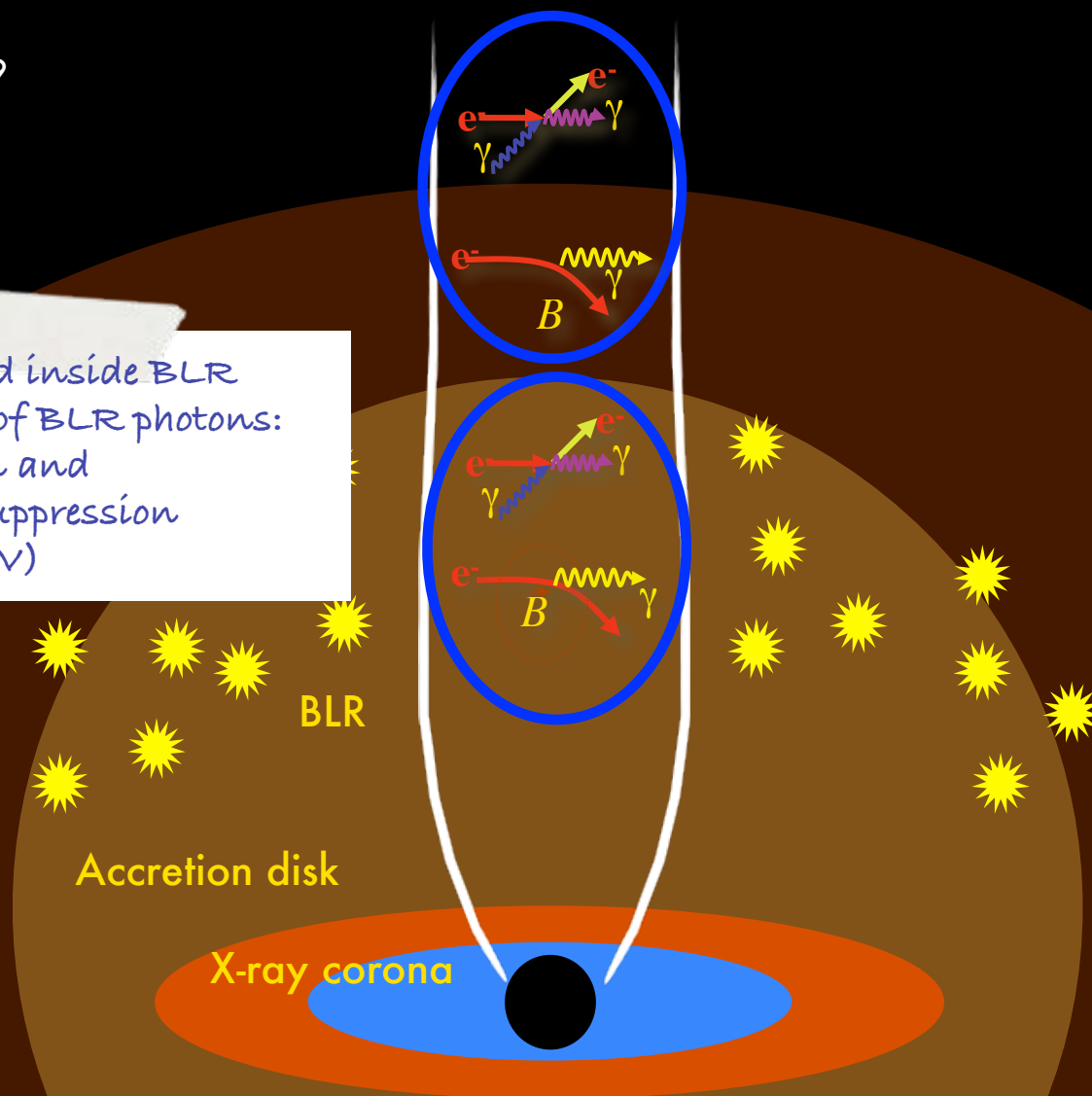
Blazars

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If γ -rays produced inside BLR by IC scattering of BLR photons: strong absorption and Klein-Nishina suppression (cutoff < 100 GeV)

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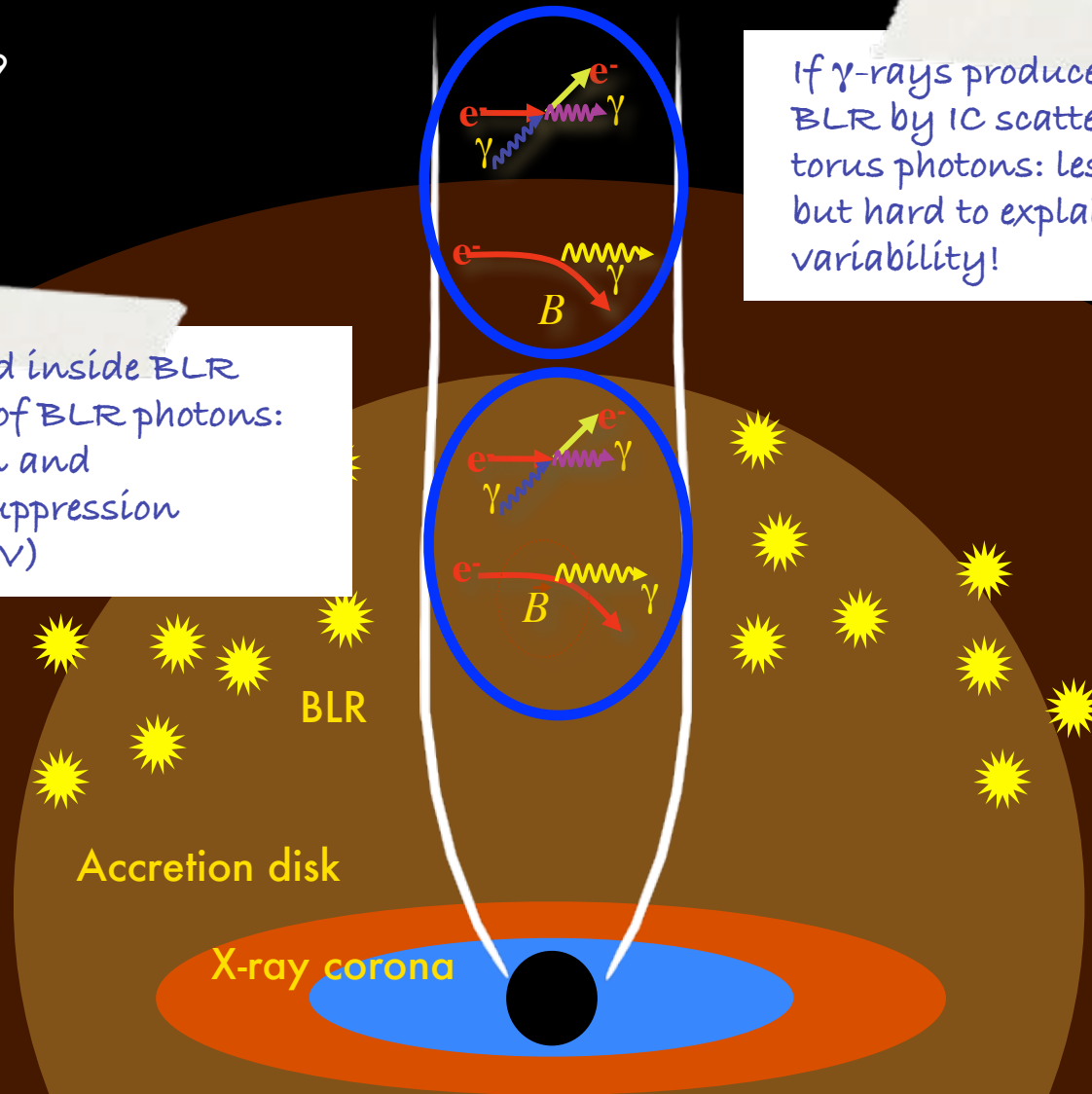
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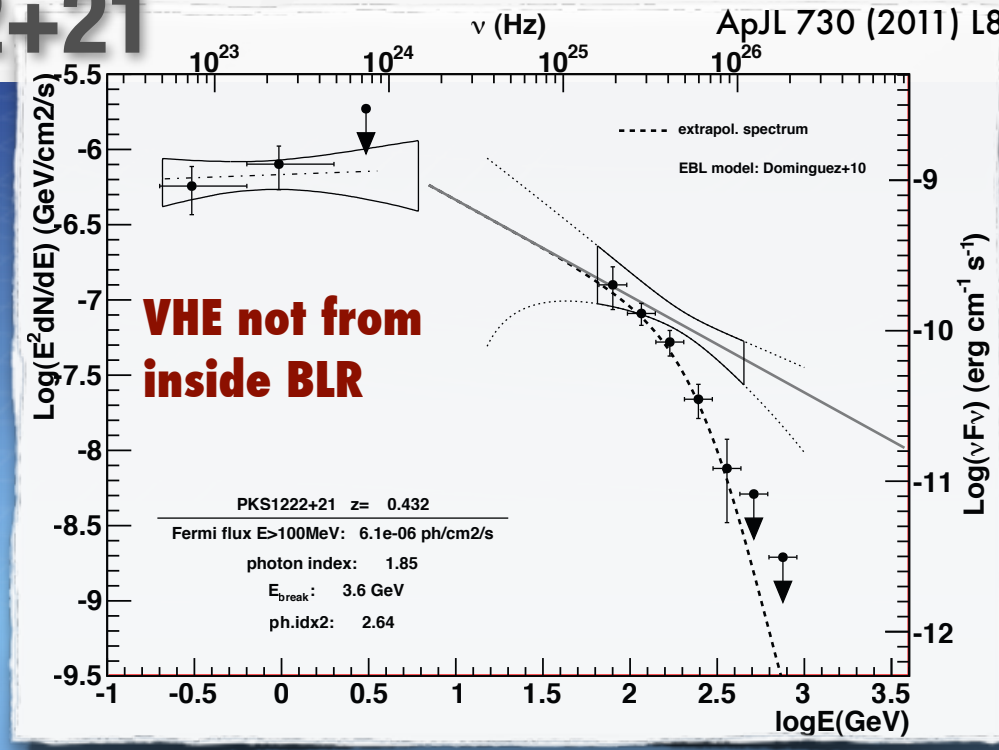
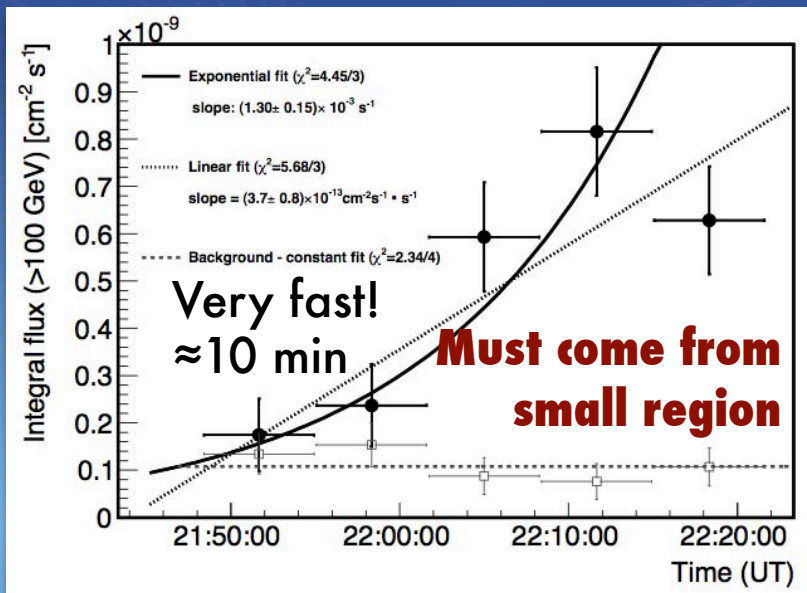
If γ -rays produced outside BLR by IC scattering of dusty torus photons: less absorption but hard to explain fast variability!

DUSTY TORUS



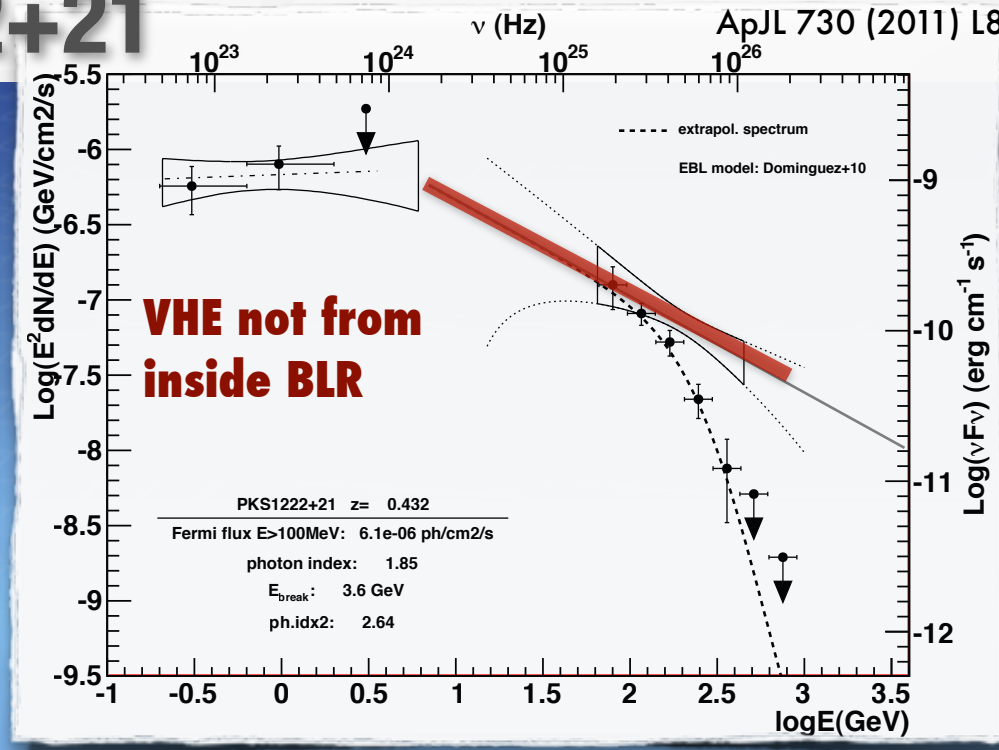
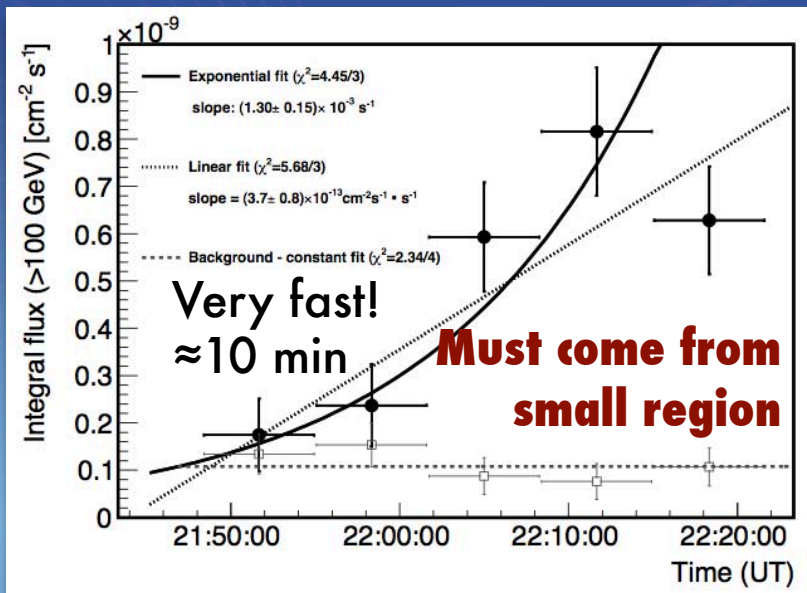
Blazars

4C +21.35 aka PKS 1222+21



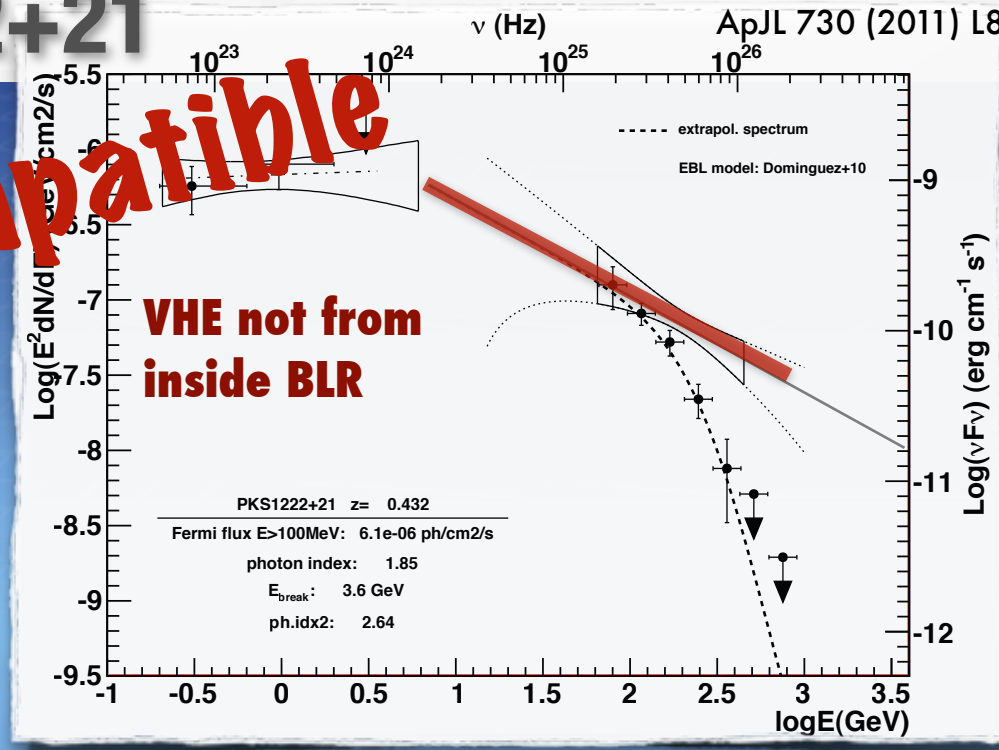
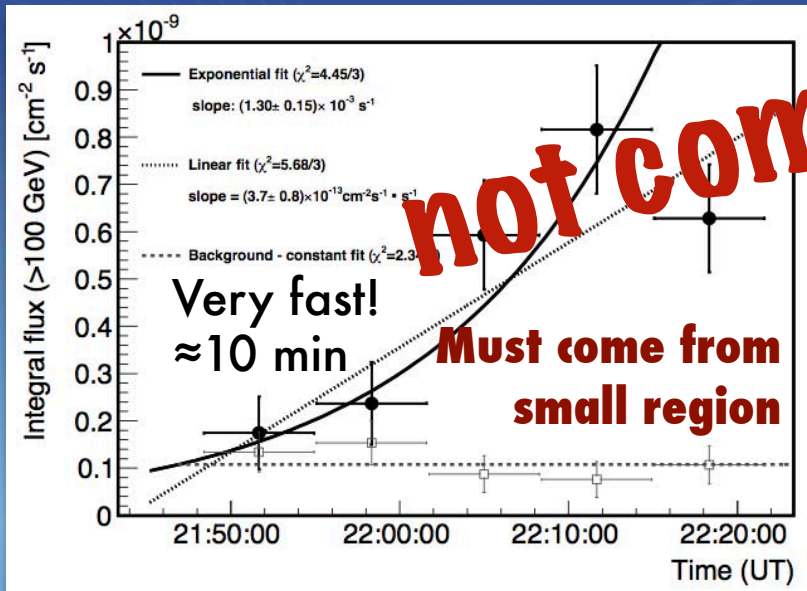
- ◆ **A strong signal of 8.7σ significance in just 0.5h of observations!**
 - allows short-term variability studies
- ◆ Flux $\geq 30\%$ of the Crab Nebula flux
- ◆ Also detected by *Fermi*-LAT in 100-300 GeV energy range

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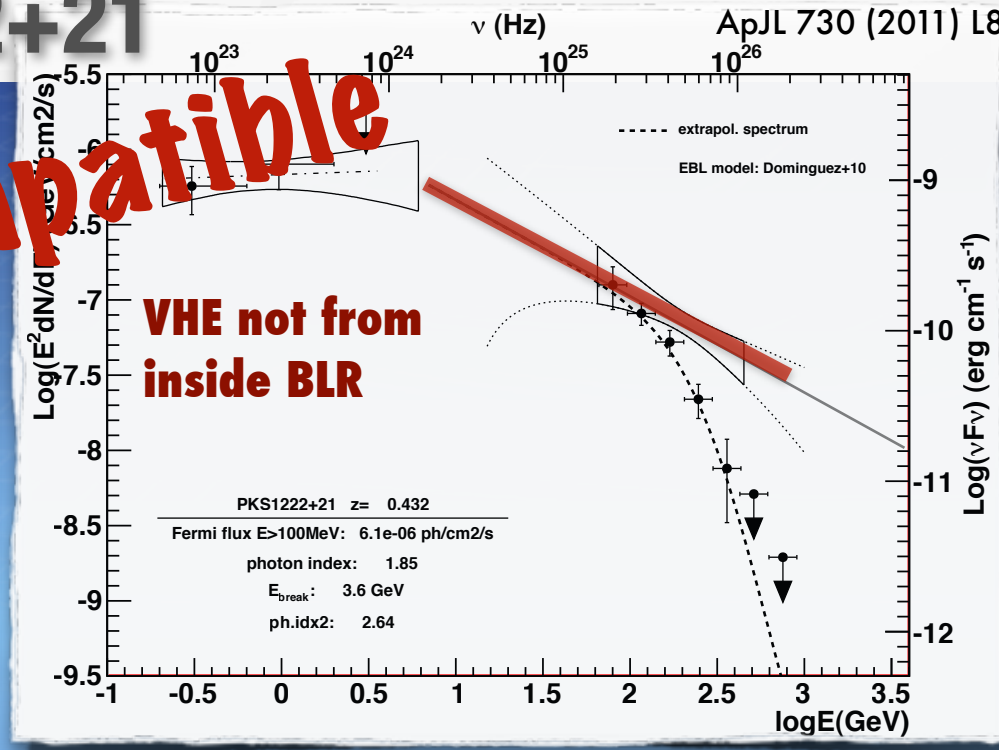
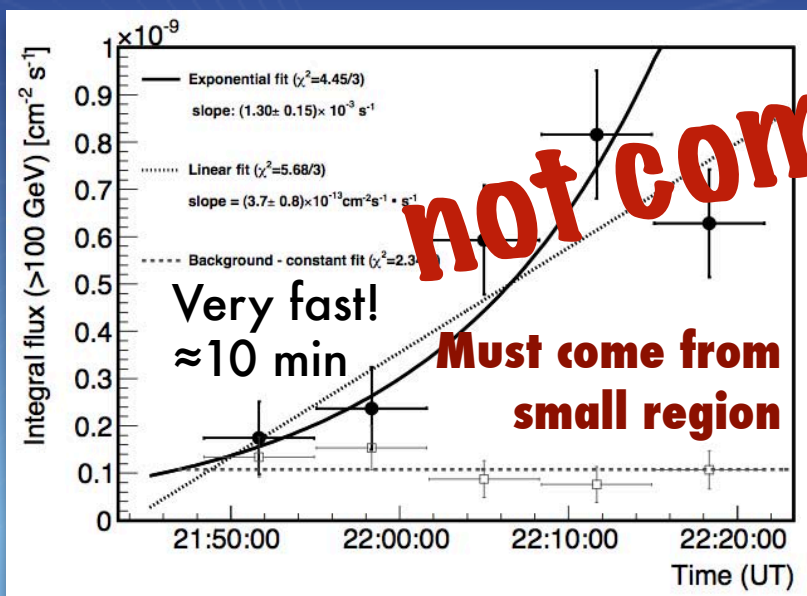
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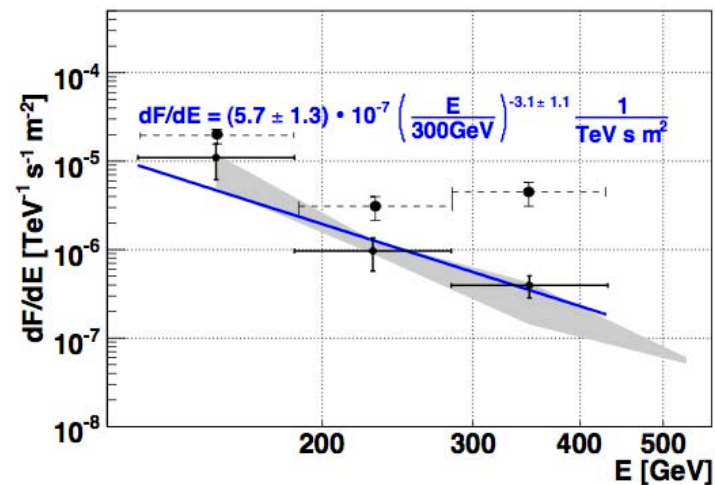
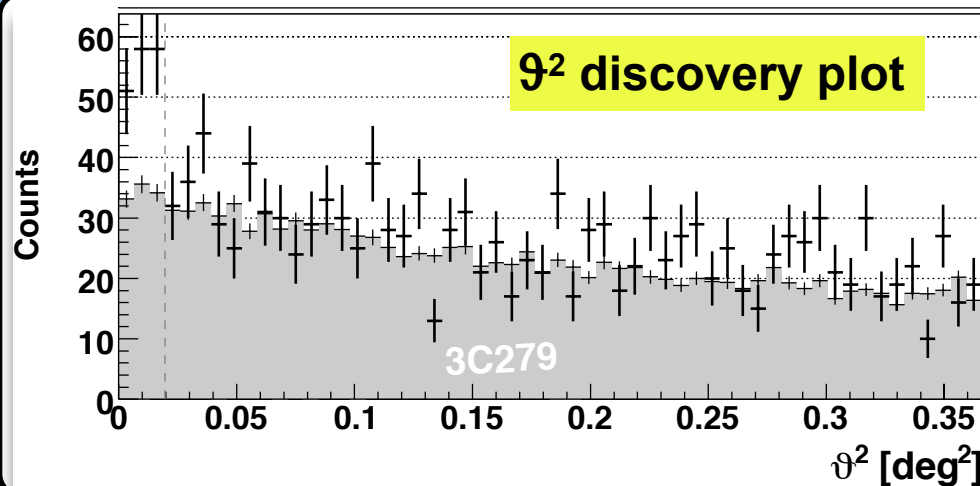
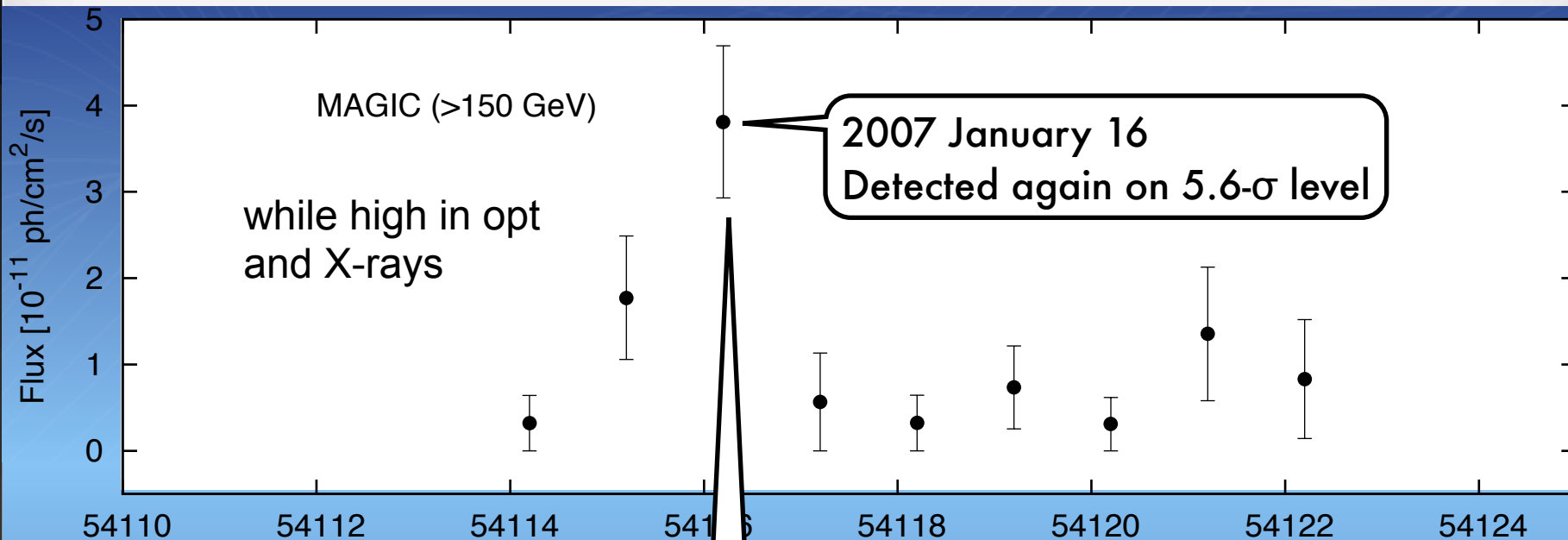


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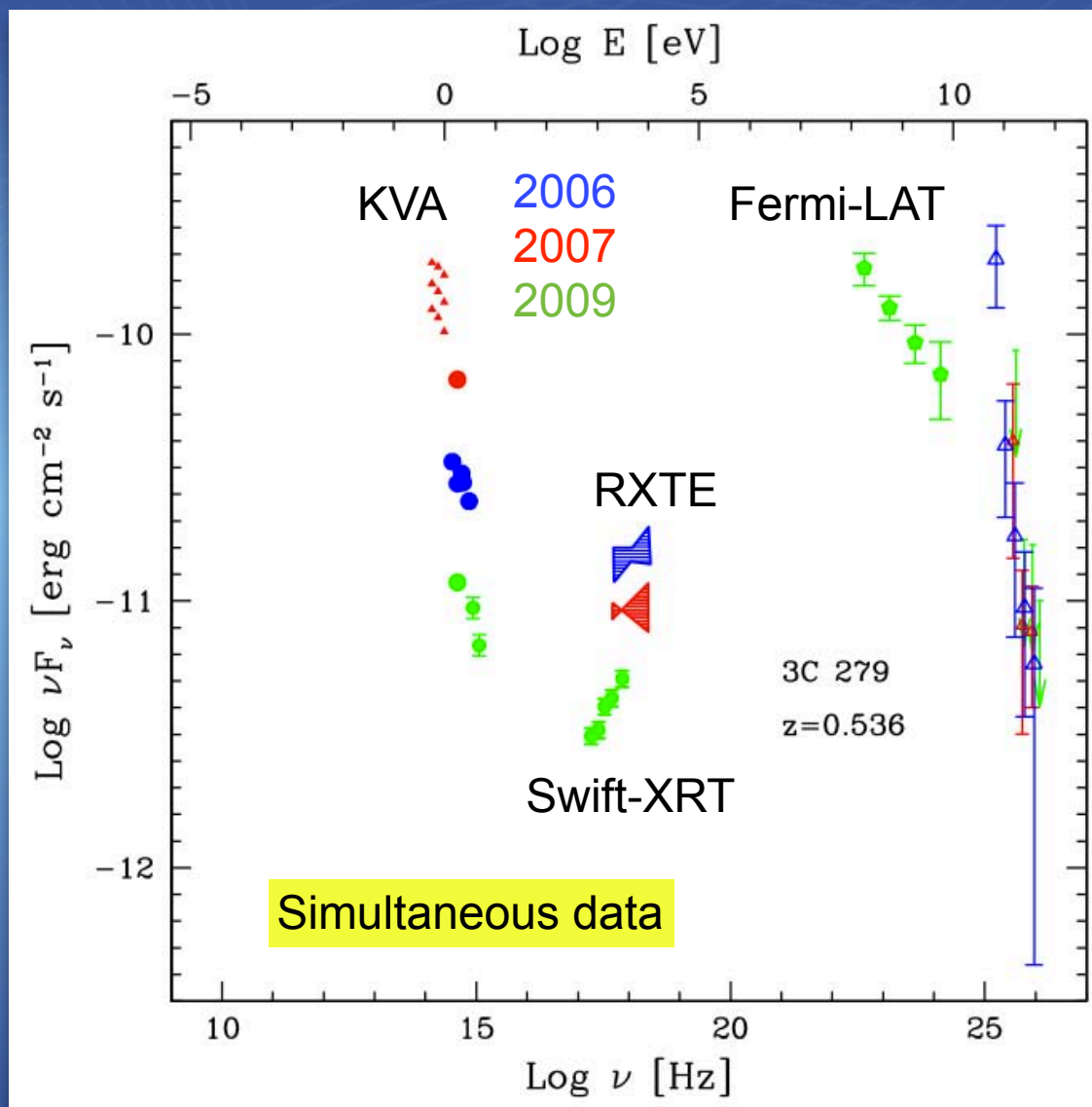
Possible solutions:

- Strong recollimation of the jet
e.g. Nalewajko & Sikora 2009
Bromberg & Levinson 2009
- “Blobs” or “minijets” inside of the jet. Already proposed for PKS 2155-304 e.g. Ghisellini et al. 2008, 2009, Giannios et al 2009, Nalewajko et al. 2010, Marscher & Jorstad 2010

3C 279: Re-detected in 2007



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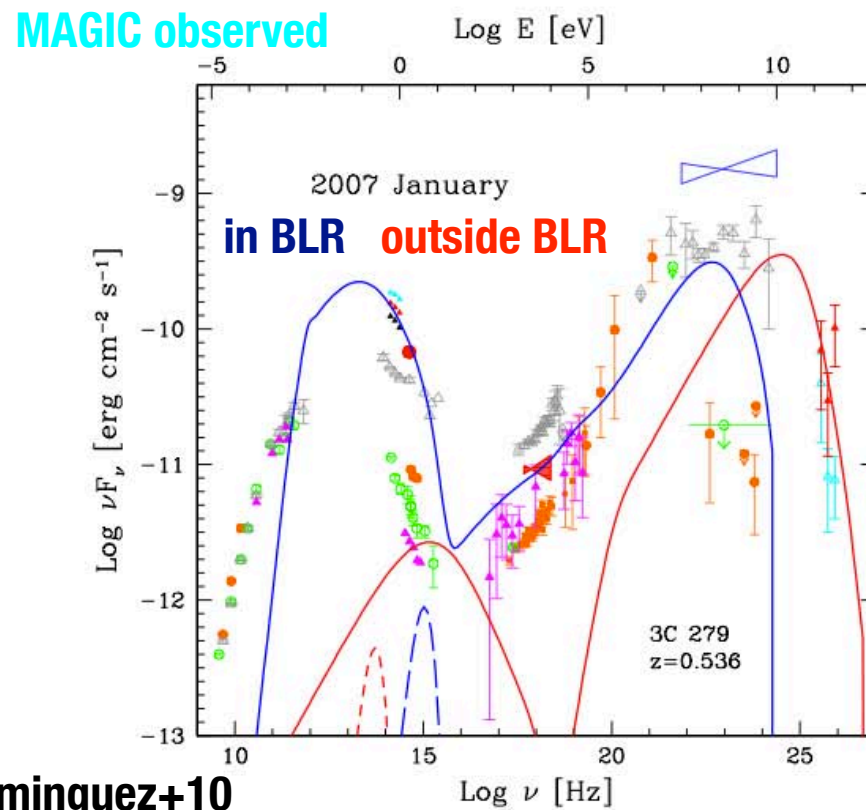
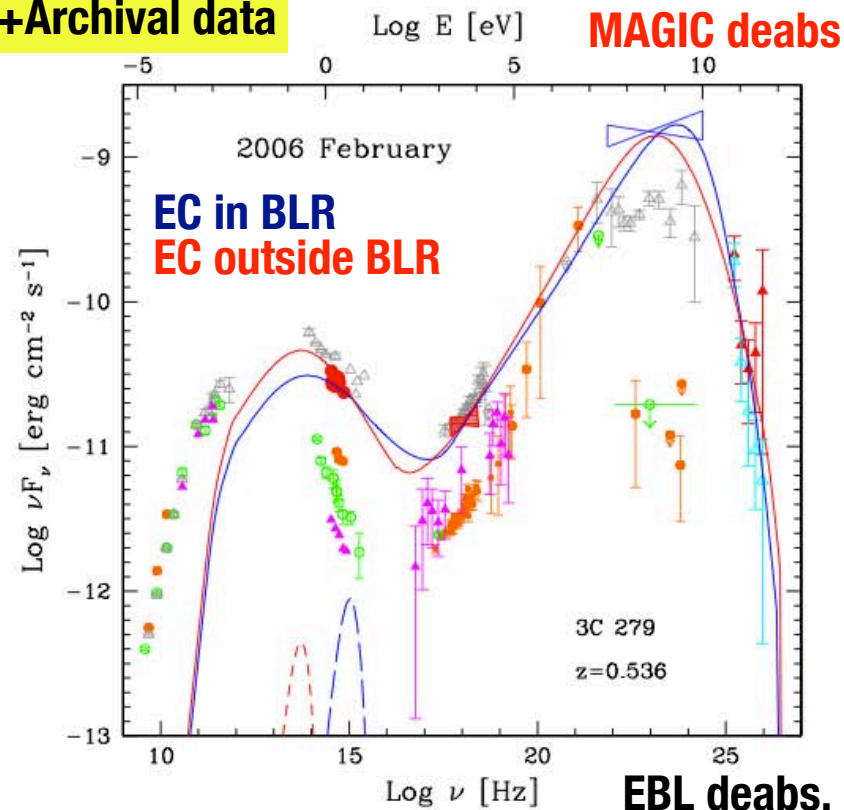


SEDs of simultaneous optical, X-ray and γ -ray data at the epochs of MAGIC observations.

**Blue: February 23, 2006,
red: January 16, 2007,
green January 21-
February 1 2009.**

3C 279: SEDs 2006 / 2007

+Archival data



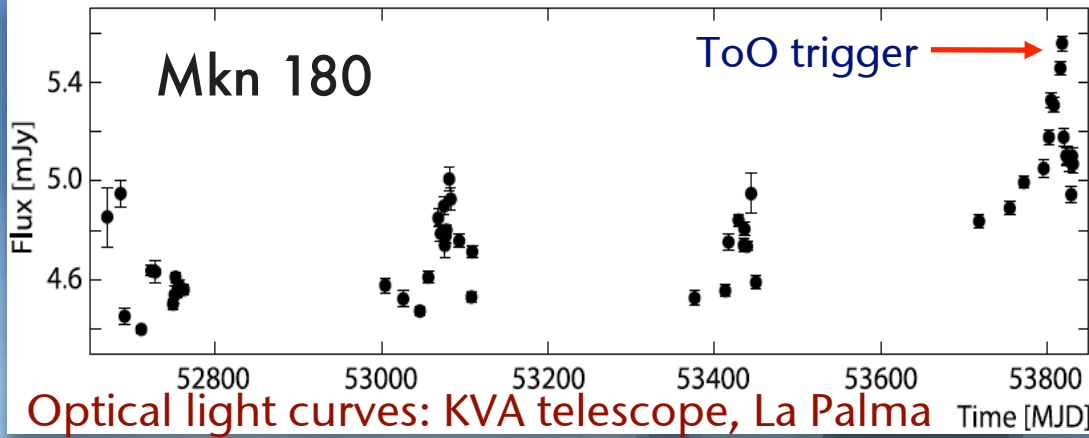
One-zone models EC/BLR and EC/IR require, however, rather large MeV-GeV flux

Two-zone: VHE outside BLR, minimizes gamma absorption

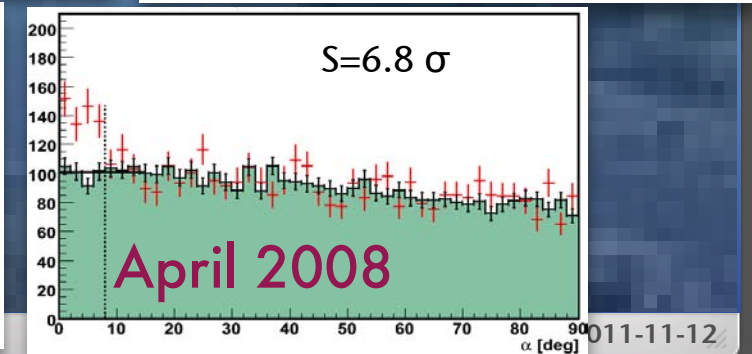
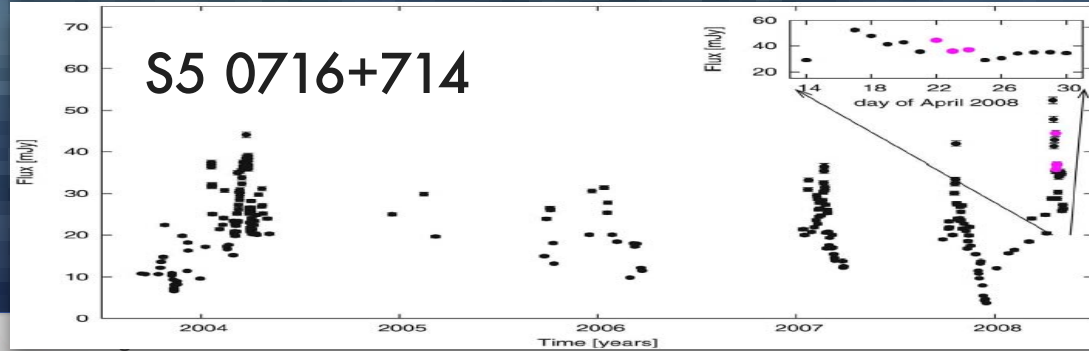
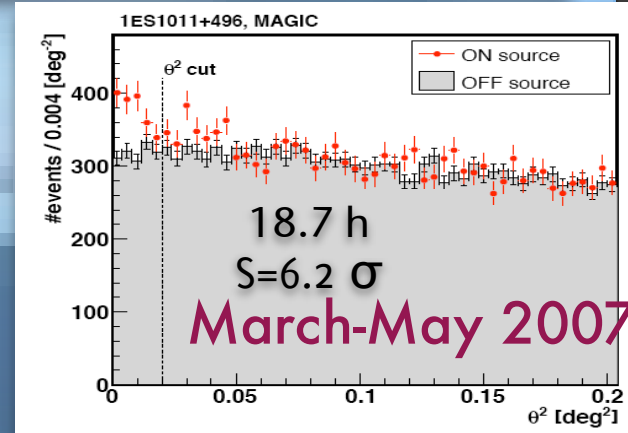
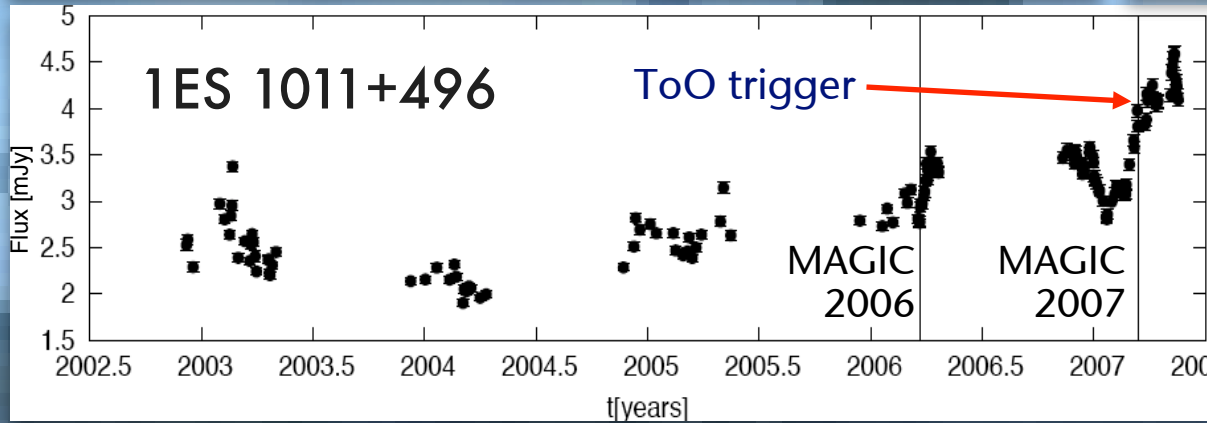
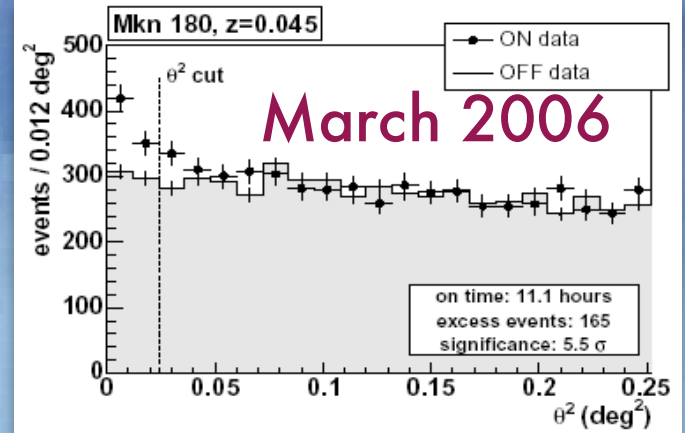
2-zone model would also work

Do Optical Triggers Work?

MAGIC Collab., ApJ 648 (2006) L105
 ApJ 667 (2007) L21
 ApJ 704 (2009) L129



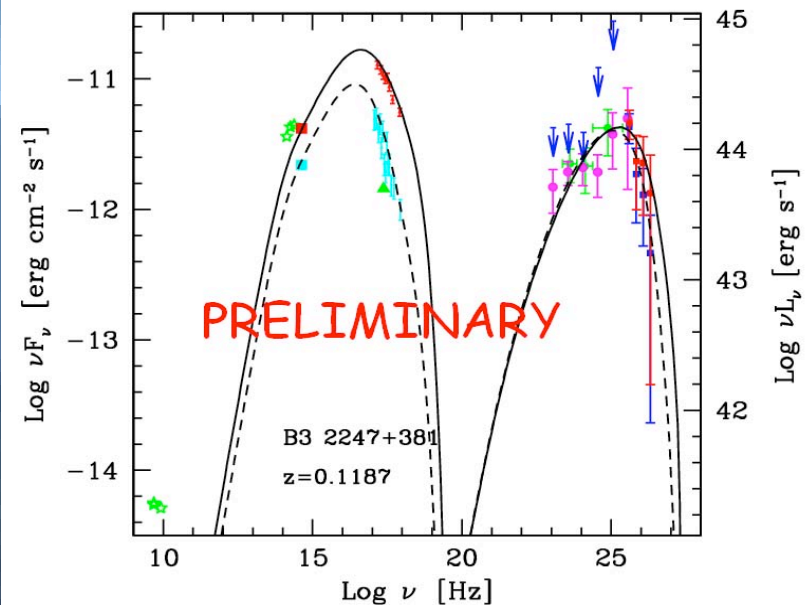
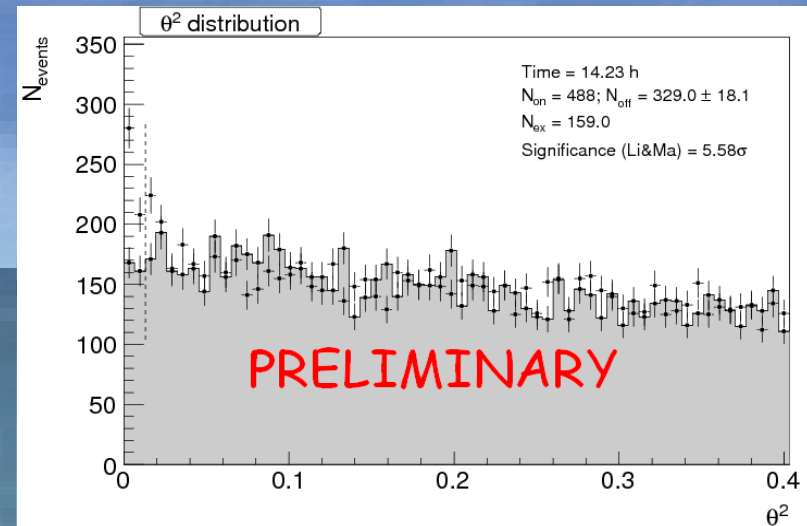
Optical light curves: KVA telescope, La Palma



A Continuing Success Story...

MAGIC Collab., ATel 2910
RFO released October 7, 2010

- Included in stacked HBL sample, no detection with MAGIC -I (Aleksić+ 2010)
- Another successful optical trigger, detection consistent with previous MAGIC upper limit \rightarrow variability unclear
- Integral flux ($E > 200$ GeV): $\approx 2.3\%$ C.U.
- Soft power law spectrum:
 $-3.2 \pm 0.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.5_{\text{sys}}$
- SED: narrow peaks, similar to PG 1553+113
- SSC model fit with parameters typical for HBLs



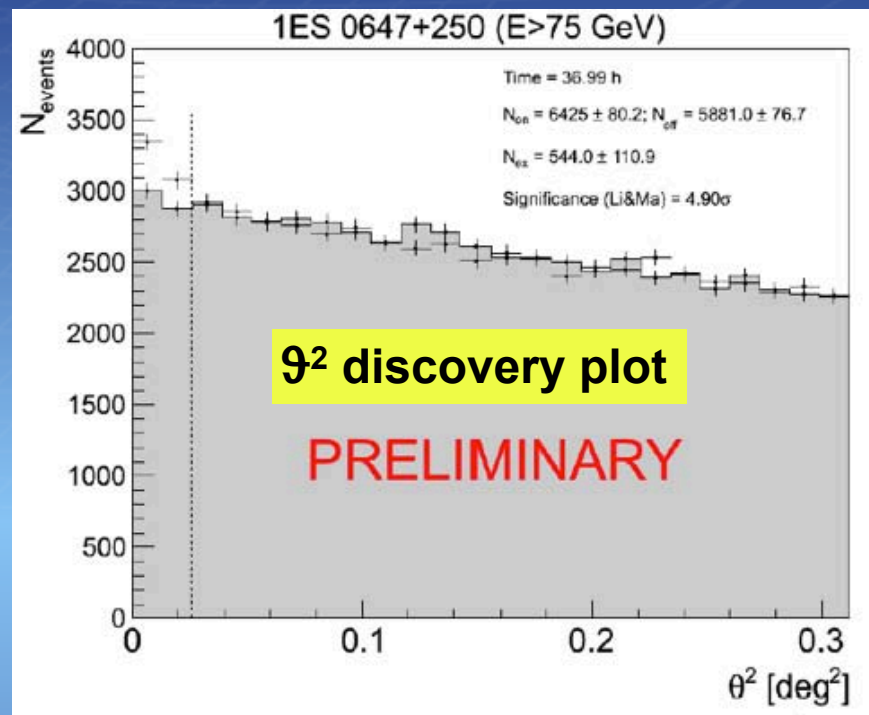
New Discoveries: 1ES 0647+250

De Lotto et al. (Proc. TAUP 2011)

MAGIC Collab.

released 9 Sept 2011

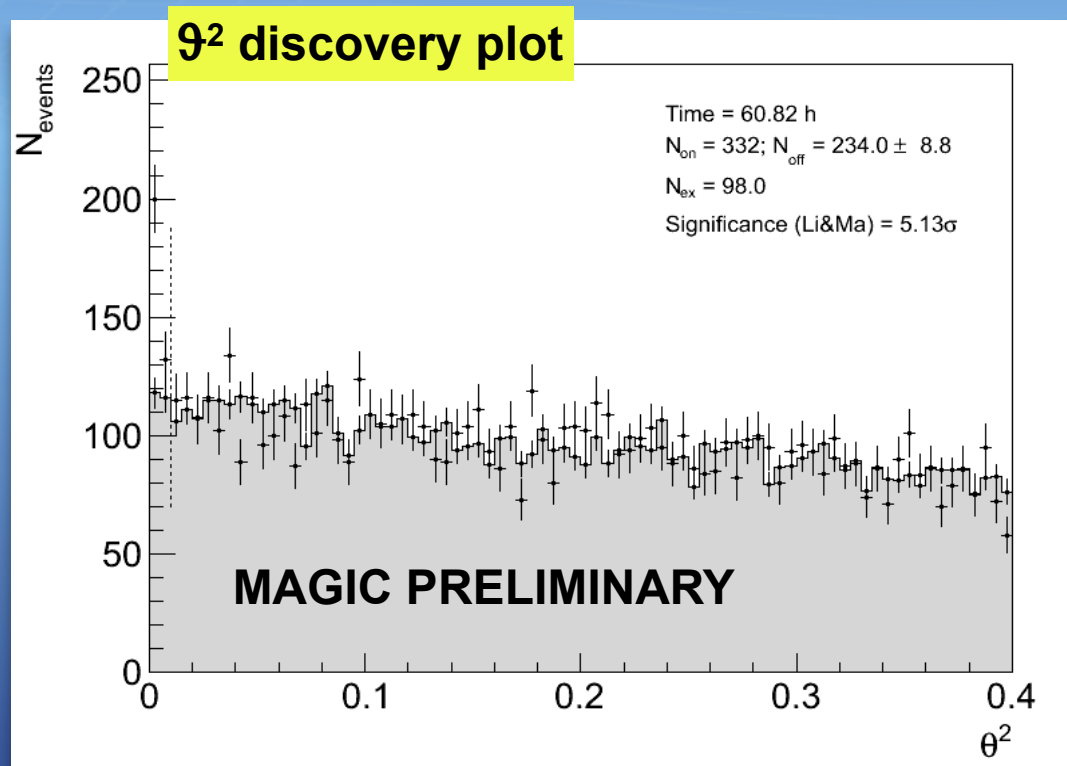
- HBL
- $z=0.45$ (Meisner+Romani10)
- $z=0.41$ (Kotilainen+11)
- Tentative detection at 4.9 sigma
- One of the best extragalactic TeV candidates after 2 years of Fermi-LAT data
- 30 hrs observations during 6 months w/ Swift, RXTE, Fermi-LAT
- prelim. flux estimation: $(3.0 \pm 0.7)\% \text{CU}$ above 100 GeV
- Analysis in progress



New Discoveries: 1ES 1741+196

Berger et al. (Proc. ICRC 2011)
MAGIC Collab.
released 13 July 2011

- HBL, $z=0.083$
- Host galaxy one of the most luminous and largest of all BL Lacs
- Triplet of interacting galaxies with tidel streams? Heidt+99
- Promising candidate from Costamante & Ghisellini list
- 60h of data, clear 5σ signal
- Hard spectrum
- Weakest AGN detected by MAGIC so far, start to explore mCrab regime
- Analysis ongoing

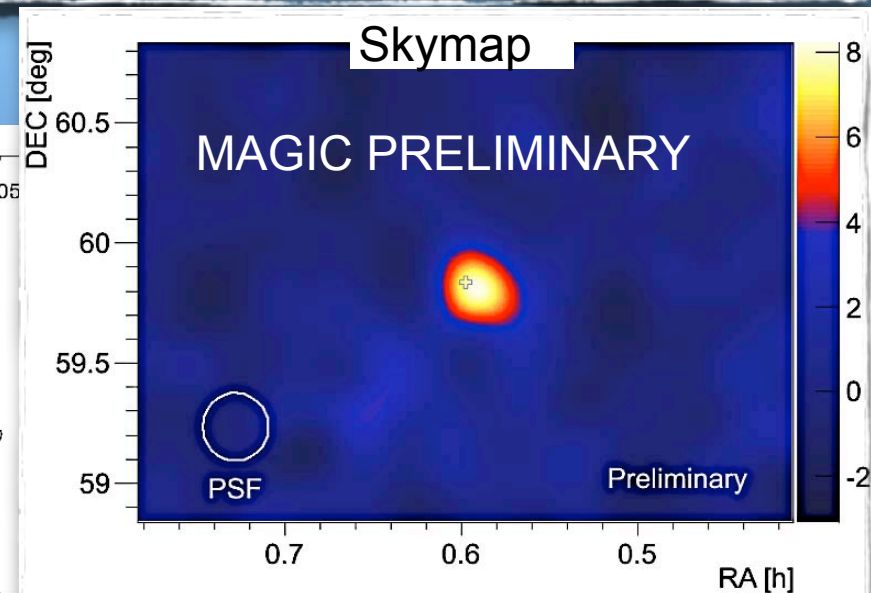
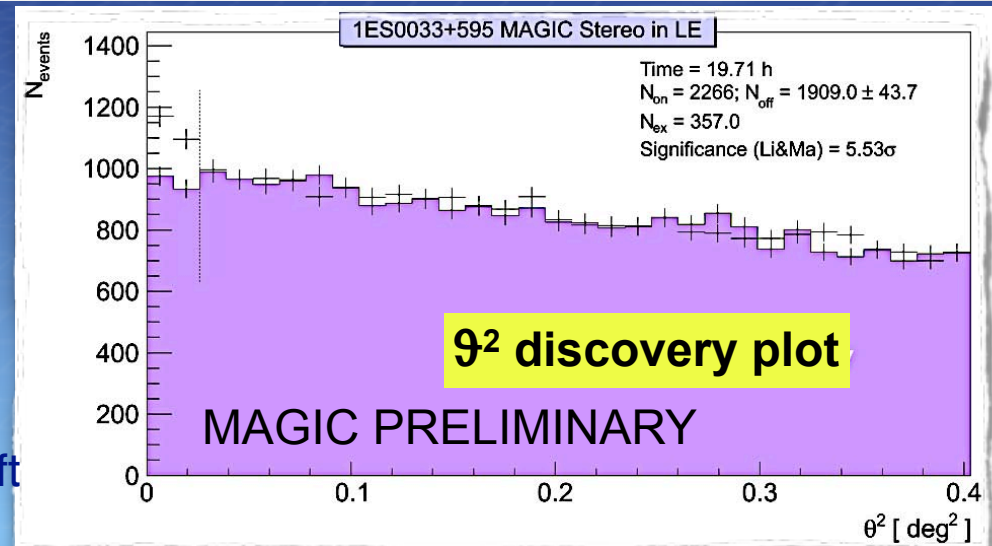
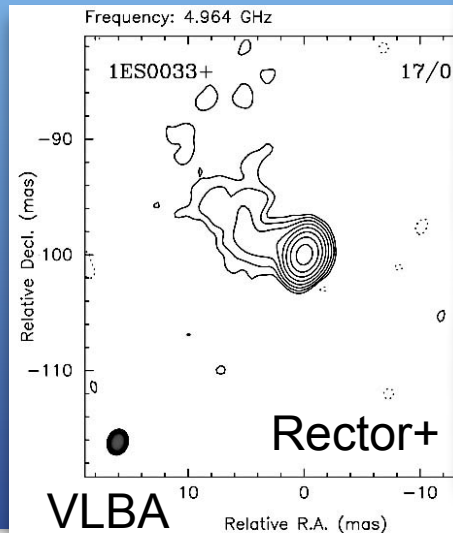
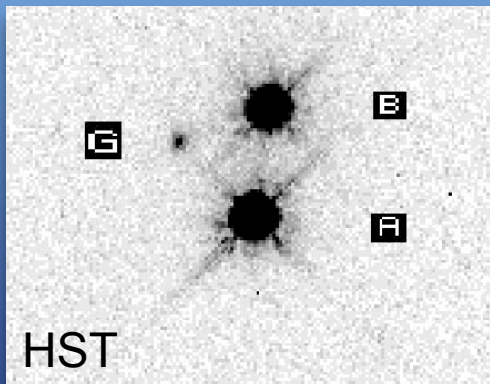


And one more: 1ES 0033+595

MAGIC Collab.
released Oct 27, 2011

Previous upper flux limit: 8.55% CU
($E_{thr}=165$ GeV)
Season 2009: 19.7h, 357 excess
events
August-October 2009
1.5% CU ($E_{thr}=150$ GeV)

- Host unresolved: no photometric redshift
- Morphology unclear: HST observes two point sources (comparable brightness)
- BUT VLBA (1997) only one radio counterpart



Mariotti et al., ATel. 3719

