Multi-messenger observations of Gamma Ray Bursts

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Astronomical messengers

Photons



Neutrinos



Cosmic Rays



Gravitational Waves



Big questions for neutrino astrophysics

- What are the sources of (galactic + extra galactic) cosmic rays?
 - GRBs are a plausible candidate source for extra galactic cosmic rays (but also AGNs, Galaxy clusters, etc ...)
- Are there dark sources of neutrinos?

– Choked GRBs?

Neutrinos from GRBs



Also possible: p-p neutrino production

Precursor neutrinos and choked GRBs Burst neutrinos Afterglow neutrinos

GRBs: Candidate sources for the highest energy cosmic-rays

IceCube: a one gigaton detector



Antares & KM3Net

French coast on the Mediterranean (2.5 km depth) 12 lines – 1000 PMTs – 15 Mtons In full operation since 2008 KM3Net proposed – Mediterranean At least as big as IceCube (with better view of the Galactic Center)



See Poster 11.04 E. Presani et al

By shear size, IceCube is more currently interesting for GRBs

IceCube search for neutrinos from GRBs



Delta Resonance: Neutrino spectrum traces photon spectrum Nuetrino fluence proportional to photon fluence

Achterberg A. et al. ApJ v664 p397, 2007 Abbasi R., et al. ApJ v710 p346, 2010 Abbasi R., et al. In preparation Achterberg A. *et al.* ApJ v674 p357, 2008 Abbasi R., et al. ApJ 701 p1721, 2009 I Taboada / GRB 2010

IceCube search for neutrinos from GRBs



DeepCore and Choked GRBs



Ando & Beacom reference SN @ 10 Mpc: 4 neutrinos (all flavors) in DeepCore Similar event rate in Antares

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Optical Follow-Up with ROTSE & PTF



Joint LIGO - IceCube search



Spatial PDF for LIGO (a) and IceCube (b)

See Poster 11.01 I. Bartos et al. for details on LIGO + IceCube Search will proceed on archival data for LIGO science run 5 in coincidence with IceCube

Aso Y et al. Class & Quant Grav, 2008

Conclusions

- Neutrinos can test whether GRBs are the sources of extragalactic cosmic rays
- IceCube is already below the default model prediction
- In 2-3 years IceCube's sensitivity will be an order of magnitude below default model prediction
- Choked GRBs can be searched by IceCube / DeepCore / Antares
- Multi-messenger programs in place with LIGO, ROTSE and PTF
- Upcoming program with Swift (XRT) follow up.

The IceCube Collaboration

USA:

Clark Atlanta U. Georgia Inst. Tech. LBNL – Berkeley Pennsylvania State U. Southern U. and A&M College U. Alabama - Tuscaloosa U. Alabama - Tuscaloosa U. Alaska - Anchorage U. California – Berkeley U. California – Berkeley U. California – Irvine U. Delaware & Bartol Res. Inst. U. Kansas U. Maryland U. Wisconsin – Madison U. Wisconsin – River Falls Sweden: Stockholm U.

Uppsala U.

U.K. U. Oxford

Netherlands: Utrecht U.

Belgium: U. Libre de Bruxelles U. Gent U. Mons-Hainaut Vrije U. Brussel **Germany:** DESY - Zeuthen Humboldt U. Max Planck Inst. - Heidelberg RWTH Aachen U. Dortmund U. Mainz U. Wuppertal

Switzerland: École Polytech. Fédérale - Lausanne **Japan:** Chiba U.

New Zealand: U. Canterbury

Antarctica: Amundsen-Scott Station

Detecting neutrinos at cosmological distances



For MeV scale the cross section is 14 orders of magnitude? I Taboada / GRB 2010

Neutrino detection

Tracks



O(km) muon tracks

 ✓ Good angular resolution IceCube: 1° Antares: 0.1°
✓ v_µ sensitivity



Light point sources

- ✓ Good energy resolution
- \checkmark No directionality
- ✓ 4π sensitivity
- ✓ All flavor sensitivity

Neutrinos from SN 2008D

✓ X-ray flash provides (more)
precise SN time

✓ Slow Jet model Razzaque et al. PRD, 2003 Ando and Beacom, PRL 2005

 ✓ Proof of principle
✓ 0.1 evts in IceCube 22-strings if jet points to Earth
✓ Γ_b = 3, E_j = 3x10⁵¹ erg
✓ No signal found





Abbasi R. et al. Submitted to A&A GRB 2010

Choked GRBs and precursor neutrinos

- Jets with low Γ still inside progenitor star
 - \rightarrow TeV neutrinos
- Possibly large fraction of "choked" bursts
 - → only detectable with "rolling window"



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