8th International Fermi Symposium October 14–19, 2018

October 14-13, 2010

Dieter Hartmann Clemson University Department of Physics & Astronomy The Location and Environments of Neutron Star Mergers

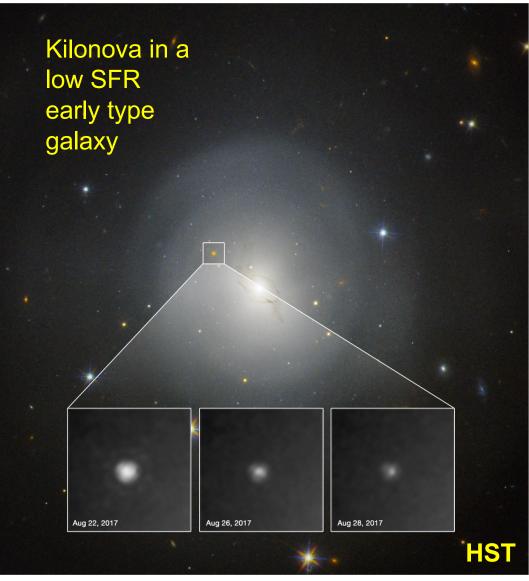
The Location and Environments of Neutron Star Mergers

in an Evolving Universe

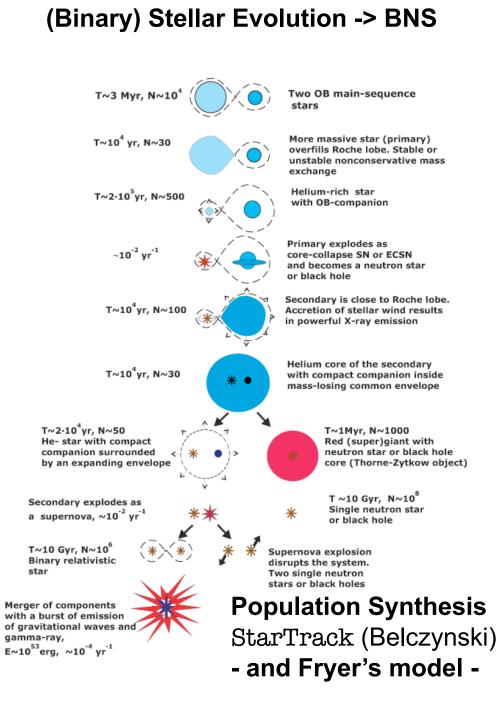
ApJ, 865, 27, 2018, 9/20

Brandon K. Wiggins Christopher L. Fryer Joseph M. Smidt Dieter Hartmann Nicole Lloyd-Ronning Chris Belcynski

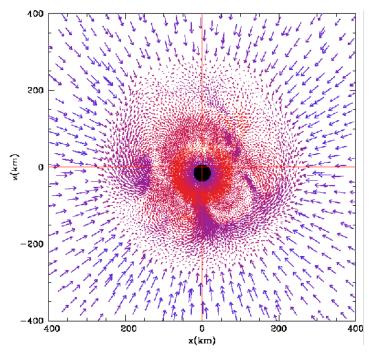


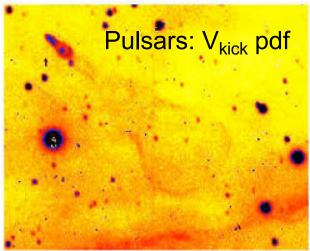


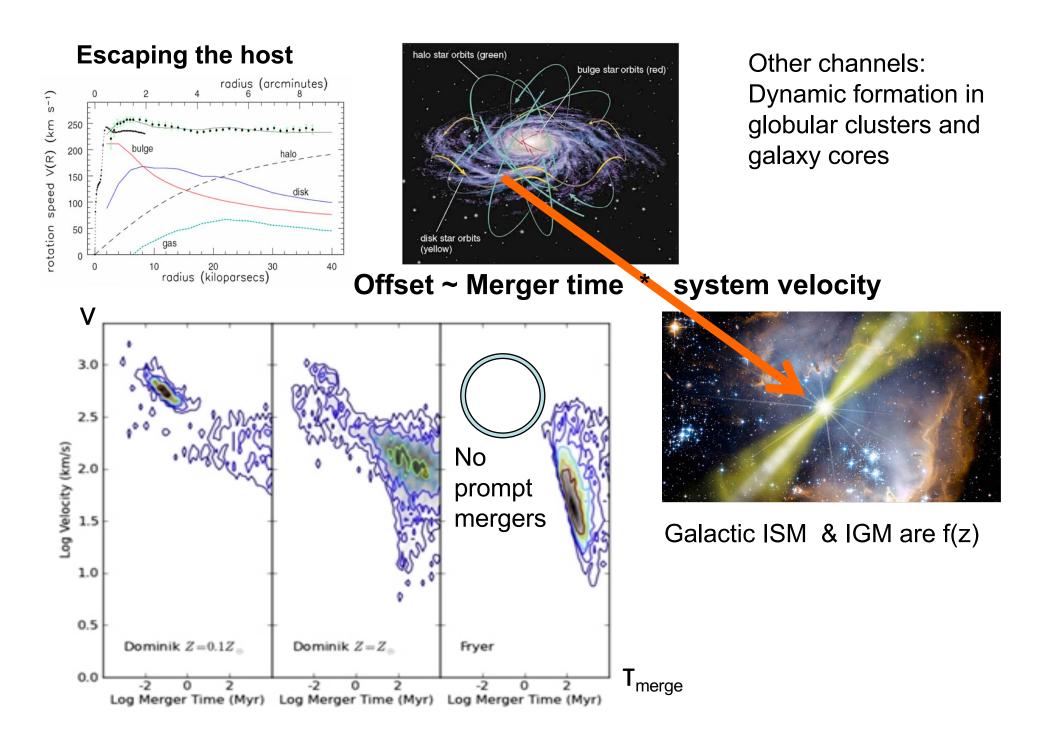
Afterglow properties depend on the merger environment which depends on merger location in an evolving baryonic environment

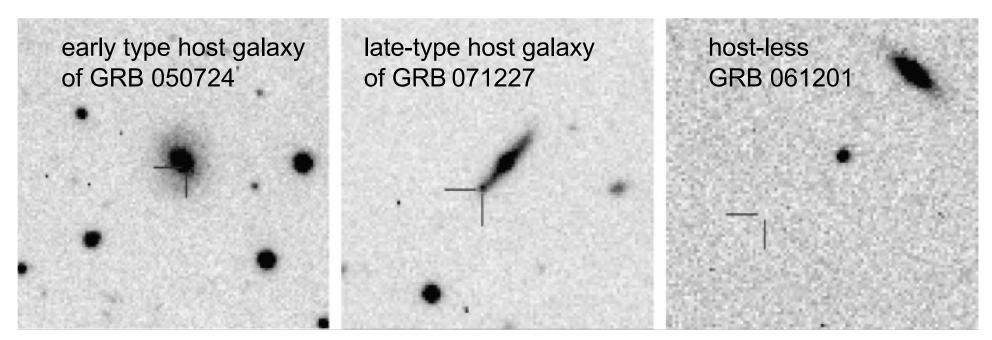


Neutron star kicks (~ few 100 km s⁻¹





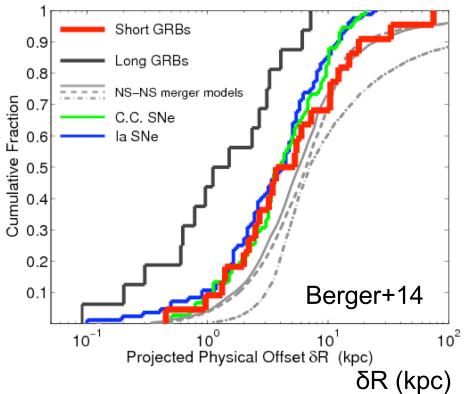


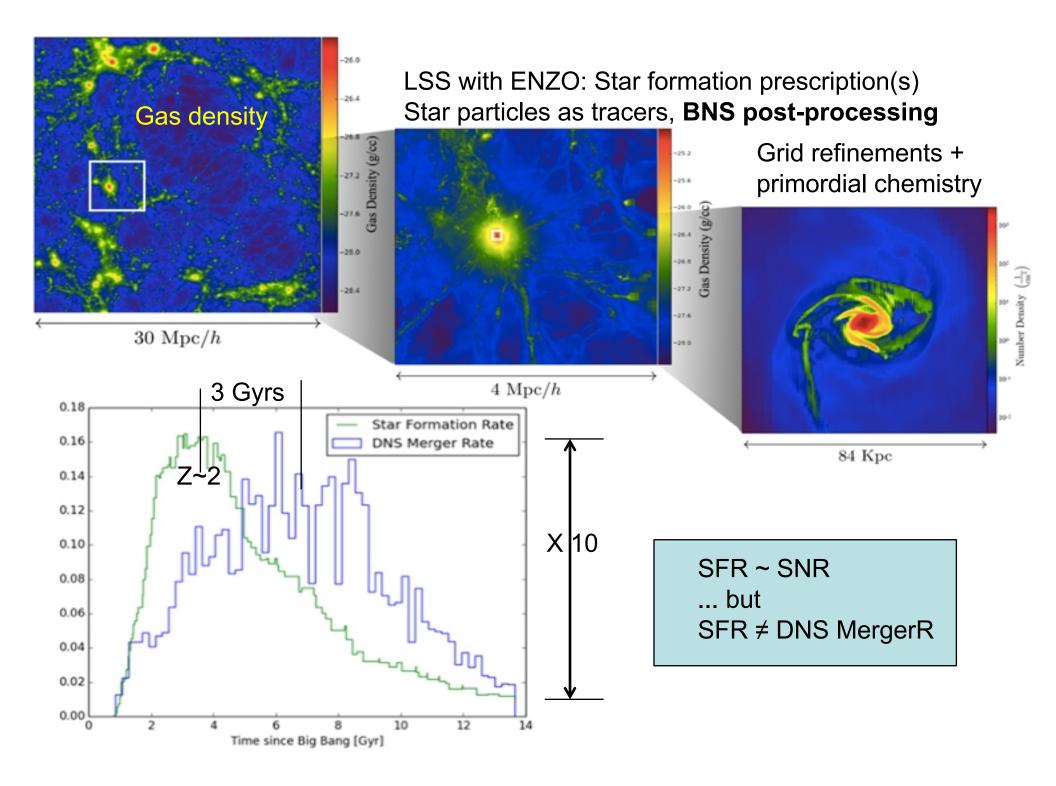


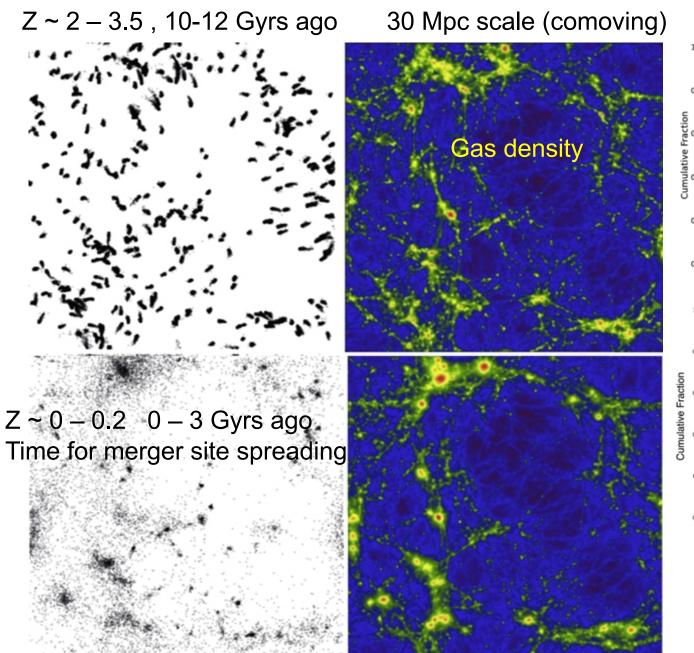
P. D'Avanzo 2015: All images in *R*-band with ESO-VLT / FORS.

The offset distribution was one of the key arguments in support of the sGRB – BNS paradigm

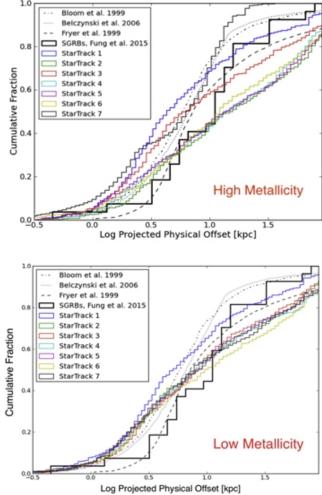
Fryer, Woosley, DH 1999 Several groups: Simple galactic dynamics





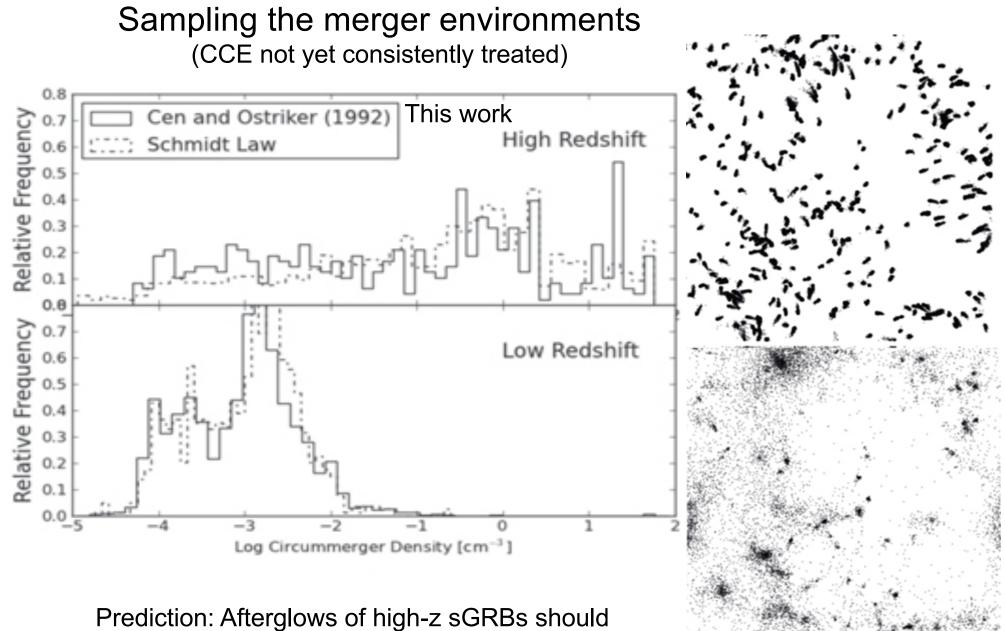


Offset Distributions

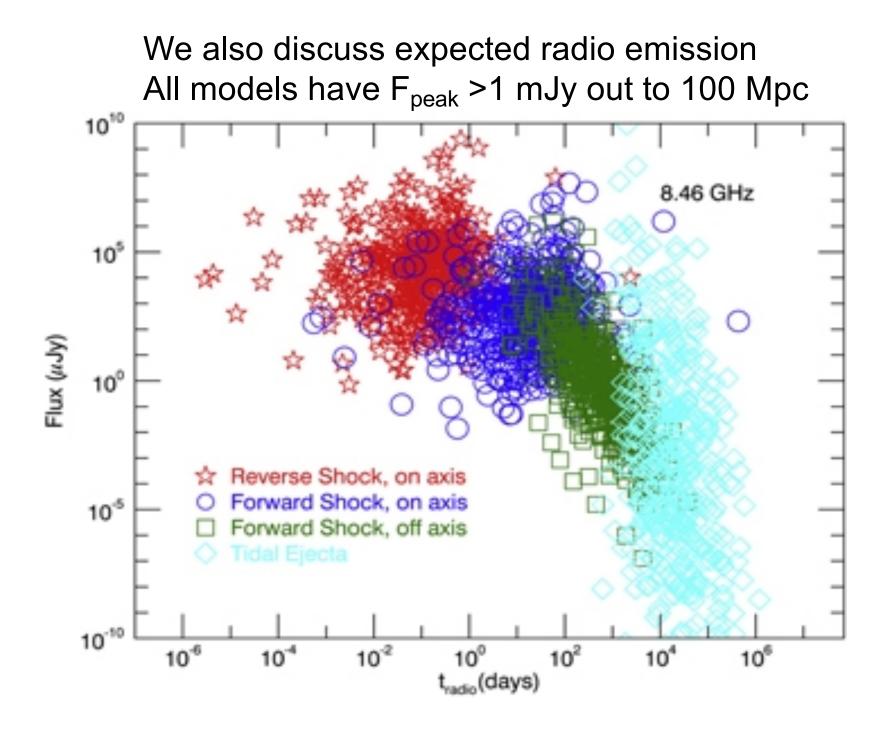


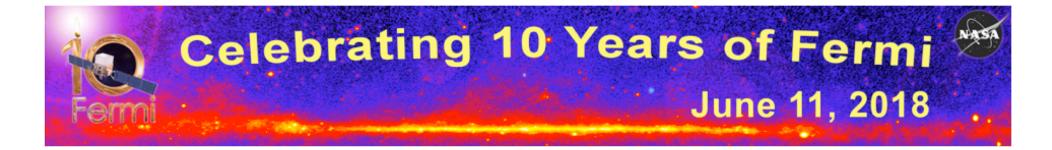
Message: future observations will constrain popsyn

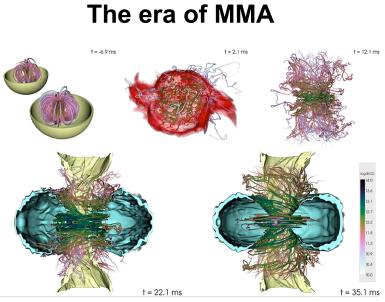
Figure 5 & 6 from The Location and Environments of Neutron Star Mergers in an Evolving Universe Brandon K. Wiggins et al. 2018 ApJ 865 27 doi:10.3847/1538-4357/aad2d4



be stronger than those at low-z.







Kawamura et al., 2016, PRD 94, 064012

GW170917 implies a BNS merger rate density $\sim 1.5 \text{ yr}^{-1} / (100 \text{ Mpc})^3$ (Abbott et al. 2017) ONE EVENT

Population Synthesis models can not yield such high rates – by a factor of ~ 100 !!! (Belczynski et al. 2018) – BBH rates OK

Models may need to be revised/extended or new BNS formation channels may be needed.

MESSAGE

More sGRB observations and further refined LSS/CCE simulations plus BNS post processing are needed to yield pdfs $\phi(z)$, $\phi(R_{offset})$, etc., to refine popsyn models