Kink-Driven Transient Quasi-Periodic Oscillations In Blazars Haocheng Zhang[†] (UMBC/CRESST II/NASA GSFC), Pablo Peñil (Clemson University) [†]haocheng.zhang@nasa.gov

What is Kink Instability?

- □ Kink instability is a magnetic-driven plasma instability.
- It happens when the toroidal magnetic field is strong and the plasma jet propagates a long distance, natural to blazar jets.
- Kink instability is by nature a quasi-periodic structure and can develop turbulence.



How does Kink Drive Quasi-Periodic Oscillations (QPOs)?

- □ Kink can cause quasi-periodic energy dissipation in the central spine of the jet, where the poloidal magnetic field component is strong.
- Alternatively, a shock may propagate through the quasi-periodic structure of the kinked region, enhancing the toroidal magnetic field component and dissipate energy at the shock front.



What are the Observable Properties of Kink-Driven QPOs? Period should be $\frac{R}{v_{tr}\delta}$ for QPOs from kink itself, or $\frac{L}{v_{sh}\delta}$ for QPOs from shock in a kinked jet. For typical blazars the **period is between day to** month.

What do Observations Say?

BL Lac shows correlated QPOs in Fermi and optical flux and polarization during an active state.
 QPOs last about 15 cycles. Both periodogram and MCMC model fit converge to a period of ~0.5 day.
 Radio band reveals a curved jet, which can be the large-scale jet spine affected by kink instabilities.



- Both flux and polarization should show
 QPOs. And the two QPOs are correlated
 because Stokes I and Q have the same period.
- QPOs are transient and can only last a few to ten-ish periods. QPOs in flux and polarization may be contaminated by turbulence.
- Radio observation may show a curved jet that resembles a kink instability.



How to Find More Kink-Driven QPOs?

□ High-cadence optical polarization data is necessary to confirm kink-driven QPOs.

- Fermi can send alerts for potential transient QPO if two to three cycles are observed to trigger highcadence optical polarization monitoring campaign. If the same period continues a few more cycles in Fermi and optical polarization, a candidate kink-driven QPO is detected.
- □ If the observational data can **pass multiple QPO data analysis tests and yield the same period**, and the **MCMC model fitting** based on kink instabilities **converge to the same period**, and the differences between the model curves and actual data all follow Gaussian distributions, which are likely due to turbulence, then the event can be confirmed as a kink-driven QPO event.
- Kink-driven QPOs can happen to all kinds of blazars. However, for high synchrotron peaked blazars,
 - the **correlated flux and polarization QPOs are likely in the X-ray and TeV bands**, which can only be observed by IXPE and TeV Cherenkov telescopes.
- There are already a number of transient QPOs in optical and Fermi bands in literature. However, except for the above BL Lac observation, none of them have sufficient optical polarization data.
 A new paper detailing how to observe and model kink-driven QPOs is in progress, stay tuned!

What New Physics can be Learnt from Kink-Driven QPOs?

- Direct evidence that the **jet is magnetic-driven**.
- □ Direct evidence that the **blazar zone is considerably magnetized**.
- Direct evidence that nonthermal particles are accelerated via magnetic reconnection.
- □ Strong constraints on the size of the blazar zone.
- Strong constraints on the jet energy partition and dissipation during its propagation.

References

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