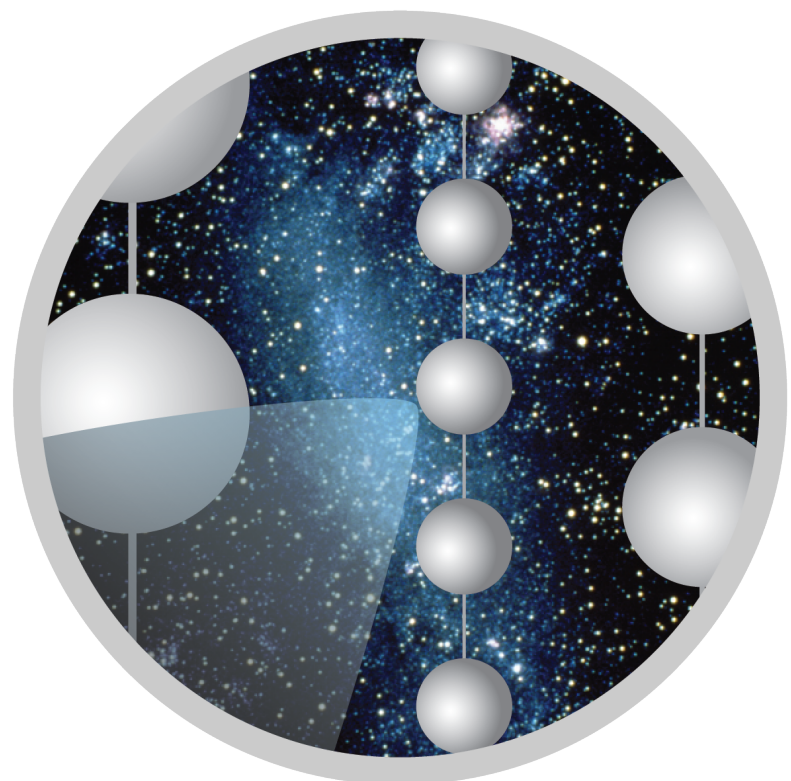




Search for Astrophysical Neutrinos from the 4FGL Galactic Plane Sources with the Pion Bump Signature

Mehr Un Nisa, Alejandra Granados, Rishi Babu
Michigan State University

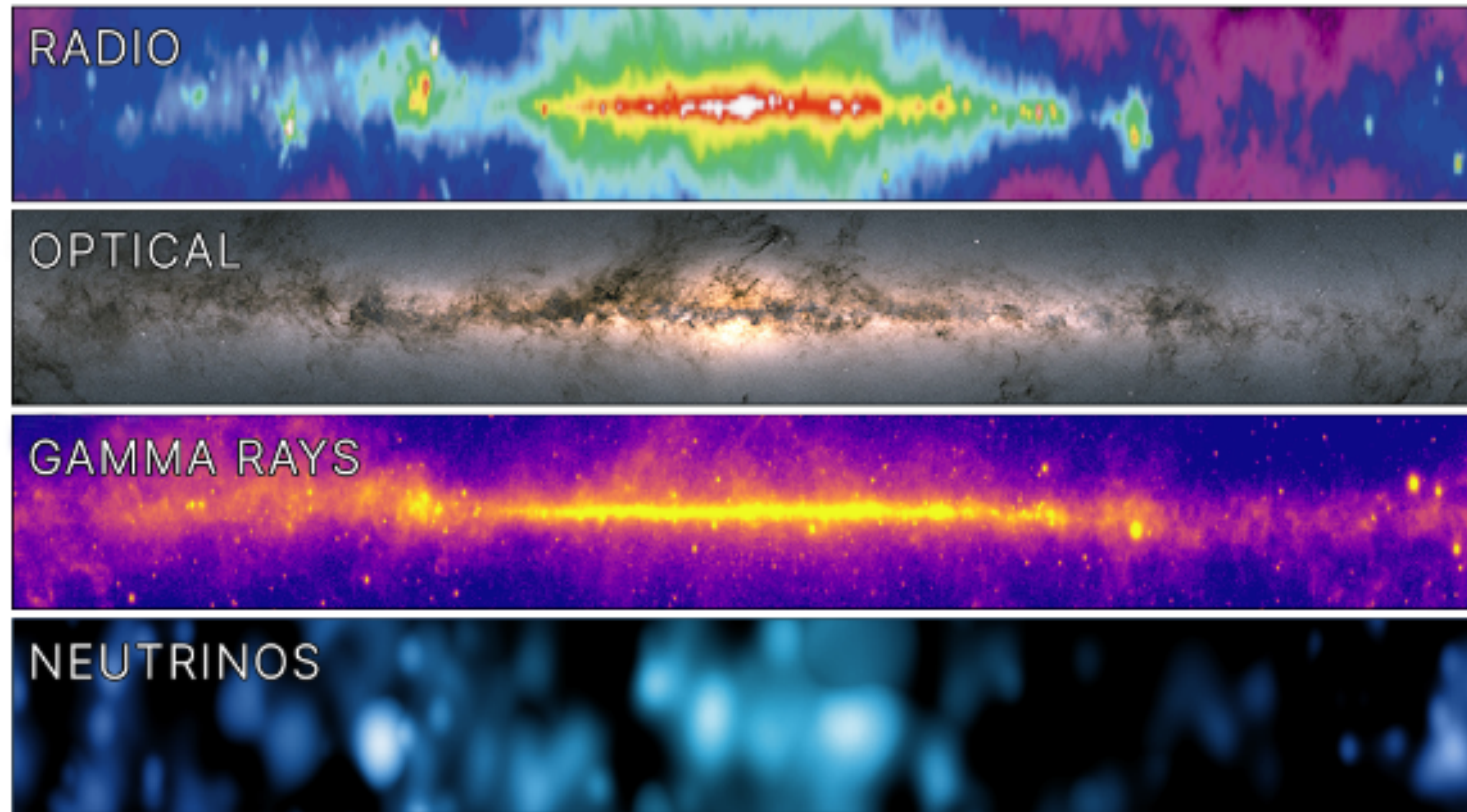


ICECUBE



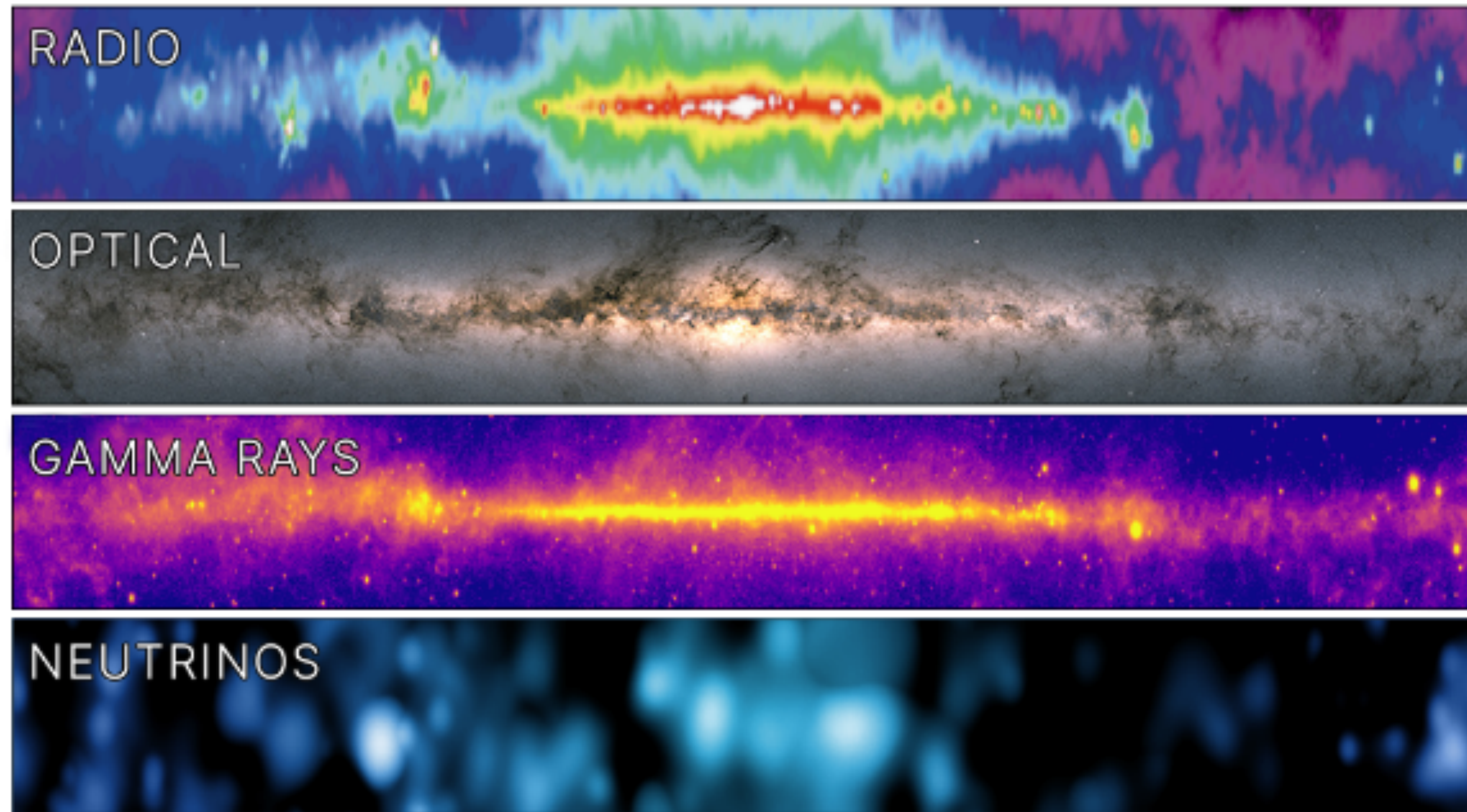
MICHIGAN STATE
UNIVERSITY

Galactic Diffuse Neutrino Sky



- Observation of a diffuse neutrino flux concentrated along the Galactic Plane (see Steve Sclafani’s talk Parallel 11A)
- π^0 spatial model : spatial template that incorporates the MeV to GeV π^0 component, inferred from the gamma-ray emission.
- Where are the galactic sources of neutrinos?
- What is the exact nature of correlations between gamma rays and neutrinos?

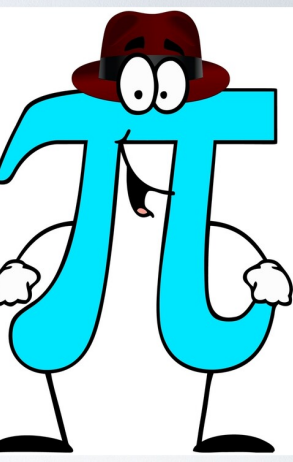
Galactic Diffuse Neutrino Sky



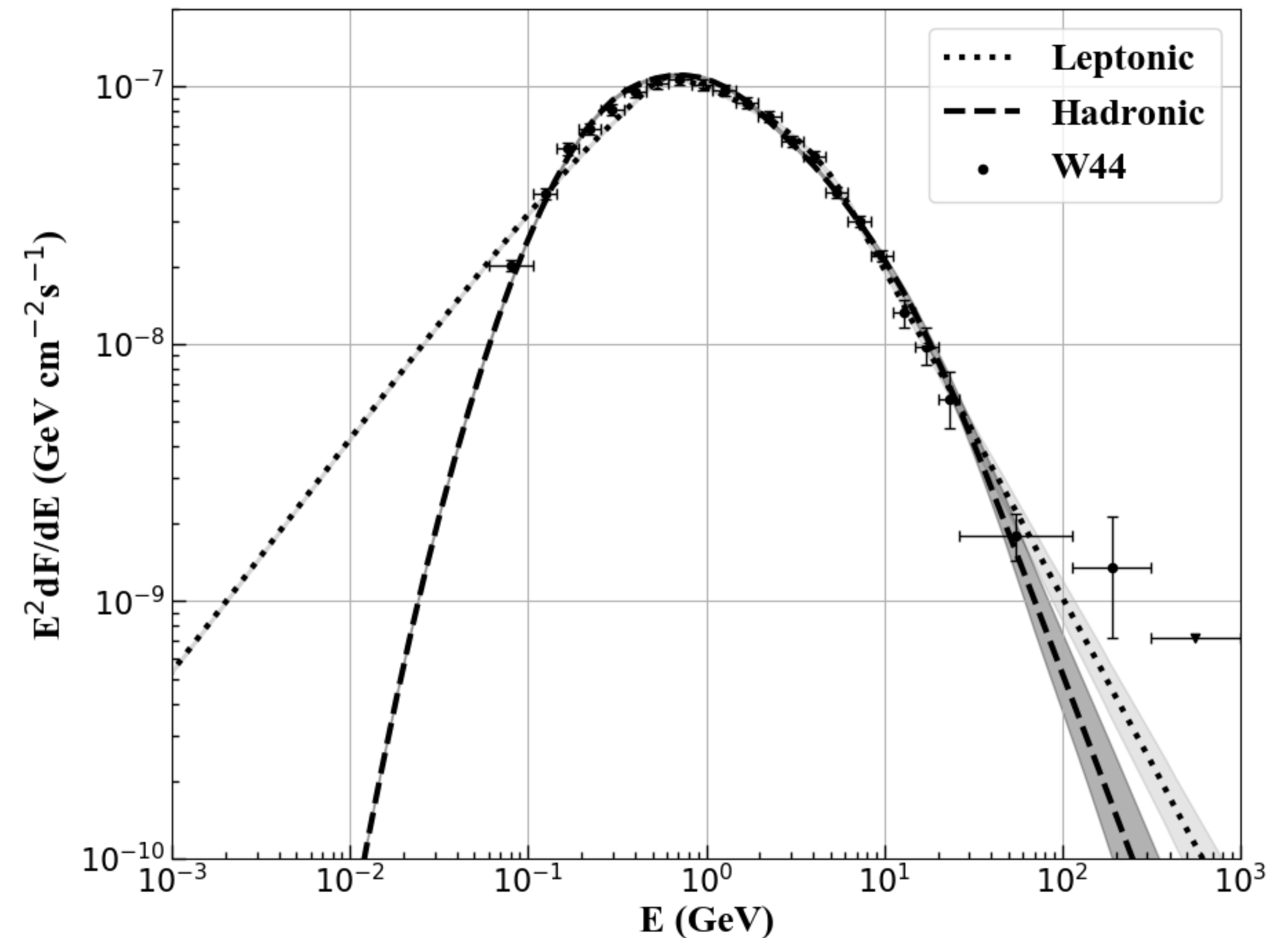
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- Where are the galactic sources of neutrinos?
- What is the exact nature of correlations between gamma rays and neutrinos?

Unresolved sources?

From the π^0 Template to the π^0 bump



- Distinct signature of hadronic gamma rays
- Hard to detect with Fermi-LAT's energy dispersion.
- Energy resolution of LAT above 1 GeV: <10%
- ~20% at 100 MeV and ~28% at 30 MeV
- Previously Observed around SNRs (IC443, W44)
- Can manifest as low-energy spectral break in sources around 200 MeV



arXiv: 2406.03691

Confirmed Low-energy Spectral Breaks in 4FGL Sources

- Updated LAT analysis confirmed characteristic break in 56 sources between 50 MeV and 1 GeV

Abdollahi, S., "Search for New Cosmic-Ray Acceleration Sites within the 4FGL Catalog Galactic Plane Sources", *The Astrophysical Journal*, Vol. 933, No. 2, 2022.

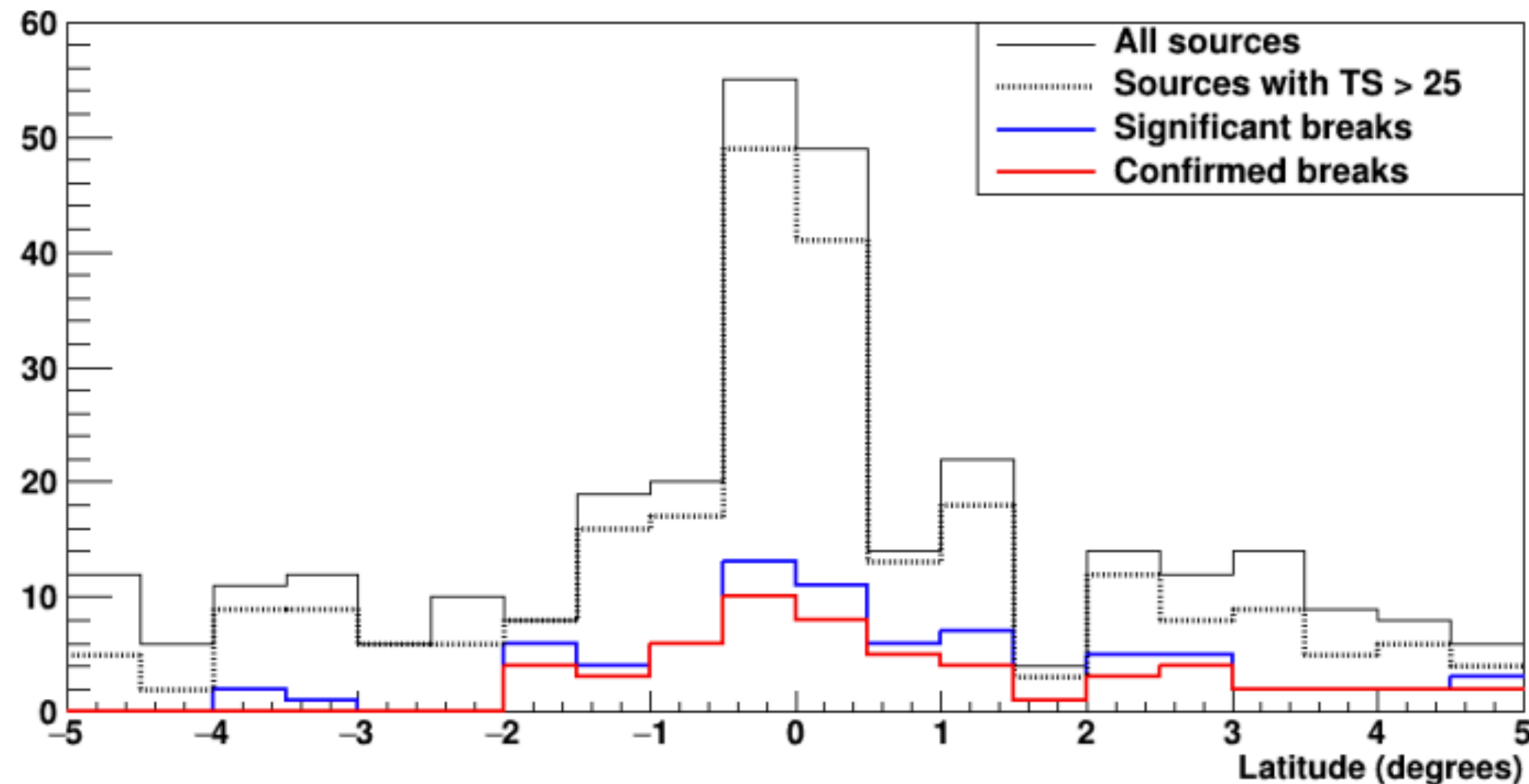
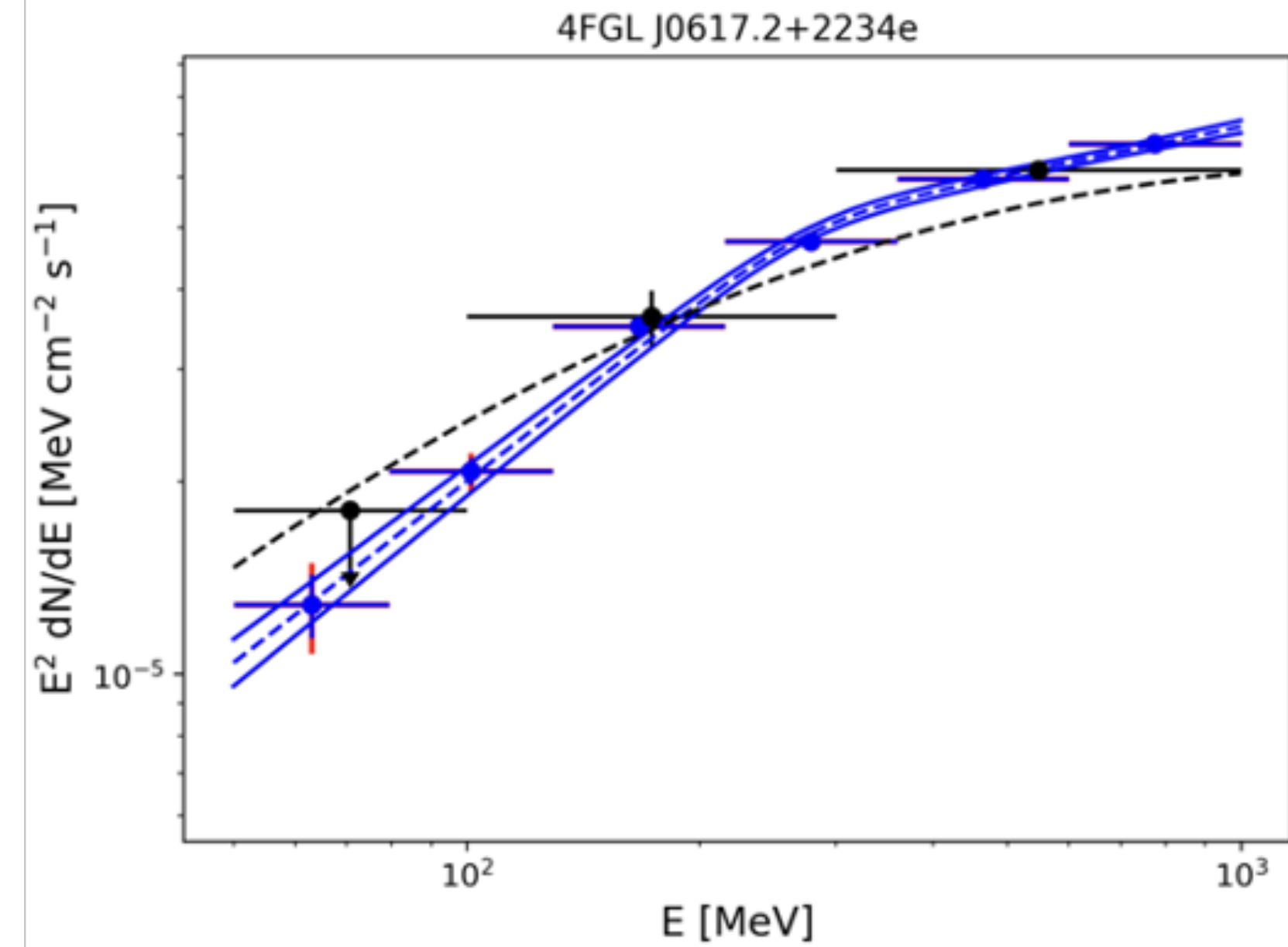
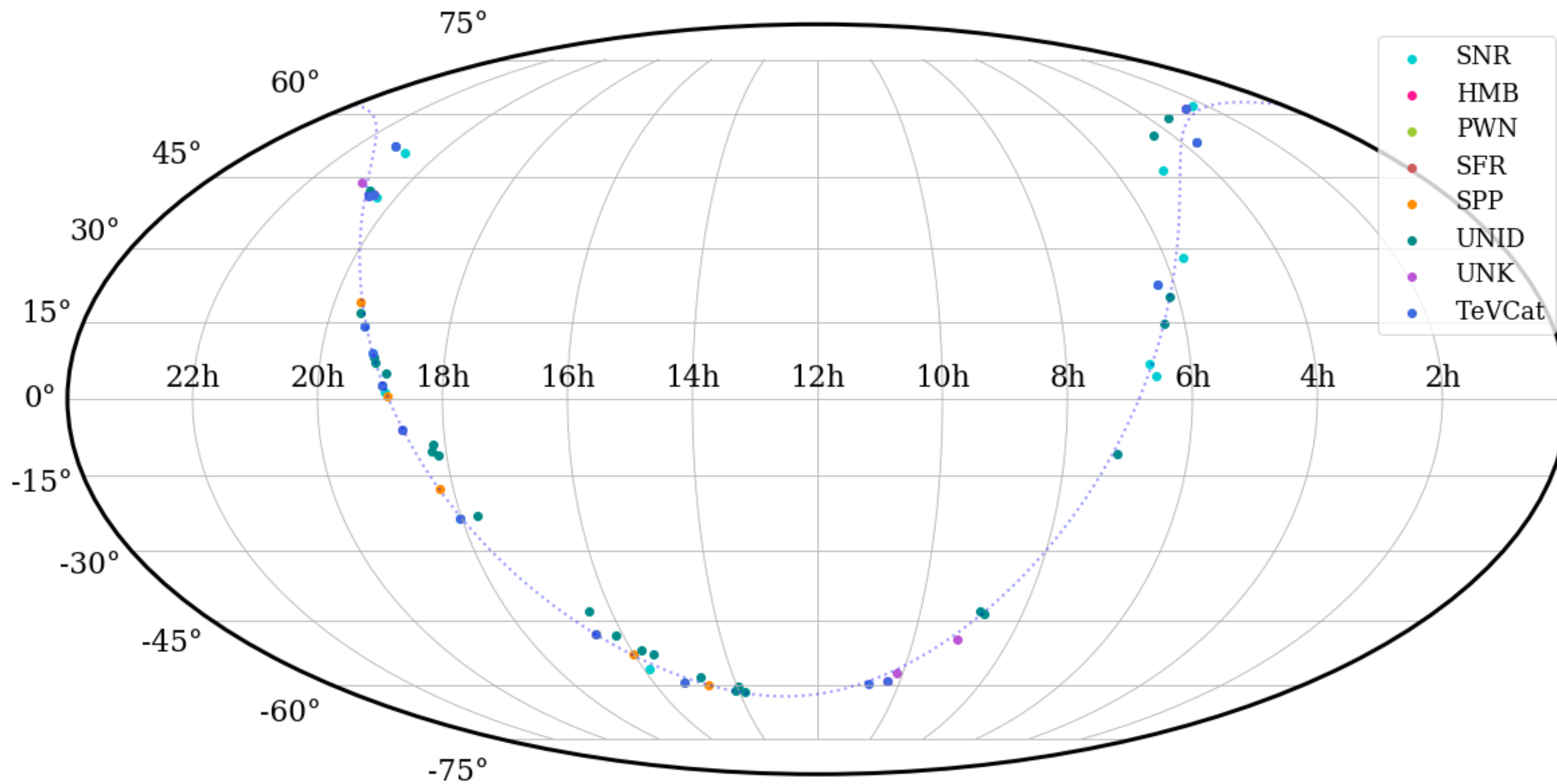
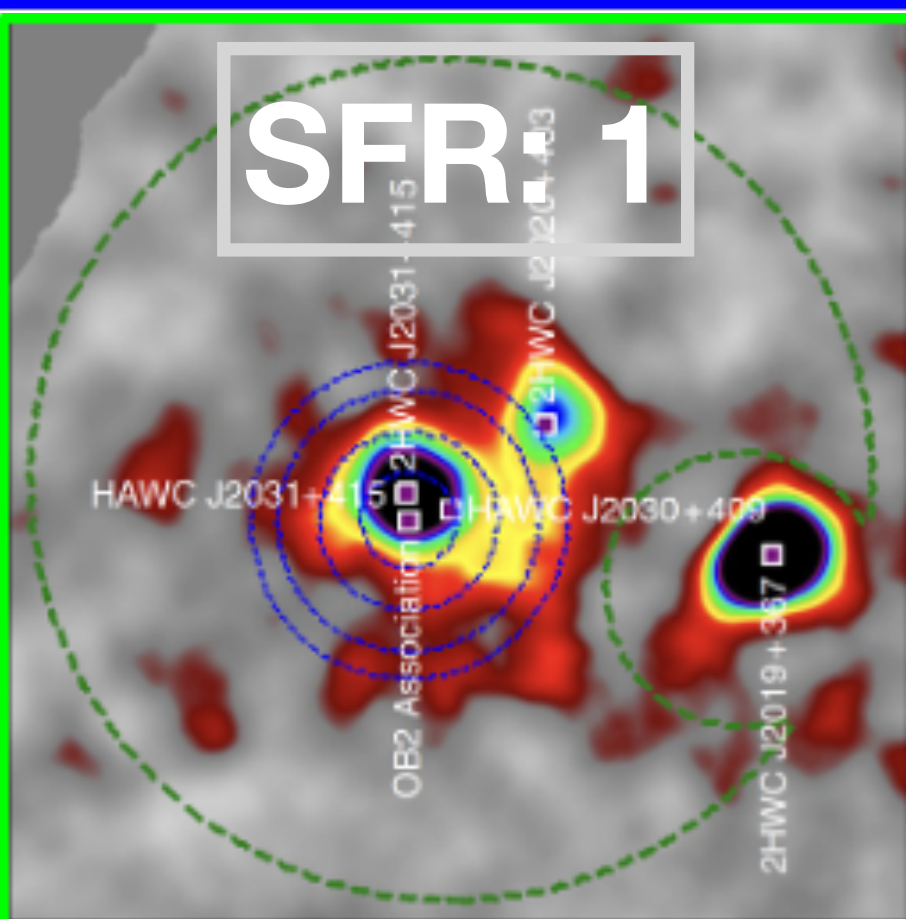
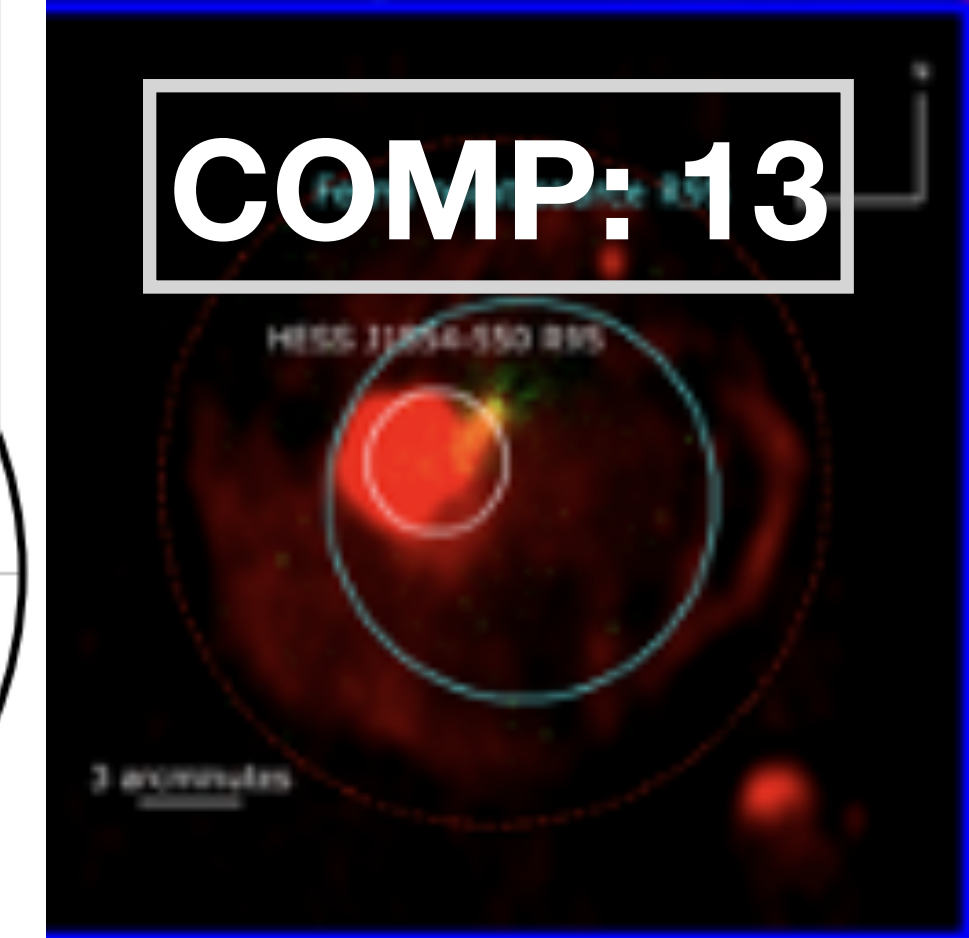
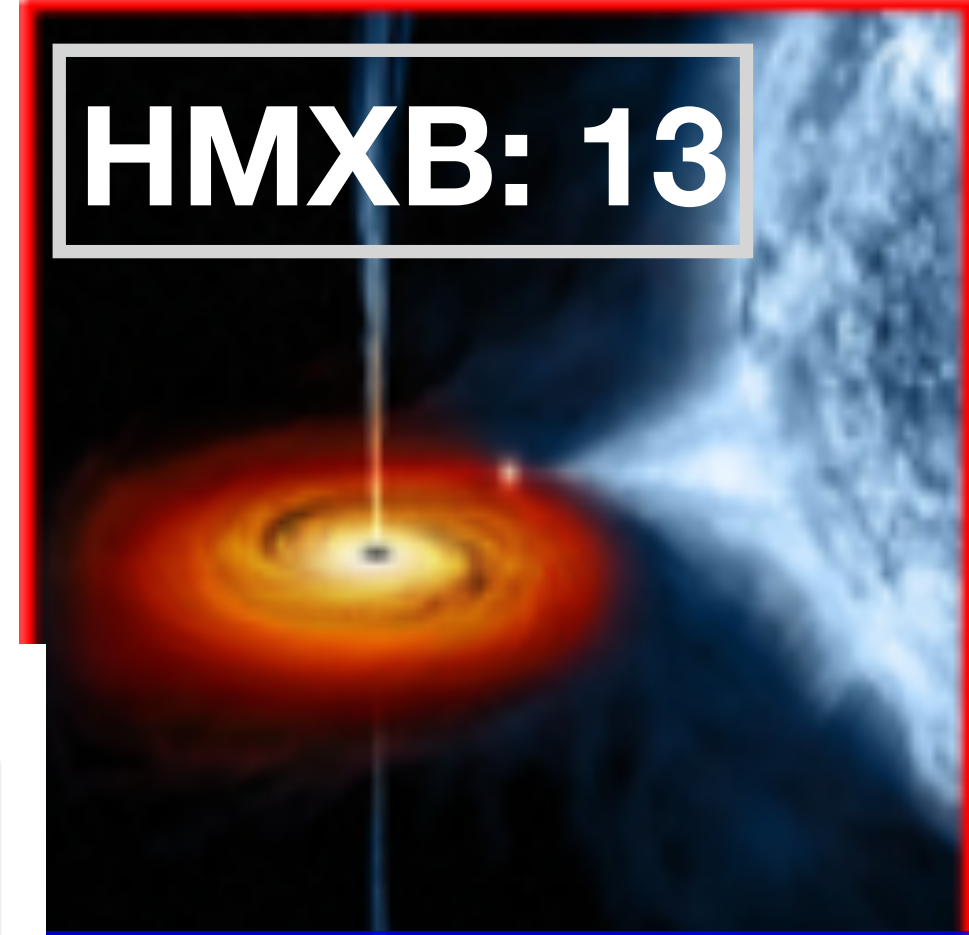
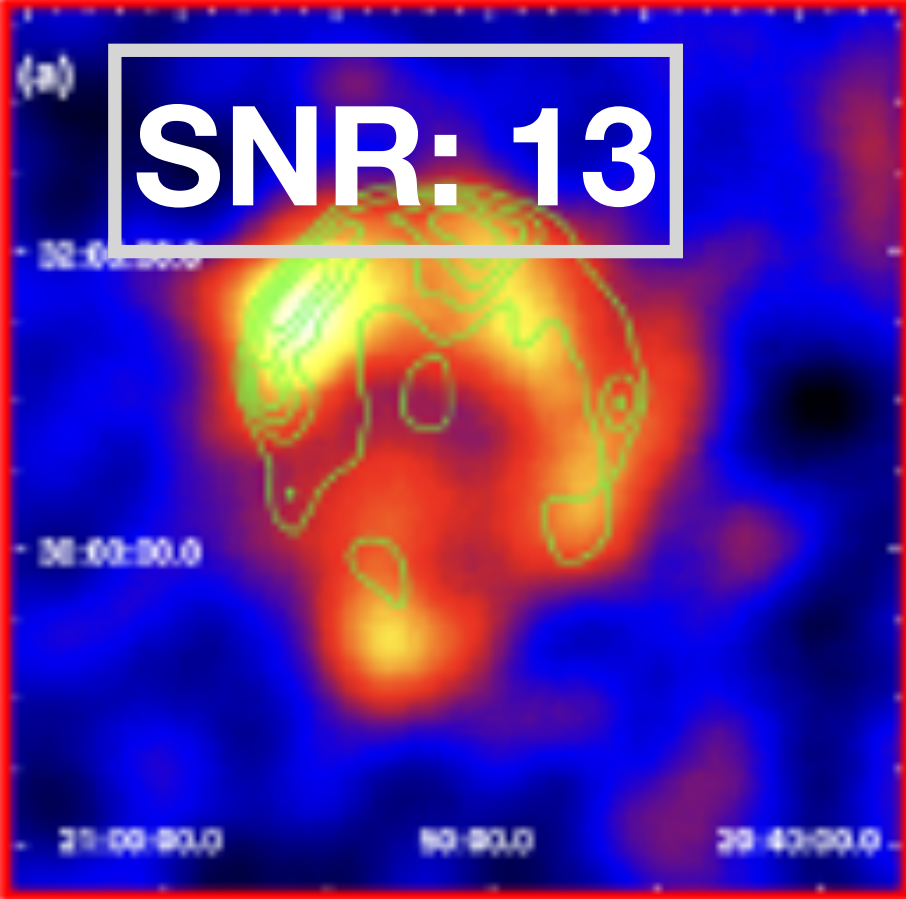


Table 4. Spectral parameters of all confirmed sources showing a significant break

4FGL Name	I(50 – 1000) 10 ⁻⁶ (MeV/cm ² /s)	ΔI(50 – 1000) stat/syst	E _{break} (MeV)	ΔE _{break} stat/syst	Γ ₁	ΔΓ ₁ stat/syst	Γ ₂	ΔΓ ₂ stat/syst
4FGL J0222.4+6156e	47.8	2.7/0.6	465	78/40	1.35	0.14/0.03	2.34	0.21/0.14
4FGL J0240.5+6113	237.6	1.9/6.6	142	10/74	1.63	0.03/0.36	2.10	0.02/0.10
4FGL J0330.7+5845	3.2	0.5/0.3	367	38/52	-0.68	0.75/0.81	3.42	0.64/0.21
4FGL J0340.4+5302	34.1	1.3/5.8	284	43/116	1.60	0.14/0.38	3.27	0.23/0.35
4FGL J0426.5+5434	15.1	0.8/0.9	338	47/80	1.25	0.16/0.35	2.50	0.18/0.07
4FGL J0500.3+4639e	11.6	1.0/1.6	252	43/107	0.14	0.61/1.06	2.17	0.19/0.08
4FGL J0540.3+2756e	14.8	1.5/4.8	493	82/146	0.90	0.25/0.54	2.64	0.52/0.37
4FGL J0609.0+2006	4.7	0.7/0.8	499	134/59	0.11	0.67/0.56	3.52	0.66/0.35
4FGL J0617.2+2234e	122.5	2.4/1.1	276	19/3	1.06	0.05/0.03	1.75	0.03/0.03
4FGL J0620.4+1445	3.2	0.6/0.4	355	36/55	0.26	0.44/0.36	4.03	0.71/0.63
4FGL J0634.2+0436e	24.1	1.4/15.5	243	41/121	1.07	0.13/0.50	2.00	0.13/0.26
4FGL J0639.4+0655e	36.6	3.3/19.2	233	31/167	-0.13	0.66/0.95	2.51	0.23/0.59
4FGL J0709.1-1034	5.1	0.8/2.2	351	57/23	0.06	0.90/0.25	3.40	0.56/0.36
4FGL J0844.1-4330	15.2	2.6/2.4	159	28/76	0.35	0.19/0.46	3.28	0.20/0.41
4FGL J0850.8-4239	10.8	1.4/1.7	424	83/26	1.24	0.12/0.11	3.71	0.30/0.03
4FGL J0904.7-4908c	10.6	0.7/1.4	402	12/173	1.10	0.07/1.19	2.99	0.16/0.71
4FGL J1008.1-5706c	12.3	1.6/5.1	409	76/37	0.96	0.43/0.55	3.40	0.64/0.33
4FGL J1018.9-5856	130.0	3.4/11.9	73	1/24	0.32	0.02/0.31	1.98	0.02/0.05
4FGL J1045.1-5940	49.8	2.3/6.0	525	26/178	1.12	0.05/0.17	2.12	0.11/0.14
4FGL J1351.6-6142	26.9	2.7/12.5	125	8/22	-0.87	0.17/0.59	2.37	0.12/0.30

Source Properties



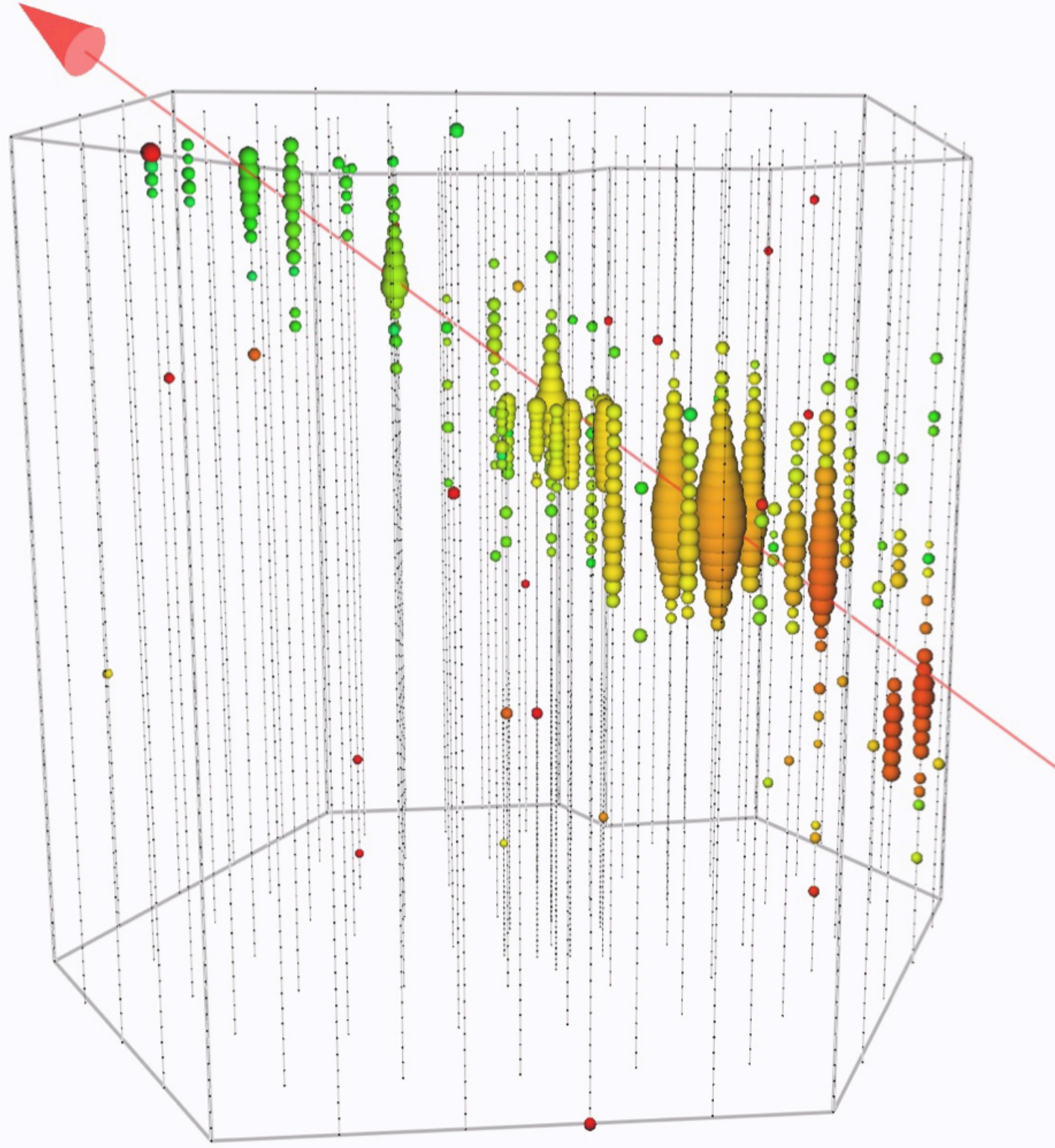
TeV associations: 16

UNK: 4
UNID: 26

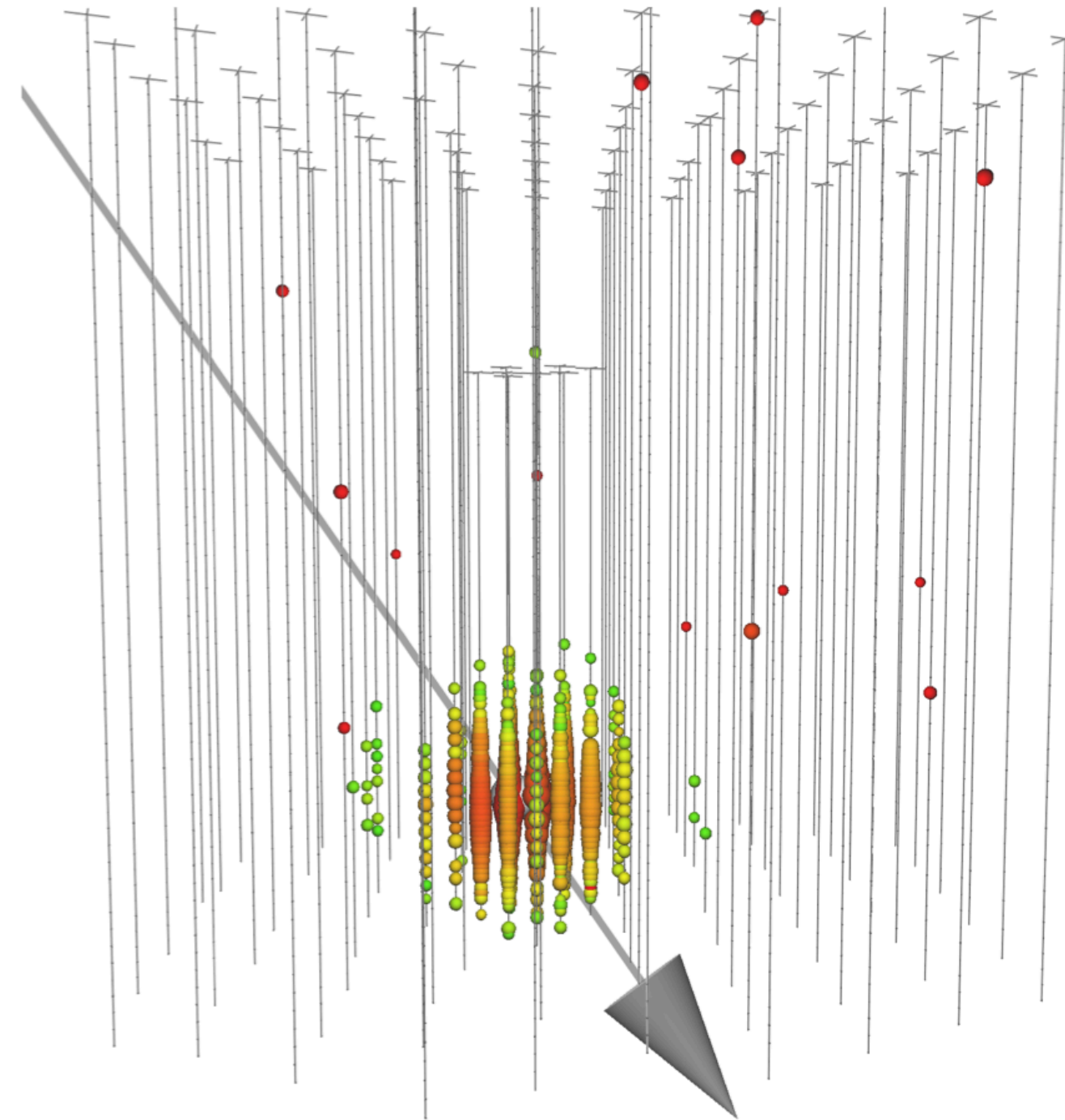


IceCube Analysis

Track
Charged Current ν_μ



Cascade
Neutral Current,
Charged Current ν_e or ν_τ



- **Combined dataset of 11 years of tracks and 10 years of cascade events**
- **Stacking various source classes, weighted by source gamma-ray flux**
- **Catalog search with all 56 sources**

Pointing



Signal

Point-source signal?

Analysis Details

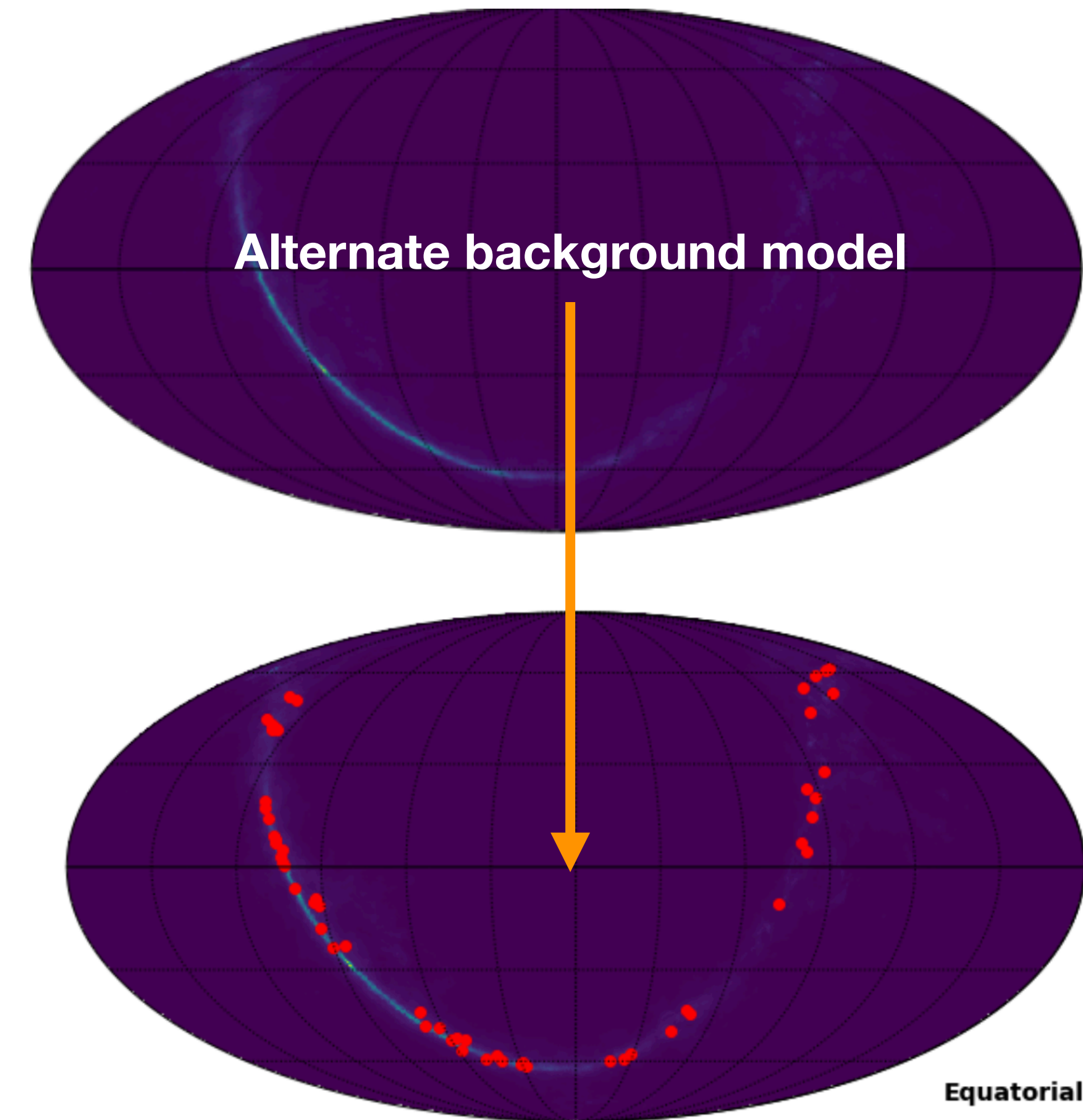
Sensitivity flux: Flux which 90% of the time generates a TS greater than the median TS of the bkg only simulations.

- **Catalog Analysis:**

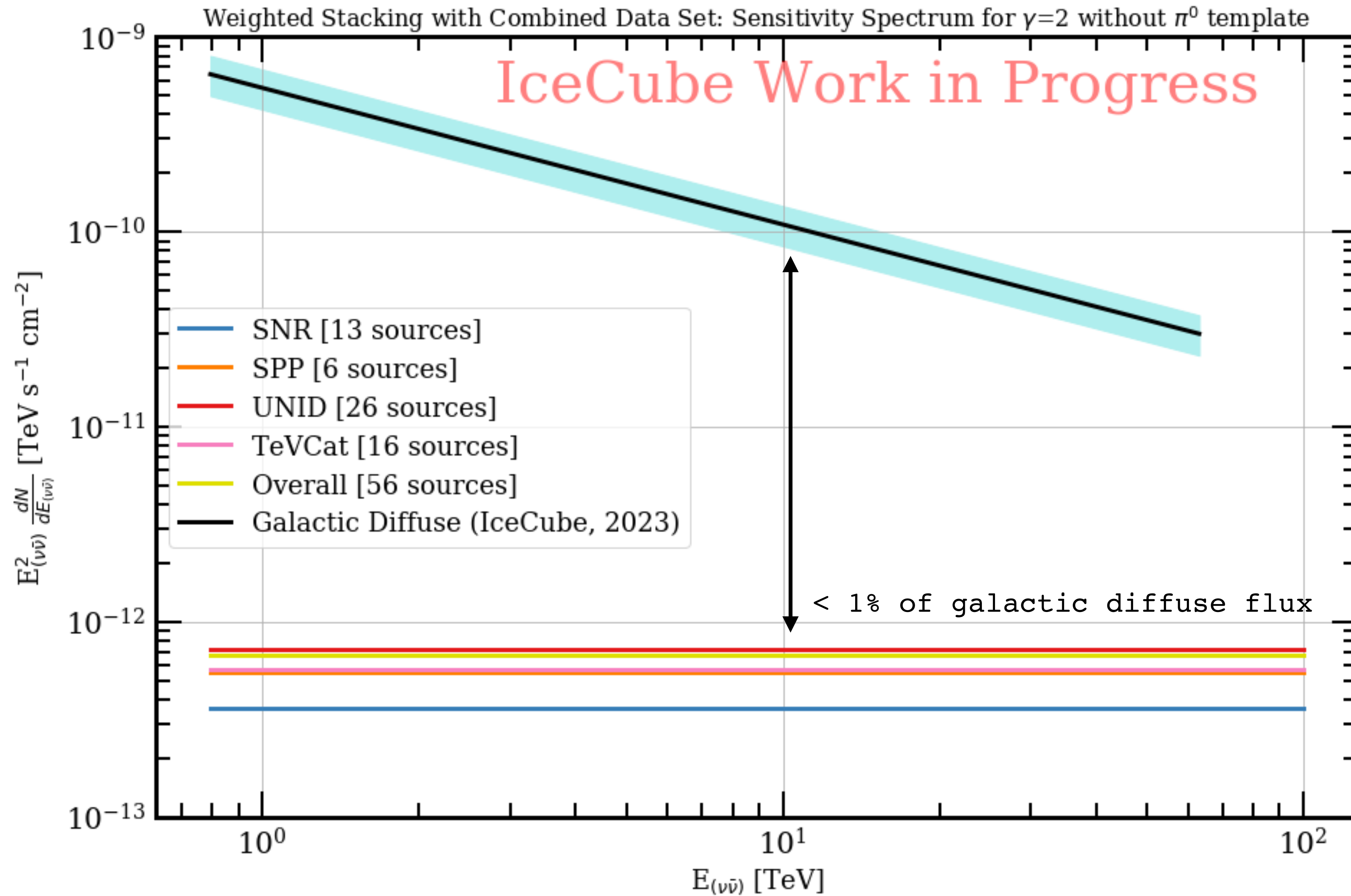
- All 56 sources
- No Fermi-LAT π^0 template
- Test sensitivity for $\gamma=2$, $\gamma=3$ and $\gamma=\gamma$ of the 4FGL source after the break

- **Stacking Analysis:**

- Source classes with no of sources > 5
- Two different approaches:
 - Fermi-LAT π^0 template (as additional background events)
 - No Fermi-LAT π^0 template (baseline)
- Weighted with respect to individual MeV flux
- Test sensitivity for $\gamma=2$, $\gamma=3$

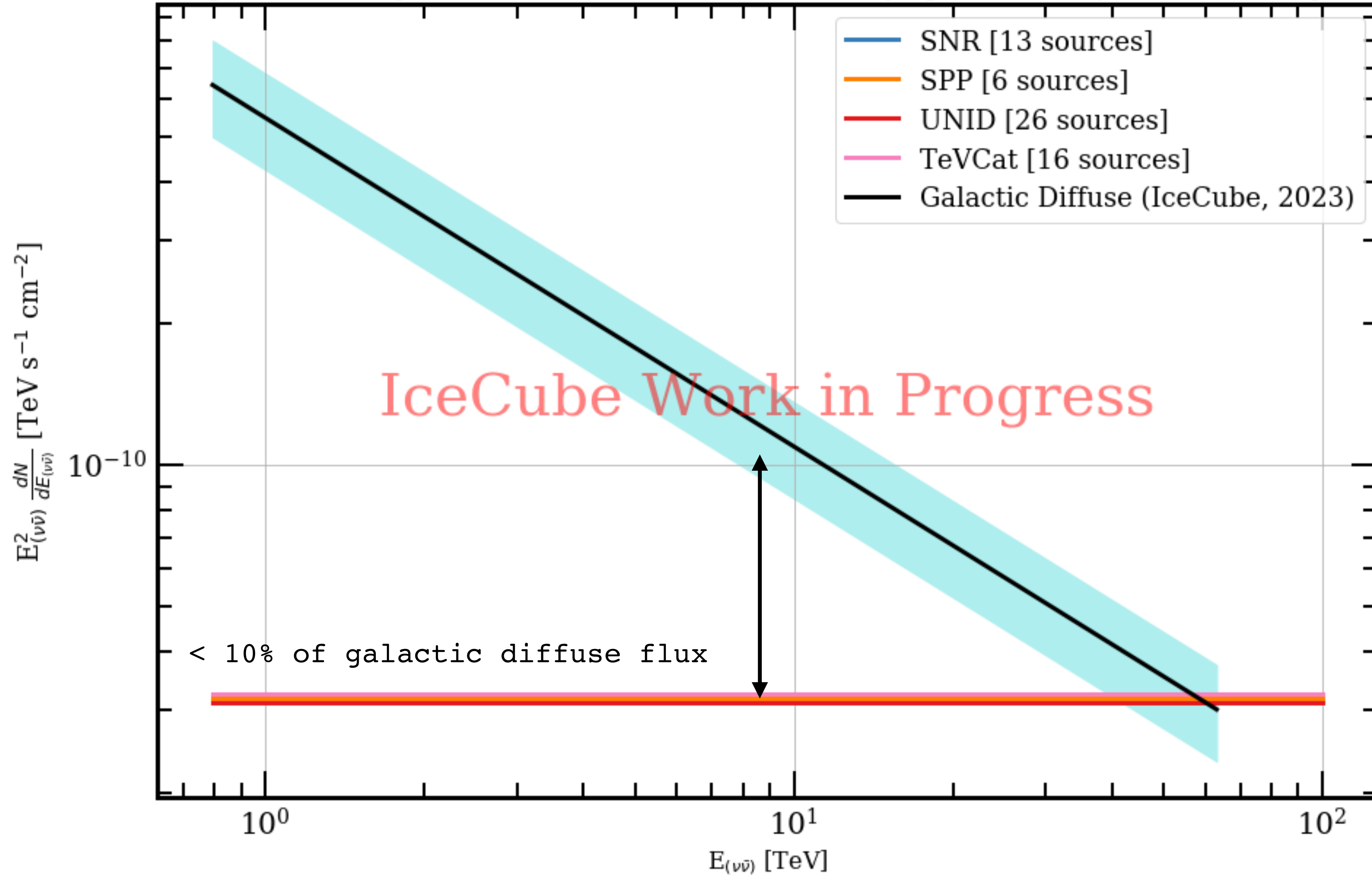


Sensitivity: Stacking Search



Sensitivity: Stacking Search

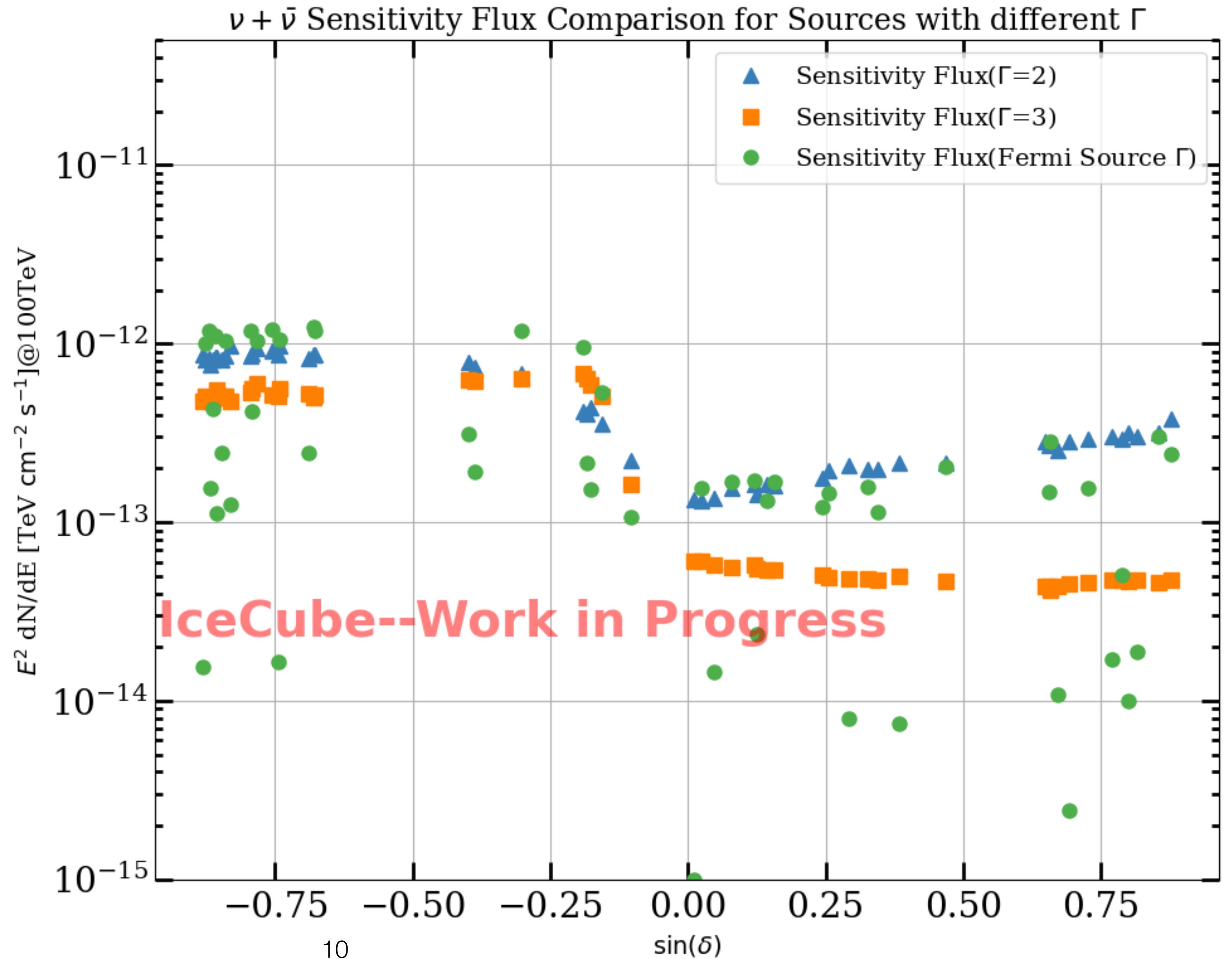
Weighted Stacking with Combined Data Set: Sensitivity Spectrum for $\gamma=2$ with π^0 template



Sensitivity: Catalog Search

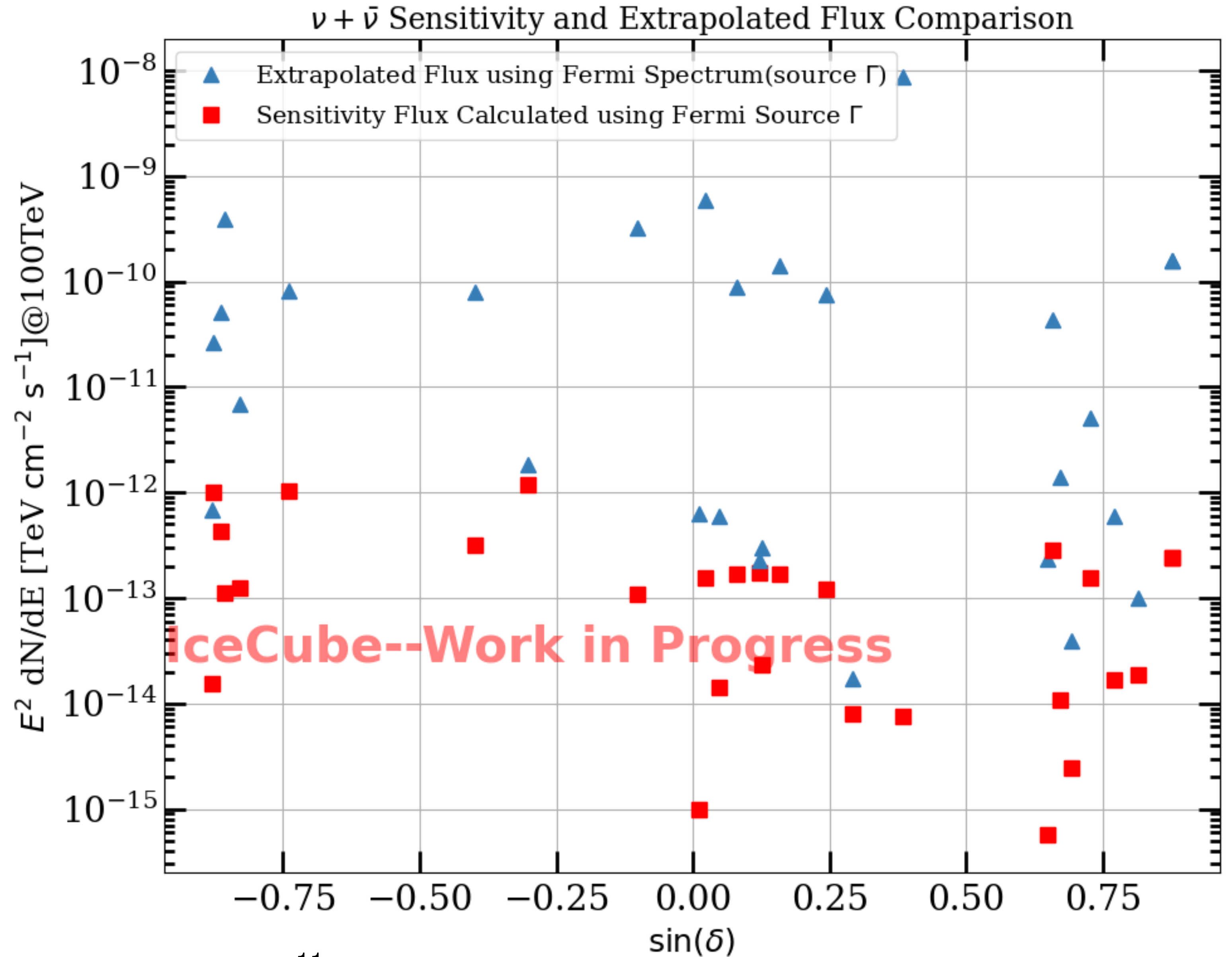
Comparison of $\nu+\bar{\nu}$ all-flavor
Sensitivity Spectra for all
56 sources with different
indices
at 100 TeV

Fermi spectral indices
 $1.75 < \gamma < 4.68$



Sensitivity: Catalog Search

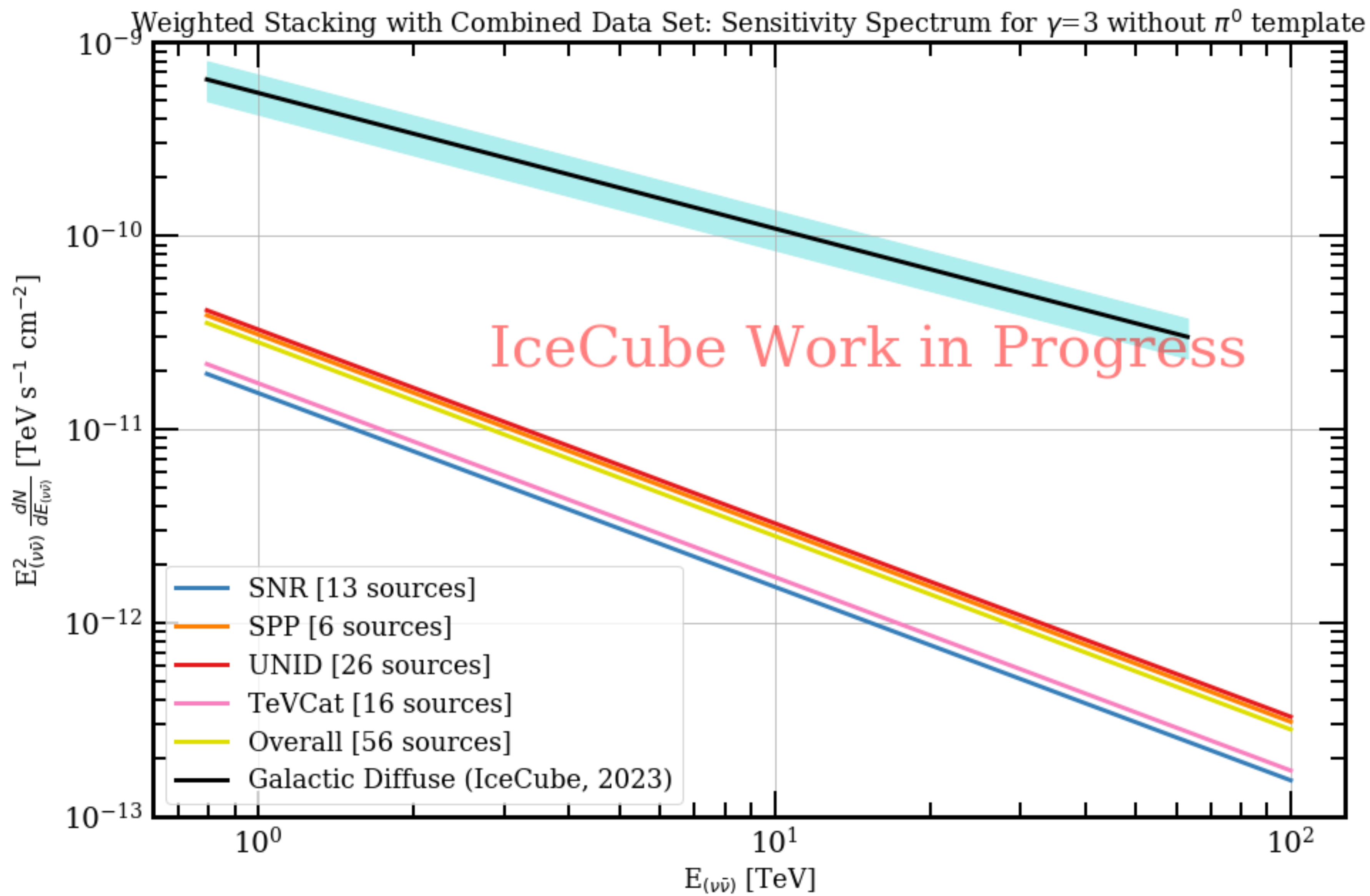
- Calculate predicted neutrino flux by extrapolating the MeV γ -ray flux to 100 TeV with simple power-law
- Predicted flux for 29 out of 56 sources falls below the sensitivity
- Compare the Sensitivity Spectra for 27 sources



Summary and Outlook

- Sources showing the characteristic pion bump signature can be explored for potential hadronic activity.
- Probe GeV–TeV γ -ray obscured sources
- Performed initial sensitivity studies on scrambled data
 - Stacking search
 - Catalog search
- Using 10 years of IceCube data, the contribution from these sources could be constrained to less than 10% of the galactic diffuse flux
- Next steps: determine sensitive energy ranges, handle source confusion.
- Work in progress. Stay Tuned!

Back up



Weighted Stacking with Combined Data Set: Sensitivity Spectrum for $\gamma=3$ with π^0 template

