



GLAST Observatory Status

SWG February '03

John Deily GLAST Systems Manager February 10, 2003



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GLAST Mission Overview







SPACECRAFT BLOCK DIAGRAM







SRD Table 3 (1 of 3)



| ļ | Quantity | GLAST Requirement 1 | GLAST Goal 1 | GLAST Minimum 1 | Current Performance Estimate |
|----|---|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| 28 | Mission Lifetime (<20% degradation) 2 | > 5 years | > 10 years | > 3 years | Spacecraft P _s = .907 (@ 5 yrs) |
| 29 | Telemetry Downlink Orbit Average | > 300 kbps | > 1 Mbps | > 300 kbps | Observatory and ground system designed to handle twice requirement. Limited by number of downlinks. |
| 30 | Telemetry Downlink Realtime 3 | > 1 kbps | > 2 kbps | > 0.5 kbps | 32 kbps thru GN, 1kbps thru TDRSS |
| 31 | Telemetry Uplink Realtime 3 | > 1 kbps | > 2 kbps | > 0.5 kbps | 2 kbps thru GN, 4 kbps thru TDRSS |
| 32 | Time to Respond to TOO's on Ground 4 | < 6 hours | < 4 hours | < 12 hours | Comply |



SRD Table 3 (2 of 3)



| 33 | Spacecraft Repointing Times for Autonomous Slews 5 | < 10 min | < 5 min | NA | 4.9 min for 75 deg slew with 4 reaction wheels |
|----|--|---|------------|-------------|--|
| 34 | GRB Notification Time to Ground by Spacecraft 6 | < 7 sec | < 4 sec | < 10 sec | Allocation: 1 sec for spacecraft, 5 sec for Space-Ground network, 1 sec for GN |
| 35 | Pointing Accuracy Absolute 7 | < 2º | < 0.5° | < 5º | 0.32 deg for 3-axes control |
| 36 | Pointing Knowledge 7 | < 10 arcsec | < 5 arcsec | < 20 arcsec | Allocation: Spacecraft 6 arc-sec - analytic performance pre-PDR is 2.9 |
| 37 | Observing Modes | Rocking zenith pointing Pointed mode 8 | ! | ! | Spacecraft operating modes comply |
| 38 | Targeting | No restrictions on pointing of axis normal to LAT | ! | ! | Comply; Spectrum X- band antenna allows un-interrupted science during downlinks |
| 39 | Uniformity of Sky Coverage during Scanning 9 | < ± 20% | < ± 10% | < ± 30% | Comply |



SRD Table 3 (3 of 3)



| 40 | Observatory Absolute Time Accuracy 10 | < 10 μsec | < 3 µsec | < 30 µsec | 0.5 µsec |
|----|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 41 | Observatory Absolute Position Accuracy | < 3.3 km | < 1 km | < 10 km | 1 km from on-board GPS receivers |
| 42 | Observing Efficiency 11 | > 90 % | > 95% | > 80% | Comply |
| 43 | Data Loss 12 | < 2 % | < 1% | < 5% | Comply |
| 44 | Data Corruption 13 | < 10 ⁻¹⁰ | < 3 x 10 ⁻¹¹ | < 3 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ | Comply |



NOTES from SRD Table 3



| 1 Proje | Requirement = value to design to; Goal = value to strive for to enhance science; Minimum = value that if not satisfied triggers a lect review. | | |
|------------|--|--|--|
| 2 | 20% degradation = no more than 20% loss of LAT science return. | | |
| 3 | Uplink telemetry rate for at least 80% of time outside of SAA. | | |
| 4 (TOC | Response time for the MOC to uplink a spacecraft repointing after the decision is made to respond to a Target of Opportunity | | |
| 5 | Time for 75 ⁰ slew. | | |
| 6 com | Time from spacecraft receipt of GRB notification from GBM or LAT to delivery to the Gamma-ray Coordinates Network (GCN) nputer for 80% of all GRBs detected by the GBM or LAT. | | |
| 7 | 1 sigma radius. | | |
| 8 | Pointing of axis normal to LAT to within 30 ⁰ of source. (No science constraint on roll axis.). | | |
| 9 | Sky coverage exposure uniformity integrating for 7 days, not including SAA effects. | | |
| 10 | Relative to Universal Time, 1 sigma r.m.s | | |
| 11 | Fraction of time with data return, not including SAA effects. | | |
| 12 deac | Fraction of data taken by the instruments but not delivered to the IOC. Not including SAA data loss. Not including instrument dtime. | | |
| 13 | Fraction of undetected corrupted events. | | |



Progress on Instrument to Spacecraft Interfaces



LAT

- Power feed
 - SIU, DAQ, and VCHP reservoir heater feeds regulated (28±1 Vdc)
 - Grid and VCHP antifreeze heater feeds unregulated (25 to 35 Vdc)
- LVDS for science data, 1 PPS, burst alert signal from GBM, and discrete command signals
- Mechanical interface will be at the four stiffening wings which have been added to the bottom of the grid
- Solar array thermal properties have been communicated to SLAC/Lockheed for incorporation in radiator heater design

GBM

- Reorientation of Nal detectors as requested by MSFC
- Unregulated power feed (25 to 35 Vdc)
- LVDS for 1 PPS and burst alert signal to LAT
- Alignment references to be provided on detectors
- DPU is cross strapped to S/C C&DH for science data, timing, and 1553

Both

- 1 PPS drift less than 1 _s over 100 s in event of GPS outage
- Single SSR partition for interleaved LAT and GBM science data
- 1553 bus protocol



Open Areas on Instrument to Spacecraft Interfaces



LAT

- Spacecraft current and voltage monitors on LAT power feeds
- Mechanical interface details and alignment references

GBM

- Detector radiator orientations
- Conditioning of GBM power box voltage monitors

Both

- Harnessing and electrical connector details
- Spacecraft response to instrument monitors

ICDs development is on schedule for 4/25/03 baselining





Since the last SWG....

- Mission Ops Center @ GSFC with Swift-like development by Omitron
- Engineering emphasis on Spacecraft/Instrument Interfaces; ICD development on schedule for PDR baselining
- Received approval for 20 MHz bandwidth utilization for X-band science downlink
- Requirements developed with Spectrum to enhance redundancy of Spacecraft bus; Spectrum developing preliminary design details with Proposal to be submitted by March 1
- Increased Solid State Recorder size from 64 to 96 Gbits
- Baselined Project Master Schedule integrating Spacecraft, LAT, & GBM





Issues

- ASI Funding for Malindi Ground Station
- Finalization of Spacecraft architecture

Just Ahead.....a challenging Spring '03 schedule

- Spacecraft PDR April 8-11
- LAT CDR April 29-May 2
- Mission PDR Late May