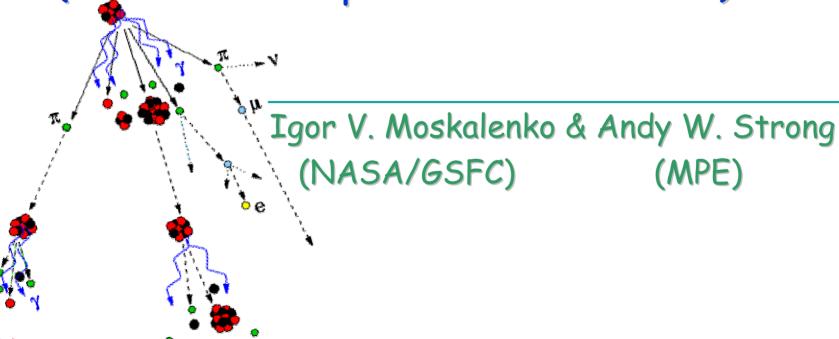
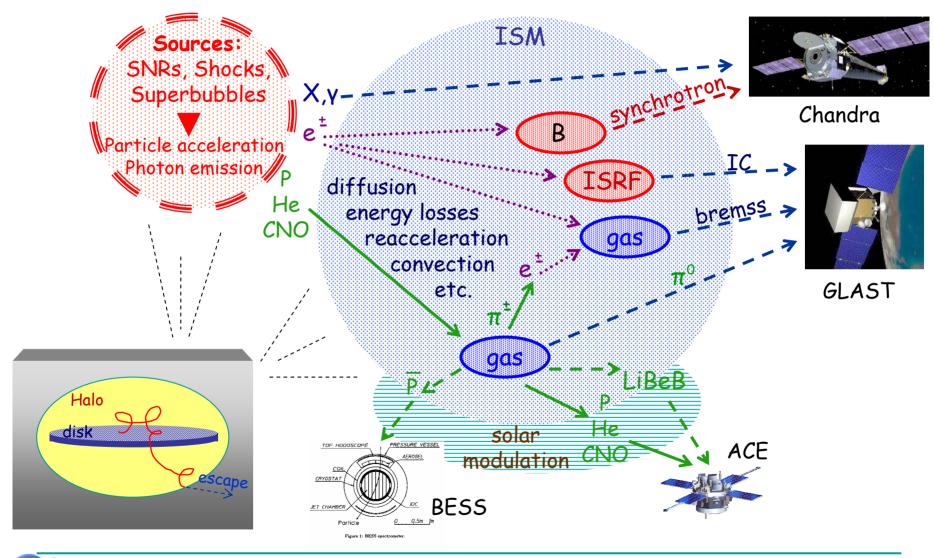
GALPROP: A <u>Physical</u> Model of the Galactic Diffuse Gamma Ray Emission (recent developments and results)



Processes in the ISM





Probes of CR propagation

Nuclei:

- > Stable secondaries: Diffusion coefficient
- > Radioactive secondaries: Effective CR volume
- > K capture isotopes: Diffusive reacceleration

Protons:

- \triangleright Gamma rays: Direct probe of the spectrum (π^0)
 - Unknown part is produced by e (bremss, IC), and point sources
- > Secondary antiprotons
 - + Can be calculated accurately
 - + Unique spectrum
- > Secondary positrons
 - Possible primary sources
 - Large energy losses

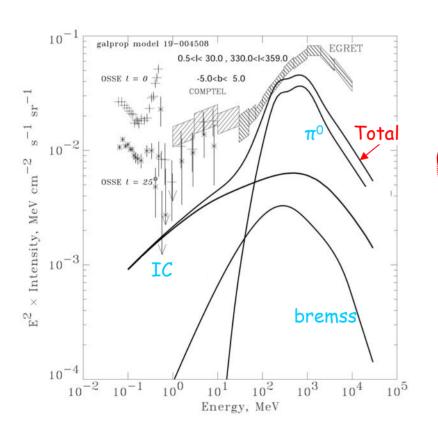
Electrons:

- > Gamma rays: Direct probe of the spectrum (bremss, IC)
 - Unknown interstellar radiation field
 - Injection spectrum may be different from that of nucleons
 - Large energy losses
- > Synchrotron emission



Diffuse Galactic gamma ray emission

Conventional model: local proton & electron spectra



Possible reasons for discrepancy:

- > Harder nucleon spectrum and/or
- Harder electron spectrum
 - In the ISM and/or near the sources
 - > Unresolved sources
 - > ...



GALPROP model

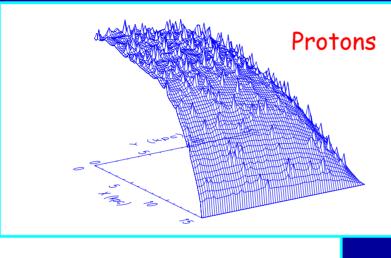
Try to be as much realistic as possible:

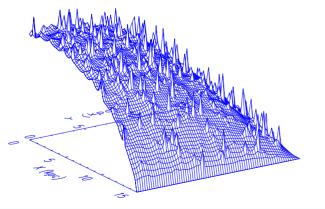
- √ 3D or 2D (cylindrical) geometry
- ✓ 2D (cyl) Galactic gas distribution: H₂, HI, HII
- ✓ 2D (cyl) radiation fields: stars, dust, CMB
- ✓ Diffusion, reacceleration, convection...
- ✓ Energy losses: ionization, Coulomb, bremss, Compton, synchrotron
- ✓ Nuclei H-Ni, antiprotons, electrons, positrons
- ✓ Nuclear reaction network + cross sections (best to date)
- ✓ Radioactive decay, electron capture, and stripping
- ✓ Explicit time-dependence with stochastic and known SN events in 3D mode
- ✓ Gamma rays (neutral pions, IC, bremss), synchrotron
- ✓ Generation of gamma-ray skymaps (FITS format)
- ✓ <u>Implemented in C++</u>

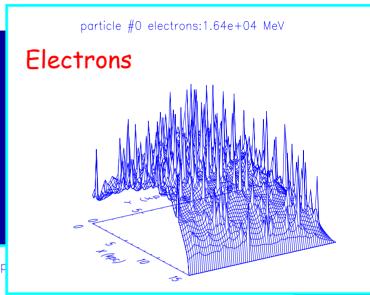


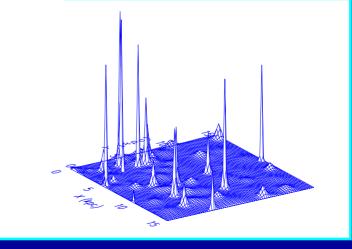
Particle sources in 3D

Protons and electrons:











Recent developments

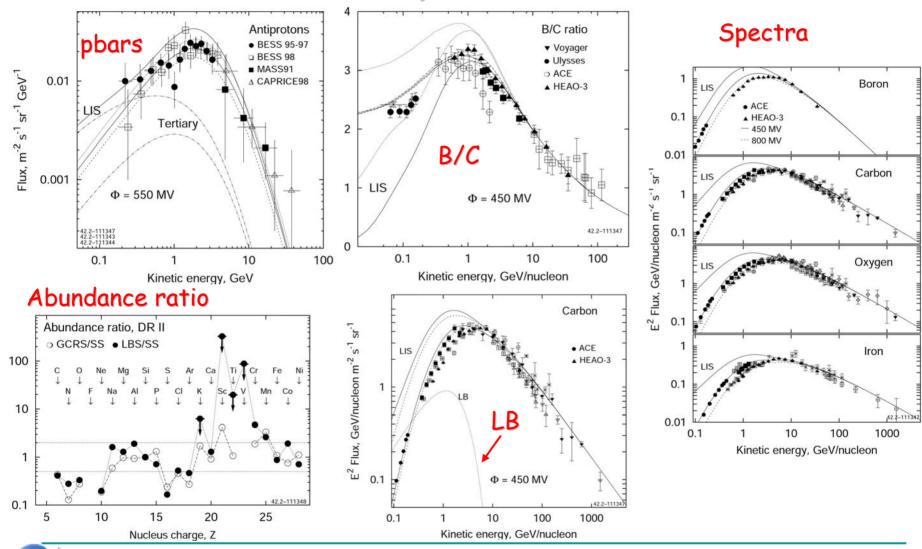
Nucleons:

- More accurate nuclear cross sections (LANL database + modern nuc-codes)
- More accurate CR data (ACE, Ulysses), pbars (BESS), p, He (BESS, AMS)
- More restrictions on propagation models (pbars vs. nucleons), new ideas:
 - + Local Bubble contribution
 - + Damping of interstellar turbulence on small scale
 - + ...

Influences propagation (diffusion coefficient etc.)



Recent developments/nucleons





Recent developments

Gammas:

- > Full 3D geometry
- > Optional explicit time-dependence with stochastic SN events
- Fenerates gamma-ray skymaps as a function of energy (FITS format) using the computed CR distribution and gas survey data (by S.Digel)
- ➤ Visualization tool (started) using the classes of CERN ROOT package (images, profiles, and spectra from GALPROP to be directly compared with data)

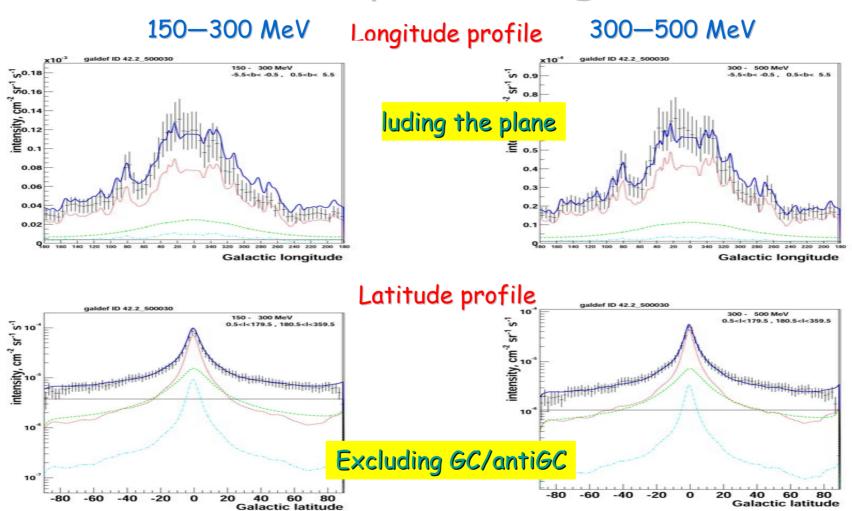
New analysis:

- > Point sources (3EG catalogue) removed (O.Reimer) little effect
- > Predicted skymaps convolved with EGRET PS-function
- > Excludes the Galactic plane better defined EG background
- > Based on a model of CR propagation (consistent with CR data).
 [Hunter et al. (1997) approach CR-acs coupling a small TC company

[Hunter et al. (1997) approach - CR-gas coupling, a small IC component]



Recent developments/gammas

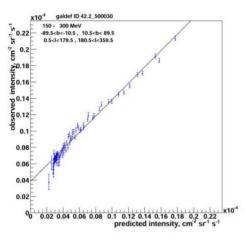


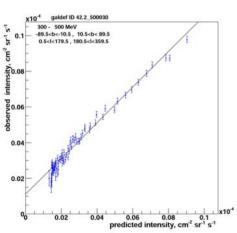


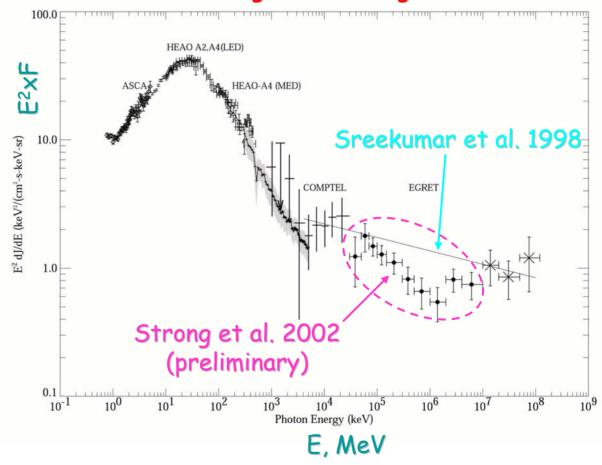
Recent developments/gammas

Predicted vs. observed

Extragalactic background









More developments to come...

- +Integrated research tool for the study of diffuse gamma rays...
- +Work on user friendly plotting interface...
- +New interstellar radiation field...
- +New gas distribution...
- **+**...



Conclusion

Many things to test with GLAST:

- > GeV excess (confirm?)
- > Diffuse emission @ HE tests of models
- > Extragalactic emission (not the last word yet)
- > Dark matter signals (& test vs. CR data)
- > ...

GALPROP - a ready instrument to play before/after the GLAST launch:

- + Only physical model of the Galactic diffuse emission
- + Available from the authors @ http://www.gamma.mpe-garching.mpg.de/~aws/aws.html

