



FSSC Science Tools

for Cycle 2

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Science Tools: Summary Collaborative effort: FSSC, LAT & GBM Team

- Is released as an FTOOLS package
 - Adherence to broader HEASARC standards
 - *"Atomic" executables, FITS i/o, IRAF style param files*
 - Scriptable, with GUI implementation
 - Existing tools used when possible and appropriate
 - e.g. FV, DS9, XSPEC

▶ GBM related tools released prior to Cycle 1 (8/08)





Science Tools: Summary cont.

- ► Full set of LAT tools prior to Cycle 2 (2/6/09)!
- LAT analysis has challenges associated w/PSF, backgrounds, scanning mode
 - Usability and viability demonstrated
 - Early mission science!
 - Data challenges (GLAST LAT collaboration)
 - Beta testing (1st: hands-on tutorial, 2nd: distribute SW & docs)



Science Analysis Tools

- Overview of capabilities
 - Maximum likelihood tool—spatial-spectral analysis of region (source detection, flux)
 - Includes background models
 - Pulsars—period analysis, blind searches
 - Includes ephemerides DB
 - Event-level observation simulator
 - enables modeling of a large variety of sources: flaring and periodic sources with spectral variability, diffuse sources, etc.
 - GRBs—temporal cuts, spectral analysis: Ftools, XSPEC

Tools and documentation are released through FSSC website



Science Tools: Flowchart



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Science Tools: Documentation

- Multi-Tier Documentation
 - Full set accompanies SW release
 - Fermi Mission Technical Handbook
 - Multiple levels:
 - Detailed analysis description ('Cicerone')
 - Individual tool descriptions (like fhelp)
 - Analysis threads (cook book examples)
 - Also, 'Crash Course' guide





Supported Platforms

Platform C	onfigure Succes	Build Success	Install Succes	Thread TestPua	sar Thread Test pa
SL 4 32bit	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
SL 5 32bit	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
SL 4 64bit	100%	100%	100%	85%	100%
SL 5 64bit	100%	100%	100%	85%	100%
OSX PPC Tiger	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
OSX Intel Tiger	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
OSX PPC Leop	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
OSX Intel Leopard	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%





Science Tools: Simulations

Science Tools include simulation tool; *gtobssim*. Proposers can simulate more realistic scenarios than with web based tools, *e.g.* multiple point sources of differing intensities, spectra including backgrounds, mono-energetic sources, pulsed or transient sources.





Science Tools: Simulations cont

<source_library_title="Example1">

```
<source name="mvsource" flux="0.005">
    <spectrum escale="MeV">
     <particle name="gamma">
       emin="30.0" emax="200000." gamma="2"/>
     </particle>
     <celestial dir ra="198" dec="67"/>
    </spectrum>
</source>
 <source name="Galactic diffuse">
   <spectrum escale="MeV">
    <SpectrumClass name="MapCube" params="18.58,GP gamma.fits"/>
    <use spectrum frame="galaxy"/>
   </spectrum>
 </source>
 <source name="Extragalactic diffuse">
  <spectrum escale="MeV">
   <SpectrumClass name="Isotropic" params="10.7, 2.1, 20., 2e5"/>
   <use spectrum frame="galaxy"/>
  </spectrum>
 </source>
</source library>
```



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Right ascension



Observation Simulation

- Simple example source model:
 - LSI +61 303, flux estimated from LAT monitored source page: http://fermi.gsfc.nasa.gov/ssc/data/access/lat/msl_lc model as a constant source even though BSL paper shows that it varies
 - PKS 2155-304, high state
 - Galactic diffuse component
 - Isotropic extragalactic diffuse (EGRET measurement)
- Could also use Bright Source List to build model: http://fermi.gsfc.nasa.gov/ssc/data/access/lat/bright_src_list
- Perform a week-long simulation



A more recent version

Observation Simulation

Define a source model in xml:

```
of the GALPROP model will be
% cat gtobssim_model.xml
<source_library title="my LSI +60 303 model">
                                                       available from the FSSC site
  <source name="GALPROP_diffuse">
    <spectrum escale="MeV">
      <SpectrumClass name="MapCube" params="12.59,</pre>
       $(FERMI_DIR)/refdata/fermi/galdiffuse/GP_gamma_v0r0p1.fits"/>
      <use_spectrum frame="galaxy"/>
                                                        Flux units for the gtobssim
    </spectrum>
  </source>
                                                        models are ph m<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>
  <source name="Extragalactic_diffuse">
    <spectrum escale="MeV">
      <SpectrumClass name="Isotropic" params="10.7, 2.1, 20., 2e5"/>
      <use_spectrum frame="galaxy"/>
    </spectrum>
  </source>
  <source flux="0.041" name="LSI_p61_303">
    <spectrum escale="MeV">
      <particle name="gamma">
        cpower_law emax="1000000.0" emin="20.0" gamma="2.1"/>
      </particle>
      <celestial_dir dec="61.2290" ra="40.1310"/>
```





Observation Simulation

```
</source>
</sources
<source flux="0.03" name="PKS_2155m304">
<spectrum escale="MeV">
<particle name="gamma">
<power_law emax="1000000.0" emin="20.0" gamma="1.81"/>
</particle>
</particle>
<celestial_dir dec="-30.226" ra="329.717"/>
</spectrum>
</source>
```

Other examples are distributed with the ScienceTools and can be found in \${FERMI_DIR}/xml/fermi/observationSim

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Running gtobssim:

% gtobssim

File of flux-style source definitions[none] xmlFiles.txt File containing list of source names[source_names.txt] Pointing history file[none] -The pointing history will Prefix for output files[test] LSI_sim be generated with Simulation time (seconds) [86400] 604800 idealized survey mode Simulation start date [2001-01-01 00:00:00] 2009-03-06 00:00:00 Apply acceptance cone?[no] Response functions[] P6_V1_DIFFUSE Random number seed [293049] 4909141 added source "GALPROP_diffuse" added source "Extragalactic_diffuse" added source "LSI_p61_303" added source "PKS_2155m304" Generating events for a simulation time of 604800 seconds....



Auxiliary files for gtobssim:

Can include multiple % cat xmlFiles.txt xml files here gtobssim_model.xml

% cat source_names.txt
Entries can ____GALPROP_diffuse
be commented Extragalactic_diffuse
out with a "#" LSI_p61_303
PKS_2155m304







Counts Maps

All-sky map created with gtbin:



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Counts Maps

Counts maps with gtbin, all-sky map example:

% gtbin This is gtbin version ScienceTools-v9r8p2-fssc-20090206 Type of output file (CCUBE|CMAP|LC|PHA1|PHA2) [PHA2] cmap Event data file name[] @evfiles event file or Output file name[] cmap_allsky.fits Spacecraft data file name[NONE] LSI_sim_scData_0000.files Size of the X axis in pixels[] 720 Size of the Y axis in pixels[] 360 Image scale (in degrees/pixel)[] 0.5 Coordinate system (CEL - celestial, GAL -galactic) (CEL|GAL) [CEL] GAL First coordinate of image center in degrees (RA or galactic 1)[] 0 Second coordinate of image center in degrees (DEC or galactic b)[] 0 Rotation angle of image axis, in degrees[0.] Projection method e.g. AIT | ARC | CAR | GLS | MER | NCP | SIN | STG | TAN: [AIT]





Counts Maps



LSI +61 303 and PKS 2155–304 regions:







Likelihood Analysis

- Unbinned and binned modes are available. I'll describe unbinned analysis.
- Several tools are needed to define the model and prepare the data
 - modeleditor: GUI for preparing the xml model definition file
 - *gtselect*: applies region-of-interest cuts sky acceptance cone, energy range (0.2 – 300 GeV), time range, zenith angles (< 105 °)
 - gtmktime: constructs good time intervals (GTIs) based on pointing information selections and zenith angle cuts



Likelihood Analysis cont.

- gtdiffrsp: pre-computes integrals over spatial distribution of diffuse sources and adds a column per source to the event file.
- gtltcube: integrates LAT livetime as a function of sky position and off-axis angle
- gtexpmap: computes Rol-specific exposure maps
- gtlike: fits model parameters using maximum likelihood
- Details of the method can be found in http://fermi.gsfc.nasa.gov/ssc/data/analysis/documentation/Cicer one



Likelihood Analysis cont.

Using the modeleditor GUI:

Add sources (point-like or diffuse) using the drop down menu

			ModelE	ditor (None)			
File Edit	Source I	Help					
	Add Source		Dur	ce Library			
source Remove Source						Source	e Type:PointSource
Add Point Source Add Diffuse Source Add EGRET Diffuse Source				/erLaw =	- File:		Browse
		е	scale	min	max	free	
		e source		1e-09	0.001	1000.0	F
			1.0	-5.0	-1.0	F	
	Add GALPROP Diffuse Source			1.0	30.0	2000.0	
	Add Extrag	jalactic Diffuse Sou	rce				
	Spatial Model Type:			SkyDirFunction 🛁 File:			Browse
		name	value	scale	min	max	free
		RA).0	1.0	0.0	360.0	
		DEC).0	1.0	-90.0	90.0	

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Likelihood Analysis cont.



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Likelihood Analysis cont.

Extract the data in the Rol: Choose an acceptance cone large enough to % gtselect characterize any sources Input FT1 file[@evfiles] Output FT1 file[lsi_filtered_3deg.fits] lsi_filtered.fits RA for new search center (degrees) (0:360) [40.131] Dec for new search center (degrees) (-90:90) [61.229] radius of new search region (degrees) (0:180) [3] 10 These defaults mean start time (MET in s) (0:) [0] -"no time selection" end time (MET in s) (0:) [0] ← lower energy limit (MeV) (0:) [200] - Effective area varies upper energy limit (MeV) (0:) [300000] strongly below 200 MeV maximum zenith angle value (degrees) (0:180) [105] Zenith angle cut to avoid Done. Earth albedo photons. Important at low energies Fermi Cycle-2 Proposat Monaphoted Magazine for Astrophysics, Feb. 13, 2009 Dave Davis. FSSC 22



Likelihood Analysis
gtmktime, gtltcube

% gtmktime
Spacecraft data file[] LSI_sim_scData_0000.fits
Filter expression[IN_SAA!=T]
Apply ROI-based zenith angle cut[yes]
Event data file[] lsi_filtered.fits
Output event file name[] lsi_filtered_zmax_roi.fits
This removes time
Intervals when the
Rol is intersected by
the zenith angle cut

% gtltcube Event data file[] lsi_filtered_zmax_roi.fits Spacecraft data file[] LSI_sim_scData_0000.fits Output file[expCube.fits] Step size in cos(theta) (0.:1.) [0.025] Pixel size (degrees)[1] Working on file LSI_sim_scData_0000.fits!

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Likelihood Analysis

gtexpmap

% gtexpmap

The exposure maps generated by this tool are meant to be used for *unbinned* likelihood analysis only. Do not use them for binned analyses. Event data file[] lsi_filtered_zmax_roi.fits Spacecraft data file[] LSI_sim_scData_0000.fits Exposure hypercube file[] expCube.fits output file name[] expMap.fits Response functions[] P6_V1_DIFFUSE Radius of the source region (in degrees)[30] 20 Number of longitude points (2:1000) [120] Number of latitude points (2:1000) [120] Number of energies (2:100) [20] Computing the ExposureMap using expCube.fits!



Likelihood Analysis

gtdiffrsp

% gtdiffrsp Event data file[] lsi_filtered_zmax_roi.fits Spacecraft data file[] LSI_sim_scData_0000.fits Source model file[] lsi_model.xml Response functions to use[] P6_V1_DIFFUSE adding source Extragalactic Diffuse adding source GalProp Diffuse Working on...



Likelihood Analysis

Finally, running gtlike:

% gtlike

Statistic to use (BINNED|UNBINNED) [UNBINNED]ThisSpacecraft file[none] LSI_sim_scData_0000.fitsfileEvent file[none] lsi_filtered_zmax_roi.fitsfileUnbinned exposure map[none] expMap.fitsmodExposure hypercube file[none] expCube.fitsmodSource model file[] lsi_model.xmlResponse functions to use[] P6_V1_DIFFUSEOptimizer (DRMNFB|NEWMINUIT|MINUIT|DRMNGB|LBFGS) [DRMNFB] NEWMINUIT

This is the xml model file created using the modeleditor GUI

<... skip some output ...>

Computing TS values for each source (3 total) ...!

Extragalactic Diffuse: Prefactor: 1.609157 +/- 1.0376564 Index: -2.1576144 +/- 0.21421358 Scale: 100 Npred: 392.94834

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GalProp Diffuse: Value: 0.99102047 +/- 0.041932682 Npred: 4577.3401

LSI +61 303:

Integral: 4.4176578 +/- 1.3154204

Index: -2.1117783 +/- 0.097404512

LowerLimit: 20

UpperLimit: 200000

Npred: 228.61496

ROI distance: 0

TS value: 306.72589

WARNING: Fit may be bad in range [399.052, 796.214] (MeV) WARNING: Fit may be bad in range [2244.04, 3169.79] (MeV)

Total number of observed counts: 5207 Total number of model events: 5198.9034

-log(Likelihood): 52165.72877

Warning messages based on Poisson probability of observed counts given the model prediction in these bands

Elapsed CPU time: 33.91

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The Test Statistic (TS) is distributed as χ^2 for n dof. For a power law model TS = 25 is roughly 5 σ





Xspec Analysis

PKS 2155–304, an HBL, with b = –52.2° (so the diffuse component is fairly flat).

Extract source and background regions using

gtselect:







Xspec Analysis

- Run gtbin to create on-source and background pha files, gtrspgen to generate response matrix.
- Use grppha ftool to set background file and background file scaling (ratio of solid angles).
- Run Xspec as usual (statistic cstat).



Xspec Analysis

► gtselect: 2 deg cone centered on PKS 2155–304

% gtselect Input FT1 file[] @evfiles Output FT1 file[] pks2155_filtered.fits RA for new search center (degrees) (0:360) [0] 329.717 Dec for new search center (degrees) (-90:90) [0] -30.226 radius of new search region (degrees) (0:180) [180] 2 start time (MET in s) (0:) [0] end time (MET in s) (0:) [0] lower energy limit (MeV) (0:) [30] 200 upper energy limit (MeV) (0:) [300000] maximum zenith angle value (degrees) (0:180) [180] 105 Done.



Xspec Analysis

gtselect on background region:

```
% gtselect
Input FT1 file[@evfiles]
Output FT1 file[pks2155_filtered.fits] pks2155_bg.fits
RA for new search center (degrees) (0:360) [329.717] 322
Dec for new search center (degrees) (-90:90) [-30.226] -23
radius of new search region (degrees) (0:180) [2] 7
start time (MET in s) (0:) [0]
end time (MET in s) (0:) [0]
lower energy limit (MeV) (0:) [200]
upper energy limit (MeV) (0:) [300000]
maximum zenith angle value (degrees) (0:180) [105]
Done.
```



Xspec Analysis

gtbin to create pha file (same for source and bg)
% gtbin
This is gtbin version v2r1p2
Type of output file (CCUBE|CMAP|LC|PHA1|PHA2) [PHA2] pha1
Event data file name[] pks2155_filtered.fits
Output file name[] pks2155.pha
Spacecraft data file name[NONE] LSI_sim_scData_0000.fits
Algorithm for defining energy bins (FILE|LIN|LOG) [LOG]
Start value for first energy bin in MeV[30] 200
Stop value for last energy bin in MeV[200000] 3e5
Number of logarithmically uniform energy bins[] 15



Xspec Analysis

► gtrspgen

% gtrspgen This is gtrspgen version HEAD Response calculation method (GRB|PS) [GRB] ps There is effective Spectrum file name[] pks2155.pha area at off-axis Spacecraft data file name[] LSI_sim_scData_0000.fits angles > 60° , so Output file name[] pks2155.rsp override default Cutoff angle for binning SC pointings (degrees)[60.] 90 Size of bins for binning SC pointings (cos(theta))[.05] Response function to use, Handoff|DC2|DC2A|DC2FA|DC2FA|DC2FB etc[Handoff] P6_V1_DIFF Algorithm for defining true energy bins (FILE|LIN|LOG) [LOG] Start value for first energy bin in MeV[30.] 20 energy range should Stop value for last energy bin in MeV[200000.] 5e5 be larger than data Number of logarithmically uniform energy bins[100] selection

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